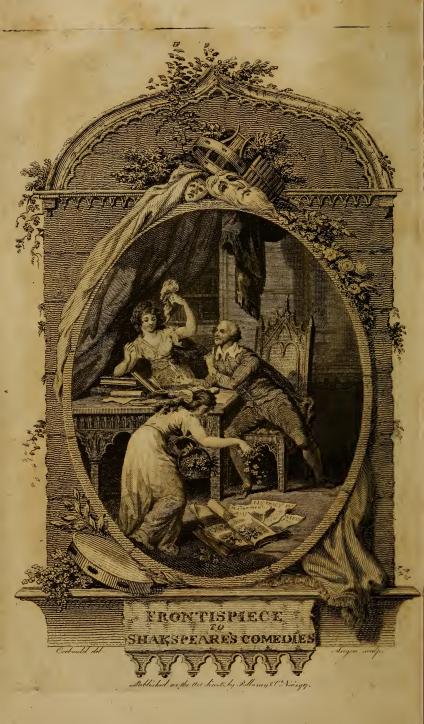


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Published as the Act directs , by Siellany & Roberts , Jan J. s. og 82.







Engraved by W. & I. Walker.

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## P L A Y S

OF

# William Shakspeare,

COMPLETE,
IN EIGHT VOLUMES.

#### VOLUME I.

CONTAINING

THE LIFE OF SHAKSPEARE,
AS YOU LIKE IT,
TEMPEST,
WINTER'S TALE,
TWO GENTLEMEN OF VERONA,

THE ENGRAVINGS TO THIS VOLUME ARE,

A HEAD OF SHAKSPEARE, TWO SCENES TO EACH PLAY,

AND TWO ALLEGORIES.

#### ALLEGORIES.

1. THE COMIC MUSE DICTATING TO SHAKSPEARE, AND FANCY
STREWING FLOWERS OVER HIS PRODUCTIONS.
2. SHAKSPEARE'S COMIC CHARACTERS PERSONIFIED BY INFANTS.

#### LONDON:

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# LIFE

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WILLIAM SHAKSPEARE.



THE

## LIFE

OF

### WILLIAM SHAKSPEARE.

WO centuries have past, and the third is journeying on, fince light and life was given to a genius whose course, although confined considerably within the scriptural term of mortal existence, was marked with a brilliancy which will retain its lustre so long as nature shall charm, sense shall refine, and feeling shall engage the heart which dwells, with sondness on the excellencies of mortal composition.

To err is human, and thanks to the numerous penswhich have been employed on the merits and

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defects of WILLIAM SHAKSPEARE, the latter have been fully fet forth to public view. But of the former, like a rich mine whose stores are unexhaustable, many veins yet remain untouched, and which is still left to be explored by future critics. WILLIAM SHAKSPEARE, upon whose labours we have formed EIGHT VOLUMES, unclogged with interruptions, ungrateful to those who read him " for himself alone," was born in the year 1564; his father, Mr. John Shakspeare, was a dealer in wool, and in his way a man of eminence. The profits arising from his business, however, were not found to be more than adequate to the fupport of ten children, of which our WILLIAM was the eldest. It was the desire of his father to bestow on his first-born a liberal education, but what his wishes aimed at, his fortune denied: as a prudent man therefore he led his fon's studies to the sheep's fleecy produce, rather than to the mysteries of the scholar's page.

It is not to be supposed that a mind, fraught with the golden stores of imagination, would suffer itself to be long involved in the mists of ignorance. Books and men became in their turns the objects of his attention, and without entering into the

too much trodden path of conjecture, to what degree of learning he might have attained, it is fully evident from the noble monument he has raifed, to illustrate and dignify his memory, that he was more indebted to the endowments of nature, than to the acquisitions of art.

"I cannot affirm, (fays Theobald) with any certainty, how long his father lived; but I take him to be the fame Mr. John Shakspeare who was living in the year 1599, and who then, in honour of his fon, took out an extract of his family-arms from the herald's office; by which it appears, that he had been officer and bailiff of Stratford-upon-Avon, in Warwickshire; and that he enjoyed some hereditary lands and tenements, the reward of his great grandfather's faithful and approved service to king Henry VII.

"Be this as it will, our Shakspeare, it seems, was bred for some time at a free-school; the very free-school, I presume, founded at Stratsford: where, we are told, he acquired what Latin he was master of: but that his father being obliged, through narrowness of circumstance, to withdraw him too soon from thence, he was thereby unhap-

A 3 pily

pily prevented from making any proficiency in the dead languages.

"How long he continued in his father's way of business, either as an affistant to him, or on his own proper account, no notices are left to inform us: nor have I been able to learn precisely at what period of life he quitted his native Stratford, and began his acquaintance with London and the STAGE.

"Whether the force of inclination merely, or fome concurring circumstances of convenience in the match, prompted him to marry so early, is not easy to be determined at this distance; but, it is probable, a view of interest might partly sway his conduct in this point: for he married the daughter of one Hathaway, a substantial yeoman in his neighbourhood, and she had the start of him in age no less than eight years. She survived him, notwithstanding, seven seasons, and died that very year in which the players published the first edition of his works in folio, Anno Dom. 1623, at the age of 67 years, as we likewise learn from her monument in Stratford church.

" How long he continued in this kind of fettlement, upon his own native spot, is not more easily to be determined. But if the tradition be true, of that extravagance which forced him both to quit his country and way of living, to wit, his being engaged, with a knot of young deer-stealers, to rob the park of Sir Thomas Lucy, of Cherlecot, near Stratford, the enterprize favours fo much of youth and levity, we may reasonably suppose it was before he could write full man. Besides, confidering he has left us fix-and-thirty plays at least, avowed to be genuine; and confidering too that he had retired from the stage, to spend the latter part of his days at his own native Stratford; the interval of time necessarily required for the finishing fo many dramatick pieces, obliges us to suppose he threw himself very early upon the playhouse. And as he could, probably, contract no acquaintance with the drama, while he was driving on the affair of wool at home; some time must be loft, even after he had commenced player, before he could attain knowledge enough in the science to qualify himself for turning author.

"It has been observed by Mr. Rowe, that, amongst other extravagances, which our author has given to his Sir John Falstaff, in The Merry Wives

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of Windsor, he has made him a deer-stealer; and, that he might at the same time remember his Warwickshire prosecutor, under the name of Justice Shallow, he has given him very near the fame coat of arms, which Dugdale, in his Antiquities of that county, describes for a family there. There are two coats, I observe, in Dugdale, where three filver fishes are borne in the name of Lucy; and another coat to the monument of Lucy, fon of Sir William Lucy, in which are quartered, in four feveral divisions, twelve little fishes, three in each division, probably Lices. This very coat, indeed, feems alluded to in Shallow's giving the dozen white Luces, and in Slender faying he may quarter. When I confider the exceeding candour and goodnature of our author (which inclined all the gentler part of the world to love him, as the power of his wit obliged the men of the most delicate knowledge and polite learning to admire him); and that he should throw this humorous piece of satire at his profecutor, at least twenty years after the provocation given; I am confidently perfuaded it must be owing to an unforgiving rancour on the profecutor's fide: and, if this was the case, it were pity but the difgrace of such an inveteracy should remain as a lasting reproach, and Shallow

fland as a mark of ridicule to fligmatize his malice.

" It is faid, our author spent some years before his death in ease, retirement, and the conversation of his friends, at his native Stratford. I could never pick up any certain intelligence, when he relinquished the stage. I know it has been mistakenly thought by fome, that Spenfer's Thalia, in his Tears of his Muses, where she laments the loss of her Willy, in the comick scene, has been applied to our author's quitting the stage. But Spenfer himself, it is well known quitted the stage of life in the year 1598; and, five years after this, we find Shakspeare's name among the actors in Ben Jonson's Sejanus, which first made its appearance in the year 1603. Nor, furely, could he then have any thoughts of retiring, fince that very year a licence under the privy-feal was granted by King James I. to him and Fletcher, Burbage, Phillippes, Heminge, Condell, &c. authorizing them to exercise the art of playing comedies, tragedies, &c. as well at their usual house called The Globe, on the other fide of the water, as in any other parts of the kingdom, during his majesty's pleasure (a copy of which license is preserved in Ryder's Fadera.) Again, it is certain, that SHAKSPEARE did not exhibit his Macbeth till after the Union was brought about, and till after King James I. had begun to touch for the evil; for, it is plain, he has inserted compliments on both those accounts, upon his royal master in that tragedy. Nor, indeed, could the number of the dramatick pieces, he produced, admit of his retiring near fo early as that period. So that what Spenfer there fays, if it relates at all to Shakspeare, must hint at some occasional recess he made for a time upon a difgust taken: or the Willy there mentioned, must relate to some other favourite poet. I believe, we may fafely determine, that he had not quitted in the year 1610. For, in his Tempest, our author makes mention of the Bermuda islands, which were unknown to the English, till, in 1609, Sir John Summers made a voyage to North-America, and discovered them, and afterwards invited some of his countrymen to fettle a plantation there. That he became the private gentleman, at least three years before his decease, is pretty obvious from another circumstance: I mean, from that remarkable and wellknown story, which Mr. Rowe has given us of our author's intimacy with Mr. John Combe, an old gentleman noted thereabouts for his wealth

and usury; and upon whom SHAKSPEARE made the following facetious epitaph:

Ten in the hundred lies here ingrav'd,
'Tis a hundred to ten his foul is not fav'd;
If any man ask, who lies in this tomb,
Oh! oh! quoth the devil, 'tis my John-a-Combe.

"This farcastical piece of wit was, at the gentleman's own request, thrown out extemporally in his company. And this Mr. John Combe I take to be the same, who, by Dugdale in his Antiquities of Warwickshire, is said to have died in the year 1614,\* and for whom, at the upper end of the choir of the Guild of the Holy Cross at Stratford, a fair monument is erected, having a statue thereon cut in alabaster, and in a gown, with this epitaph. "Here lieth interred the body of John Combe, Esq. who died the 10th of July, 1614, who bequeathed several annual charities to the parish of Stratford, and 100l. to be lent to sifteen poor tradesmen from three years to three years, changing the parties every third

<sup>\*</sup> By Mr. Combe's Will, which is now in the Prerogative-Office in London, Shakspeare had a legacy of five pounds bequeathed to him. This Will is without any date.

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" year, at the rate of fifty shillings per annum, the increase to be distributed to the alms-poor there."—The donation has all the air of a rich and sagacious usurer.

"SHAKSPERE himselfdid not survive Mr. Combe long, for he died in the year 1616, on his birth day. He lies buried on the north side of the chancel in the great church at Stratsord; where a monument, decent enough for the time, is erected to him, and placed against the wall. He is represented under an arch in a sitting posture, a cushion spread before him, with a pen in his right hand, and his lest rested on a scroll of paper. The Latin distich, which is placed under the cushion, has been given us by Mr. Pope, or his graver, in this manner:

INGENIO Pylium, genio Socratem, arte Maronem, Terra tegit, populus mæret, Olympus kabet.

"I consess, I do not conceive the difference betwixt ingenio and genio in the first verse. They seem to me entirely synonymous terms; nor was the Pylian sage, Nestor, celebrated for his ingenuity, but for an experience and judgment ow-

ing to his long age. Dugdale, in his Antiquities of Warwickshire, has copied this distich with a distinction which Mr. Rowe has followed, and which certainly restores us the true meaning of the epitaph:

JUDICIO Pylium, genio Socratem\*, &c.

- "In 1614, the greatest part of the town of Stratford was confumed by fire; but our Shakspeare's house,
- \* The first fyllable in Socratem is here made short, which cannot be allowed. Perhaps we should read Sopboclem. Shakspeare is then appositely compared with a dramatick author among the ancients: but still it should be remembered that the elogium is lessoned while the metre is reformed; and it is well known that some of our early writers of Latin poetry were uncommonly negligent in their prosody, especially in proper names. The thought of this distich, as Mr. Tollet observes, might have been taken from the Fairy Queene of Spenser, b. ii. c. 9. st. 48, and c. 10. st. 3.

To this Latin inscription on Shakspeare should be added the lines which are found underneath it on his monument:

Stay, passenger, why dost thou go so fast?
Read, if thou canst, whom envious death hath plac'd Within this monument; Shakspeare, with whom Quick nature dy'd, whose name doth deck the tomb Far more than cost; since all that he hath writ Leaves living art but page to serve his wit.

house, among some others, escaped the flames. This house was first built by Sir Hugh Clopton, a younger brother of an ancient family in that neighbourhood, who took their name from the manor of Clopton. Sir Hugh was Sheriff of London in the reign of Richard III. and lordmayor in the reign of king Henry VII. To this gentleman the town of Stratford is indebted for the fine stone-bridge, confisting of fourteen arches, which, at an extraordinary expence, he built over the Avon, together with a causeway running at the west-end thereof; as also for rebuilding the chapel adjoining to his house, and the cross-aile in the church there. It is remarkable of him, that though he lived and died a bachelor, among the other extensive charities which he left both to the city of London and town of Stratford, he bequeathed confiderable

Again, near the wall on which this monument is erected, is a plain free-stone, under which his body is buried, with another epitaph, expressed in an uncouth mixture of small and capital letters:

Good friend for Iesus SAKE forbeare To digg T-E Dust EncloAsed HERe Blese be T-E Man T spares TEs Stones And curst be He T moves my bones. legacies for the marriage of poor maidens of good name and fame both in London and at Notwithstanding which large dona-Stratford. tions in his life, and bequest at his death, as he had purchased the manor of Clopton, and all the state of the family, so he left the same again to his elder brother's fon, with a very great addition (a proof how well beneficence and œconomy may walk hand in hand in wife families:) good part of which estate is yet in the possesfion of Edward Clopton, Efq. and Sir Hugh Clopton, knt. lineally descended from the elder brother of the first Sir Hugh, who particularly bequeathed to his nephew, by his will, his house. by the name of his Great House in Stratford.

"The estate had now been soldout of the Clopston samily for above a century, at the time when Shakspeare became the purchaser; who, having repaired and modelled it to his own mind, changed the name to New-Place, which the mansion-house, since erected upon the same spot at this day retains. The house and lands, which attended it, continued in Shakspeare's descendants to the time of the Restoration; when they were repurchased by the Clopton samily, and the mansion

mansion now belongs to Sir Hugh, Clopton, knt. To the favour of this worthy gentleman I owe the knowledge of one particular, in honour of our poet's once dwelling house, of which, I prefume, Mr. Rowe never was apprized. When the civil war raged in England, and king Charles the First's queen was driven by the necessity of affairs to make a recess in Warwickshire, she kept her court for three weeks in New place. We may reasonably suppose it then the best private house in the town; and her majesty preferred it to the college, which was in the possession of the Combe family, who did not so strongly savour the king's party.

"How much our author employed himself in poetry, after his retirement from the stage, does not so evidently appear: very sew posthumous sketches of his pen have been recovered to ascertain that point. We have been told, indeed, in print, but not till very lately, that two large chests full of this great man's loose papers and manuscripts in the hands of an ignorant baker of Warwick (who married one of the descendants from our Shakspeare,) were car stly scattered and thrown about as garret-lumber and litter, to the

the particular knowledge of the late Sir William Bishop, till they were all confumed in the general fire and destruction of that town. I cannot help being a little apt to distrust the authority of this tradition, because his wife survived him seven years; and, as his favourite daughter Susanna furvived her twenty-fix years, it is very improbable they should suffer such a treasure to be removed, and translated into a remoter branch of the family, without a scrutiny first made into the value of it. This, I fay, inclines me to distrust the authority of the relation: but, notwithstanding fuch an apparent improbability, if we really lost such a treasure, by whatever fatality or caprice of fortune they came into fuch ignorant and neglectful hands, I agree with the relater, the misfortune is wholly irreparable.

No mention has been made of the nature of the malady which brought Shakspeare to his grave; he met the stroke of death on his birth day, having just completed his 52d year. It may be regretted that a longer span to his existence was denied, but let it be considered, that while an infant in his cradle he was preserved amidst surrounding danger. The plague broke out at Stratford, and

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was fo dreadful in its effects between Midfummer and Christmas, that 238 persons were, during that period, carried to their graves: " of which number," fays Malone, probably 216 died of that malignant diftemper, and one only refided, not in Stratford, but in the neighbouring town of Welcombe. In a calculation, too much allied to feveral other trifles to be met with in his labours, this gentleman accounts for his fuppolition, " fortunately for mankind it did not reach the house-in which the infant SHAKSPEARE lay, for not one of that name appear in the dead lift."

To do justice to the task of deliniating the character of a SHAKSPEARE would demand a genius unbounded as his own. We can found the shallow stream, and measure with accuracy the green hills, but who can fathom the ocean, or to nice calculation reduce the blue heights of the Alps that repose their heads upon the clouds? The reputation of other writers dwindles away from a close inspection of their works, but the nearer we examine the writings of SHAKSPEARE the more we are struck with admiration. The pillar of fame, which the genius of that bard has erected, refembles those stupendous monuments of E-

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gyptian grandeur, which have braved, unimpaired, for so many centuries, the iron tooth of time, at a great distance the traveller beholds them mixing their almost invisible summits with the sky; as he approaches nearer and nearer the giant pile expands and grows upon his sight; till, at length, dumb and motionless, and amazed, he stands at the foot of the immeasurable magnitude.

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Of posthumous reputation however our Bard was little folicitous. With a noble negligence he abandoned his writings to the guardianship of chance, and, like the leaves of the fybil, the works of Shakspeare, destined to become the oracles of future ages, were long blown about by every gust of pedant ignorance or popular opinion. In the profound philosophy of our Bard the "bubble reputation" was held in flight efteem; in the noble flights of fancy the thoughts of public opinion were left below, despising the glittering allurement of fame; our Shakspeare foared above those fublunary glories, which, like the baseless fabric of a vision, "melts into thin air," and leaves no trace behind." Hence at an early period of life he retired from the career of glory to experience the more real and substantial enjoyment of peace, ease, and rural happiness. C 2 ODE

## O D E

ONTHE

### GENIUS OF SHAKSPEARE.

R APT from the glance of mortal eye,
Say bursts thy Genius to the world of light?
Seeks it you star-bespangled sky?
Or skims it's fields with rapid slight?
Or mid' you plains where Fancy strays,
Courts it the balmy-breathing gale?
Or where the violent pale
Droops o'er the green-embroider'd stream;
Or where young Zephir stirs the rustling sprays,
Lies all dissolv'd in fairy-dream.
O'er you bleak desert's unfrequented round
See'st thou where Nature treads the deepening
gloom,
Sits on you heary tow'r with ivy crown'd

Sits on you heary tow'r with ivy crown'd, Or wildly walls o'er thy lamented tomb;

Hear'st

Hear'st thou the solemn music wind along?
Or thrills the warbling note in thy mellisluous song?

Oft while on earth 'twas thine to rove Where'er the wild-eyed Goddess lov'd to roam, To trace serene the gloomy grove, Or haunt meek Quiet's simple dome; Still hovering round the Nine appear, That pour the foul-transporting strain; Join'd to the Loves' gay train, The loofe-robed Graces crown'd whith flow'rs The light-wing'd gales that lead the vernal year, And wake the rofy-featured Hours. O'er all bright Fancy's beamy radiance shone, How flam'd thy bosom as her charms reveal! Her fire-clad eye sublime, her starry zone, Her treffes loofe that wanton'd on the gale; On Thee the Goddess fix'd her ardent look, Then from her glowing lips these melting accents broke.

<sup>&</sup>quot; To Thee, my favourite fon, belong

<sup>&</sup>quot; The lays that steal the listening hour;

<sup>&</sup>quot; To pour the rapture-darting fong,

<sup>&</sup>quot; To paint gay Hope's elysian bower.

- " From Nature's hand to fnatch the dart,
- "To cleave with pangs the bleeding heart;
- " Or lightly sweep the trembling string,
- " And call the Loves with purple wing
- " From the blue deep where they dwell
- "With Naiads in the pearly cell,
- "Soft on the sea-born Goddess gaze;
- " Or in the loose robe's floating maze,
- " Diffolv'd in downy flumbers rest;
- " Or flutter o'er her panting breaft.
- " Or wild to melt the yielding foul,
- " Let Sorrow clad in fable stole
- 66 Slow to thy musing thought appear;
- " Or pensive Pity Pale;
- " Or Love's desponding tale
- "Call from th' intender'd heart the fympathetic tear."

Say whence the magic of thy mind?
Why thrills thy music on the springs of thought?
Why, at thy pencil's touch refin'd
Starts into life the glowing draught?
On yonder fairy carpet laid,
Where Beauty pours eternal bloom,
And Zephir breaths perfume;
There nightly to the tranced eye

Profuse the radiant goddess stood display'd,
With all her smiling offspring nigh,
Sudden the mantling cliff, the arched wood,
The broidered mead, the landskip, and the grove,
Hills, vales, and sky-dipt seas, and torrents rude,
Grots, rills and shades, and bowers that breath'd
of love

All burst to fight!—while glancing on the view, Titania's sporting train brush'd lightly o'er the dew.

The pale-eyed Genius of the shade
Led thy bold step to Prosper's magic bower;
Whose voice the howling winds obey'd,
Whose dark spell chain'd the rapid hour:
Then rose serene the sea-girt isle;
Gay scenes by Fancy's touch refin'd
Glow'd to the musing mind:
Such visions bless the hermit's dream,
When hovering Angels prompt his placid smile,
Or paint some high ecstatic theme.
Then slam'd Miranda on th' enraptur'd gaze,
Then sail'd bright Ariel on the bat's sleet wing:
Or starts the list'ning throng in still amaze!
The wild note trembling on th' aerial string!

The form in heav'n's resplendent vesture gay
Floats on the mantling cloud, and pours the melting lay.

O lay me near you limpid stream, Whose murmur soothes the ear of Woe! There in some sweet poetic dream Let Fancy's bright Elyfium glow! 'Tis done: - o'er all the blushing mead The dark Wood shakes his cloudy head; Below, the lily-fringed dale Breathes its milds fragrance on the gale; While in pastime all-unseen, Titania robed in mantle green Sports on the mosfy bank:—her train Skims light along the gleaming plain; Or to the fluttering breeze unfold The blue wing streak'd with beamy gold, Its pinions opening to the light!— Say, bursts the vision on my fight? Ah, no! by Shakipeare's pencil drawn, The beauteous shapes appear; While meek-eyed Cynthia near Illumes with streamy ray the filver-mantled lawn.

#### ODE ON SHAKSPEARE.

But hark! the Tempest howls afar!

Bursts the loud whirlwind o'er the pathless waste!

What Cherub blows the trump of war?

What Demon rides the stormy blast?

Red from the lightning's livid blaze,

The bleak heath rushes on the sight;

Then wrapt in sudden night

Dissolves.—But ah! what kingly form

Roams the lone desart's desolated maze!

Unaw'd! nor heeds the sweeping storm.

Ye pale-eyed lightnings spare the cheek of age!

Vain wish;—though Anguish heaves the bursting groan.

Deaf as the flint, the marble ear of Rage Hears not the Mourner's unavailing moan: Heart-pierc'd he bleeds, and flung with wild despair

Bares his time-blafted head, and tears his filver hair.

Lo! on you long-refounding shore,
Where the rock totters o'er the headlong deep;
What phantomes bathed in infant gore
Stand muttering on the dizzy steep!
Their murmur shakes the zephir's wing!
The storm obeys their powerful spell;
See, from His gloomy cell

D

#### ODE ON SHAKSPEARE.

Fierce Winter starts! his scowling eye
Bloats the fair mantle of the breathing Spring,
And lowers along the russled sky.
To the deep vault the yelling harpies run,\*
Its yawning mouth receives th' infernal crew.
Dim thro' the black gloom winks the glimmering fun,

And the pale furnace gleams with brimftone blue.

Hell howls: and fiends that join the dire acclaim

Dance on the bubbling tide, and point the livid

flame.

But ah! on Sorrow's cypress bough
Can Beauty breathe her genial bloom?
On Death's cold cheek will Passion glow?
Or Music warble from the tomb?
There sleeps the Bard, whose tuneful tongue
Pour'd the full stream of mazy song.
Young spring with lip of ruby, here
Showers from her lap the blushing year;
While along the turf reclin'd,
The loose wing swimming on the wind,
The Loves with forward gesture bold,
Sprinkle the sod with spangling gold;

<sup>\*</sup> The Witches in Macbeth.

#### ODE ON SHAKSPEARE.

And oft the blue-eyed graces trim,

Dance lightly round on downy limb;

Oft too, when Eve demure and still

Chequers the green dale's purling rill,

Sweet Fancy pours th' plaintive strain,

Or wrapt in soothing dream,

By Avon's russled stream,

Hears the low-murmuring gale that dies along the plain.

# An Inscription for a Monument of SHAKSPEARE.

O Youths and Virgins: O declining eld:
O pale misfortune's flaves: O ye who dwell
Unknown in humble qiet; ye who wait
In courts, or fill the golden feat of kings:
O fons of fports and pleafure; O thou wretch
That weepeft for jealous love, or the fore wounds
Of confcious guilt, or deaths rapacious hand,
Which led thee void of hope: O ye who roam
In exile; ye who through the embattled field
Seek bright renown; or who for nobler palms
Contend, the leaders of a public cause;
Approach: behold this marble. Know ye not

The

#### INSCRIPTION FOR SHAKSPEARE.

The features? Hath not oft his faithful tongue
Told you the fashion of your own estate,
The secrets of your bosom? Here then, round
His monument with reverence while ye stand,
Say to each other: "This was Shakspeare's
form;

- "Who walk'd in every path of human life,
- " Felt every passion; and to all mankind
- "Doth now, will ever, that experience yield
- " Which his own genius only could acquire."

AKENSIDE.

In Memory of our famous SHAKSPEARE.

SACRED Spirit, whilft thy lyre
Echoed o'er the Arcadian plains,
Even Apollo did admire,
Orpheus wonder'd at thy strains.

Plautus figh'd, Syphocles wept
Tears of anger, for to hear,
After they fo long had flept,
So bright a genius fhould appear,

#### IN MEMORY OF SHAKSPEARE.

Who wrote his lines with a fun-beam,

More durable than time or fate:

Others boldly do blaspheme,

Like those who seem to preach, but prate.

Thou wert truly priest elect,
Chosen darling to the Nine,
Such a trophy to erect
By thy wit and skill divine;

That were all their other glories
(Them excepted) torn away,
By thy admirable ftories
Their garments ever shall be gay.

Where thy honoured bones do lie,
(As Statius once to Maro's urn,)
Thither every year will I
Slowly tread, and fadly mourn.

S. SHEPPARD.\*

When learning's triumph o'er her barb'rous foes
First rear'd thestage, immortal Shakspeare rose;
Each change of many-colour'd life he drew,
Exhausted worlds, and then imagin'd new:

<sup>\*</sup> Author of a small volume of Epigrams, published 1651.

Existence saw him spurn her bounded reign, And panting time toil'd after him in vain: His powerful strokes presiding truth impress'd And unresisted passion storm'd the breast.

By Dr. Samuel Johnson.

# The TOMB of SHAKSPEARE,

# A VISION,

By John GILBERT COOPER, Esq.

WHAT time the jocund rofie-bosom'd hours
Led forth the train of Phoebus and the Spring,
And Zephyr mild profusely scatter'd flowers
On earth's green mantle from his musky wing.

The Morn unbarr'd th' ambrofial gates of light, Westward the raven-pinnion'd darkness flew, The Landscape smil'd in vernal beauty bright, And to their graves the sullen Ghosts withdrew.

The Nightingale no longer swelled her throat
With love-lorn plainings tremulous and flow,
And on the wings of silence ceas'd to float
The gargling Notes of her melodious woe:

The God of fleep mysterious visions led
In gay procession, 'fore the mental eye;
And my freed soul awhile her mansion sled,
To try her plumes for immortality.

Through fields of air, methought, Itook my flight,
Through every clime, o'er every region pass'd,
No Paradice or ruin 'scap'd my fight,
HESPERIAN garden, or CIMMERIAN waste.

On Avon's banks I lit, whose streams appear
To wind with eddies find round Shakspeare's
tomb,

The year's first feath'ry songsters warble near, And vi'lets breate, and earliest roses bloom.

Here Fancy fat, (her dewy fingers cold Decking with flow'rett fresh th' unfullied sod,) And bath'd with tears the sad sepulchral mold, Her sav'rite offspring's long and last abode.

Ah! what avails, she cry'd, a Poet's name?
Ah! what avails th' immortalizing breath

To fnatch from dumb oblivion others fame?

My darling child here lies a prey to death!

Let gentle OTWAY, white-rob'd Pity's priest,
From grief domestic teach the tears to flow,
Or SOUTHERN captivate th' impassion'd breast
With heart-felt sighs and sympathy of woe.

For not to these his genius was confin'd,

Nature and I each tuneful pow'r had given,

Poetic transports of the madding mind,

And the wing'd words that wast the soul to heaven.

The fiery glance of th' intellectual eye,
Piercing all objects of creations store,
Which in this world' extended surface lie;
And plastic thought that still creat'd more.

O grant, with eager rapture I reply'd,
Grant me, great goddess of the changeful eye,
To view each Being in poetic pride,
To whom thy son gave immortality.

Sweet Fancy smil'd, and wav'd her mystic rod,
When strait these visions felt her powerful arm,
And one by one succeeded at her nod,
As vassal Sprites obey the wizard charm.

First a celestial form (of azure hue
Whosemantle, bound with brede aetherial, flow'd
To each soft breeze its balmy breath that drew)
Swift down the sun-beams of the noon-tide rode.

Obedient to the necromantic sway
Of an old sage to solitude resign'd,
With fenny vapors he obscur'd the day,
Launch'd the long lightning, and let loose the
wind.

He whirl'd the tempest through the howling air, Rattled the dreadful thunder-clap on high, And rais'd the roaring elemental war Betwixt the sea green waves and azure sky.

Then, like heaven's mild embaffador of love
To man repentant, bade the tumult cease,
Smooth'd the blue bosom of the realms above,
And hush'd the rebel elements to peace.

Unlike to this in spirit or in mein
Another form succeeded to my view;
A two-legg'd brute which Nature made in spleen,
Or from the loathing womb unfinished drew.

Scarce could he fyllable the curse he thought,

Prone were his eyes to earth, his mind to evil,
A carnal fiend to imperfection wrought,

The mongrel offspring of a Witch and Devil.

Next bloom'd, upon an ancient forest's bound, The flow'ry margin of a filent stream, O'er-arch'd by oaks with ivy mantled round, And gilt by filver CYNTHIA's maiden beam.

On the green carpet of th' unbended grass,
A dapper train of female fairies play'd,
And ey'd their gambols in the wa'try glass,
That smoothly stole along the shad'wy glade.

Through these the queen TITANIA pass'd ador'd,
Mounted alost in her imperial car,
Journeying to see great OBERON her lord
Wage the mock battles of a sportive war.

Arm'd cap-a-pee forth march'd the fairy king,
A flouter warrior never took the field,
His threat'ning lance a hornet's horrid fling,
The sharded beetle's scale his sable shield.

Around their chief the elfin hoft appear'd;

Each little helmet sparkled like a star,

And their sharp spears in pierceless phalanx rear'd,

A grove of thistles, glitter'd in the air.

The scene then chang'd, from this romantic land,
To a bleak waste by bound'ry unconfin'd,
Where three swart sisters of the weird band
Were mutt'ring curses to the troublous wind.

Pale Want had wither'd every furrow'd face,
Bow'd was each carcafe with the weight of years,
And each funk eye-ball from its hollow cafe
Diftill'd cold rheum's involuntary tears.

Hors'd on three staves they posted to the bourn
Of a drear island, where the pendant brow
Of a rough rock, shagg'd horribly with thorn,
Frown'd on the boist'rous waves which rag'd
below.

Deep in a gloomy grot remote from day,
Where smiling Comfort never shew'd her face,
Where light ne'er enter'd, save one rueful ray
Discovering all the terrors of the place.

They held damn'd myst'ries with infernal state, Whilst ghastly spectres glided slowly by, The screech-owl scream'd the dying call of sate, And ravens croak'd their baleful augury.

No human footstep cheer'd the dread abode, No sign of living creature could be seen, Save where the reptile snake, or sullen toad, The murky floor had soil'd with venoin green.

Sudden I heard the whirlwind's hollow found,
Each weird fifter vanish'd into smoke,
Now a dire yell of spirits underground
Thro' troubled Earth's wide yawning surface
broke;

When lo! each injur'd apparition rose;
Aghast the murd'rer started from his bed;
Guilt's trembling breath his heart's red current froze,

And Horror's dew-drops bath'd his frantic head.

More had I feen—but now the God of day

O'er earth's broad breast his flood of light had

spread,

When Morpheus call'd his fickle dreams away, And on their wings each bright illusion fled.

Yet still the dear Enchantress of the brain
My waking eyes with wishful wand'rings sought,
Whose magic will controls th' ideal train,
The ever-restless progeny of Thought.

Sweet power, I faid, for others gild the ray
Of Wealth, or Honor's folly-feather'd crown,
Or lead the madding multitude aftray
To grafp at air-blown bubbles of renown.

Me (humbler lot!) let blameless bliss engage, Free from the noble mob's ambitious strife, Free from the muck-worm miser's lucrous rage, In calm Contentment's cottage vale of life.

If frailties there (for who from them is free?)
Through Error's maze my devious footsteps lead,
Let them be frailties of humanity,
And my heart plead the pardon of my head.

Let not my reason' impiously require

What heav'n has plac'd beyond its narrow span,
But teach it to subduc each fierce desire,

Which wars within its own small empire, man.

Teach me, what all believe, but few posses;
That life's best science is ourselves to know,
The first of human blessings is to bless,
And happiest he who seels anothers woe.

Thus cheaply wife, and innocently great,
While Time's fmooth fand shall regularly pass,
Each destin'd atom's quiet course I'll wait,
Nor rashly break, nor wish to stop the glass.

And when in death my peaceful ashes lie,

If e'er some tongue congenial speaks my name,
Friendship shall never blush to breathe a sigh,

And great ones envy such an honest same.

# SHAKSPEARE's WILL,

Extracted from the Registry of the Archbishop of Canterbury.

Vicesimo quinto die Martii Anno Regni Domini nostri Jacobi nunc Regis Angliæ &c. decimo quarto & Scotiæ quadragesimo nono, Anno Domini 1616.

IN the name of God, Amen. I William Shakspeare of Stratford-upon-Avon, in the county of Warwick, Gent. in perfect health and memory, God be praised, do make and ordain this my last Will and Testament in manner and form following; that is to say:

First, I commend my foul into the hands of God my Creator, hoping, and affuredly believing, through the only merits of Jesus Christ my Saviour, to be made partaker of life everlasting; and my body to the earth whereof that is made.

Item, I give and bequeath unto my daughter fudith one hundred and fifty pounds of lawful English money, to be paid unto her in manner and form following; that is to fay, one hundred pounds in discharge of her marriage portion within one year after my decease, with considerations after the rate of two shillings in the pound for so

long time as the same shall be unpaid unto her after my decease; and the fifty pounds residue thereof upon her surrendering of a living of such sufficient security as the overseers of this my will shall like of, to surrender or grant all her estate and right that shall descend or come unto her after my decease, or that she now hath of, in, or to one copyhold tenement, with the appurtenances lying and being in Stratford-upon-Avon aforesaid, in the said county of Warwick, being parcell or holden of the manor of Rowington, unto my daughter Susannab Hall, and her heirs for ever.

Item, I give and bequeath unto my faid daughter Judith one hundred and fifty pounds more, if she, or any issue of her body, be living at the end of three years next enfuing the day of the date of this my will, during which time my executors to pay her confideration from my decease according to the rate aforesaid: and if she die within the said term without issue of her body, then my Will is, and I do give and bequeath one hundred pounds thereof to my niece Elizabeth Hall, and the fifty pounds to be fet forth by my executors during the life of my fifter Foan Harte, and the use and profit thereof coming, shall be paid to my fifter Joan, and after her decease the fifty pounds shall remain amongst the children of my said sister, equally to be divided amongst them; but if my said daughter

Fudith

Judith be living at the end of the said three years, or any iffue of her body, then my Will is, and fo I devise and bequeath the faid hundred and fifty pounds to be fet out by my executors and overfeers for the best benefit of her and her issue, and the flock not to be paid unto her fo long as she shall be married and covert Baron; but my Will is that she shall have the consideration yearly paid unto her during her life, and after her decease the faid flock and confideration to be paid to her children, if she have any, and if not, to her executors and affigns, she living the faid term after my decease; provided that is such husband as she shall at the end of the faid three years be married unto, or at and after, do fufficiently affure unto her, and the iffue of her body, land answerable to the portion by this my Will given unto her, and to be adjudged fo by my executors and overfeers, then my Will is, that the faid hundred and fifty pounds shall be paid to such husband as shall make such affurance, to his own use.

Item, I give and bequeath unto my faid fifter Joan twenty pounds, and all my wearing apparel, to be paid and delivered within one year after my decease; and I do will and devise unto her the house with the appurtenances in Stratford, wherein she dwelleth, for her natural life, under the yearly rent of twelve-pence.

# SHAKSPEARE'S WILL.

Item, I give and bequeath unto her three fons, William Harte, —— Harte, and Michael Harte, five pounds a piece, to be paid within one year after my decease.

Item, I give and bequeath unto the faid Elizabeth Hull all my plate that I now have, except my broad filver and gilt boxes, at the date of this my Will.

Item, I give and bequeath unto the poor of Stratford aforesaid ten pounds, to Mr. Thomas Combe my sword, to Thomas Russel, Esq. five pounds, and to Francis Collins of the borough of Warwick, in the county of Warwick, Gent. thirteen pounds six shillings and eight-pence, to be paid within one year after my decease.

Item, I give and bequeath to Hamlett Sadler twenty fix shillings, eight pence to buy him a ring; to William Reynolds, Gent. twenty fix shillings, eight pence to buy him a ring; to my godfon William Walker twenty shillings in gold, to Anthony Nash, Gent. twenty fix shillings, eight pence; and to Mr. John Nash twenty fix shillings, eight pence; and to my Fellows John Hemynge, Richard Burbage, and Henry Cundell, twenty fix shillings, eight pence apiece to buy the rings.

Item, I give, will, bequeath, and devise unto my daughter Susannah Hall, for the better enabling of her to perform this my Will, and towards the performance thereof, all that capital messuage or

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# SHAKSPEARE'S WILL.

tenement, with the appurtenances in Stratford aforesaid, called the New Place, wherein I now dwell, and two meffuages or tenements, with the appurtenances, fituate, lying, and being in Henley. Street within the borough of Stratford aforesaid; and all my barns, stables, orchards, gardens, lands, tenements, and hereditaments whatfoever, fituate, lying, and being, or to be had, referved, preferved or taken within the towns, hamlets, villages, fields, and grounds of Stratford-upon-Avon, Old Stratford, Bushaxton, and Welcombe, or in any of them, in the faid county of Warwick; and also all that mesfuage or tenement, with the appurtenances, wherein one fo'n Robinson dwelleth, fituate, lying, and being in the Black-Friers in London near the Wardrobe; and all other my lands, tenements, and hereditaments whatfoever; to have and to hold all and fingular the faid premifes, with their appurtenances unto the faid Sufannah Hall, for and during the term of her natural life; and after her decease to the first son of her body lawfully issuing, and to the heirs males of the body of the faid first fon lawfully iffuing; and for default of fuch iffue, to the fecond fon of her body lawfully isluing, and to the heirs males of the body of the faid fecond fon lawfully iffuing; and for default of fuch heirs to the third fon of the body of the faid Sufanna lawfully issuing, and of the beirs males of the body of the faid third fon lawfully iffuing; and for default of. of fuch iffue, the fame to be and remain to the fourth, fifth, fixth, and feventh fons of her body, lawfully iffuing one after another, and to the heirs males of the bodies of the faid fourth, fifth, fixth, and feventh fons lawfully iffuing, in fuch manner as it is before limited to be and remain to the first, fecond, and third fons of her body, and to their heirs males; and for default of fuch iffue, the faid premises to be and remain to my faid niece Hall, and the heirs males of her body lawfully iffuing; and for default of fuch iffue, to my daughter Judith, and the heirs males of her body lawfully iffuing; and for default of fuch iffue, to the right heirs of me the said William Shakspeare for ever.

Item, I give unto my wife my brown best bed with the furniture.

Item, I give and bequeath to my faid daughter fudith my broad filver gilt bole. All the rest of my goods, chattels, leases, plate, Jewels, and houshold-stuff whatsoever, after my debts and legacies paid, and my funeral expences discharged, I give, devise, and bequeath to my son-in-law fohn Hall, Gent. and my daughter Susanna his wise, who I ordain and make executors of this my last will and testament. And I do intreat and appoint the said Thomas Russel, Esq. and Francis Collins, Gent. to be overseers hereof. And do revoke all former Wills, and publish this to be my last Will and Testament,

## SHAKSPEARE'S WILL.

Testament. In witness whereof I have hereunto put my hand the day and year first above-written, by me

William Shakspeare.

Witness to the publishing hereof.

Fra. Collins,
Julius Shaw,
John Robinfon,
Hamlett Sadler,
Robert Whattcott.

Probatum coram Magistro William Byrde Legune Doctore Commissario & c. vicesimo secundo de Mensis Junii Anno Domini 1616. Juramento Johannis Hall unius ex. et cui, & c. de bene et Jurat Reservata potestate et Susannæ Hall altex. & c. cu. vendit & c. petitur.

# SHAKSPEARE'S COAT OF ARMS.

THE FOLLOWING INSTRUMENT IS COPIED FROM THE ORIGINAL IN THE COLLEGE OF HERALDS: IT IS MARKED G. 13. P. 349.

TO all and finguler noble and gentlemen of all estats and degrees, bearing arms, to whom these presents shall come, William Dethic, Garter, Principal

## SHAKSPEARE'S COAT OF ARMS.

cipall King of Arms of England, and William Camden, alias Clarencieulx, King of Arms for the fouth, east, and west parts of this realme, sendethe greeting. Know ye, that in all nations and king! doms the record and remembraunce of the valeant facts and vertuous dispositions of worthie men have been made knowne and divulged by certeyne shields of arms and tokens of chevalrie; the grant and testemonie whereof apperteyneth unto us, by vertu of our offices from the Quenes most Exc. Majestie, and her Highenes most noble and victorious progenitors: wherefore being folicited, and by credible report informed, that John Shakspeare, now of Stratford-upon-Avon, in the counte of Warwick, gent. whose parent, great grandfather, and late antecessor, for his faithefull and approved fervice to the late most prudent prince, king Hen. ry VII. of famous memorie, was advaunced and rewarded with lands and tenements, geven to him in those parts of Warwickshere, where they have continewed by fome descents in good reputacion and credit; and for that the faid John Shakspeare having maryed the daughter and one of the heyrs of Robert Arden of Wellingcote, in the faid countie, and also produced this his auncient cote of arms, heretofore affigned to him whilest he was her Majesties officer and baylese of that towne; In confideration of the premisses, and for the encou-

ragement

# SHAKSPEARE'S COAT OF ARMS.

ragement of his posteritie, unto whom suche blazon of arms and achevements of inheritance from theyre faid mother, by the auncyent custome and lawes of arms, may lawfully descend; We the said Garter and Clarencieulx have affigned, graunted, and by these presents exemplified unto the said John Shakspeare, and to his posteritie, that shield and cote of arms, viz. In a field of gould upon a bend sables a speare of the first, the poynt upward, headed 'argent; and for his creft or cognisance, A falcon with his wyngs displayed, standing on a wrethe of his roullers, supporting a speare armed hedded, or steeled filver, fyxed upon a helmet with mantell and taffels, as more playnely may appear depected on this margent; and we have likewife uppon onother efcucheon impaled the fame with the auncyent arms of the faid Arden of Wellingcote; fignifieng therby, that it maye and shalbe lawfull for the faid John Shakspeare, gent. to beare and use the same shield of arms single or impaled, as aforesaid, during his naturall lyffe; and that it shal be lawfull for his children, yffue, and posteryte, (lawfully begotten,) to beare, use, and quarter, and show forth the same, with theyre dewe differences, in all lawfull warlyke facts and civile use or exercifes, according to the lawes of arms, and cuftome that to gentlemen belongethe, without let or interuption of any person or persons, for use or bearing the same. In wyttnesse and testemonye whereof

# SHAKSPEARE'S COAT OF ARMS.

whereof we have subscrebed our names, and fast ened the seals of our offices, geven at the Office of Arms, London, the day of in the xlii yere of the reigne of our most gratious Sovraigne lady Elizabeth, by the grace of God, quene of Ingland, France, and Ireland, defender of the faith, &c. 1599.



# Explanations of the Allegorical Frontispieces and Vignettes.

VOL. I.

The Comic Muse dictating to Shakspeare, and Fancy strewing flowers over his productions. Shakspeare's Comic characters personisied by

infants.

V O L. II.

An infant Shakspeare in the realms of Fancy.

The Comic Muse surrounded by the visions of Fancy.

V O L. III.

Fairies adorning Shakspeare's grave. Fiction attending Shakspeare's dreams.

V O L. IV.

Britannia crowning Shakspeare. Shakspeare honoured by the Muses.

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Shakspeare holding up the mirror to dignified guilt.

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Youth attending the distates of Shakspeare.

The Tragic and Comic Muse adorning the statue of Shakspeare.

V O L. VII.

The Historic Muse dictating to Shakspeare. The Historic Muse at the tomb of Shakspeare.

V O L. VIII.

Shakspeare entering the realms of Terror and Pity.

Shakspeare's Tragic characters personified by infants.





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# AS YOU LIKE IT.

A

COMEDY.

BY

WILLIAM SHAKESPEARE.

# DRAMATIS PERSONÆ.

#### DUKE.

FREDERICK, brother to the Duke, and usurper of his dukedom.

AMIENS, Lords attending upon the Duke in his banishment.

LE BEU, a courtier attending on Frederick.

OLIVER, eldest son to Sir Rowland de Boys, who had formerly been a servant to the Duke.

JAQUES, ORLANDO, Younger brothers to Oliver.

ADAM, an old servant of Sir Rowland de Boys, now following the fortunes of Orlando.

DENNIS, Servant to Oliver.

CHARLES. a wrestler, and servant to the usurping Duke Frederick.

TOUCHSTONE, a clown attending on Celia and Rosalind.

CORIN, Sylvius, Shepherds.

A Clown in Love with Audrey.

WILLIAM, another clown in love with Audrey.

Sir OLIVER MAR-TEXT, a country curate.

ROSALIND, daughter to the Duke.

CELIA, daughter to Frederick.

PHEBE, a Shepherdess.

AUDREY, a country wench.

Lords belonging to the two Dukes; with pages, foresters, and other attendants.

The Scene lies, first, near OLIVER's house; and afterwards, partly in the Duke's Court; and partly in the Forest of ARDEN.

# AS YOU LIKE IT.

# ACT I. SCENE I. OLIVER'S Orchard.

Enter ORLANDO and ADAM.
ORLANDO.

S I remember, Adam, it was upon this fashion bequeathed me by will but a poor thousand crowns; and, as thou fay'ft, charg'd my brother on his bleffing to breed me well; and there begins my fadnets. My brother jaques he keeps at school, and report speaks goldenly of his profit: for my part, he keeps me ruftically at home; or, (to speak more properly) stays me here at home, unkept: for call you that keeping for a gentleman of my birth, that differs not from the stalling of an ox? his horses are bred better; for, besides that they are fair with their feeding, they are taught their manage, and to that end riders dearly hired: but I, his brother, gain nothing under him but growth; for the which his animals on his dunghills are as much bound to him as l. Besides this Nothing that he so plentifully gives me, the Something, that Nature gave me, his countenance feems to take from me. He lets me feed with his hinds, bars me the place of a brother; and, as much as in him lies, mines my gentility with my education. This is it, Adam. that giveves me; and the spirit of my father, which, I think, is within me, begins to mutiny against this servitude. longer endure ir, though yet I know no wife remedy how to avoid it.

# Enter OLIVER.

Adam. Yonder comes my master, your brother.

Orla. Go apart, Atam, and thou shalt hear how he will shake me up.

Oli. Now, Sir, what make you here?

Orla. Nothing: I am not taught to make any thing. Oli. What mar you then, Sir?

A 2

Qrla.

Orla. Marry, Sir, I am helping you to mar tha which God made; a poor unworthy brother of your's, with idleness.

-Oli. Marry, Sir, be better employed, and be nought a

while.

Orla. Shall I keep your hogs, and eat husks with them? what prodigal's portion have I spent, that I should come to such penury?

Oli. Know you where you are, Sir?

Orla. O, Sir, very well; here in your orchard.

Oli. Know you before whom, Sir?

Orla. Ay, better than he I am before, knows me. I know, you are my elder brother; and in the gentle condition of blood, you should so know me; the courtesy of nations allows you my better, in that you are the first born; but the same tradition takes not away my blood, were there twenty brothers betwixt us. I have as much of my father in me, as you; albeit, I confess your coming before me is nearer to his reverence.

Oli. What, boy!

Orla. Come, come, elder brother, you are too young in this.

Oli. Wilt thou lay hands on me, villain?

Orla I am no villain: I am the younger fon of Sir Rowland de Boys; he was my father, and he is thrice a villain, that fays, fuch a father begot villains. Wert thou not my brother, I would not take this hand from thy throat, 'till this other had pull'd out thy tongue for faying fo; thou hast rail'd on thyself.

Adam. Sweet masters, be patient; for your father's re-

membrance, be at accord.

Oli. Let me go, I fay.

Orla. I will not, 'till I please: you shall hear me. My sather charg'd you in his will to give me good education; you have train'd me up like a peasant, obscuring and hiding from me all gentleman-like qualities; the spirit of my sather grows strong in me, and I will no longer endure it: therefore allow me such exercise as may become a gentleman, or give me the poor allottery my father lest me by testament; with that I will go buy my fortunes.

oli. And what wilt thou do; beg, when that is spent? well, Sir, get you in. I will not long be troubled with you ryouthall have some part of your will. I pray you,

leave me.

Orla. I will no further offend you, than becomes me for my good.

Oli. Get you with him, you old dog.

Adam. Is old dog my reward? most true, I have lost my teeth in your service. God be with my old master, he would not have spoke such a word.

[Exit ORLANDO and ADAM.

Oli. Is it even so? begin you to grow upon me? I will physic your rankness, and yet give no thousand crowns, neither. Holla, Dennis!

## Enter DENNIS.

Den. Calls your worship?

Oli. Was not Charles, the Duke's wreftler, here to fpeak with me?

Den. So please you, he is here at the door, and im-

portunes access to you.

Oli. Call him in;—'twill be a good way; and to-morrow the wreftling is.

## Enter CHARLES.

Cha. Good-morrow to your worship.

Oli. Good Monsieur Charles, what's the new news at

the new Court?

Cha. There's no news at the Court, Sir, but the old news; that is, the old Duke is banished by his younger brother the new Duke, and three or four loving lords have put themselves into voluntary exile with him; whose lands and revenues enrich the new Duke, therefore he gives them good leave to wander.

Oli. Can you tell if Rosalind, the Duke's daughter, be

banished with her father?

Cha. O, no; for the Duke's daughter her coufin fo loves her, being ever from their cradles bred together, that fhe would have followed her exile, or have died to flay behind her. She is at the Court, and no less beloved of her uncle than his own daughter; and never two ladies loved as they do.

Oli. Where will the old Duke live?

Cha. They say, he is already in the forest of Arden, and a many merry men with him: and there they live like the old Robin Hood of England: they say, many young gentlemen

tlemen flock to him every day, and fleet the time care-

lesly as they did in the golden world.

Oli. What, you wrestle to-morrow before the new Duke? Cha. Marry, do I, Sir; I came to acquaint you with a matter. I am given, Sir, secretly to understand, that your younger brother Orlando hath a disposition to come in disguis'd against me to try a sall; to-morrow, Sir, I wrestle for my credit, and he that escapes me without some broken limb, shall acquit him well. Your brother is but young and tender, and for your love I would be loath to soil him, as I must for mine own honour, if he come in; therefore, out of my love to you, I came hither to acquaint you withal, that either you might stay him from his intendment, or brook such disgrace well as he shall run into; in that it is a thing of his own search, and altogether against my will.

Oli. Charles, I thank thee for thy love to me, which thou shalt find I will most kindly requite. I had myself notice of my brother's purpose herein, and have by underhand means laboured to disuade him from it; but he is resolute. I tell thee, Charles, he is the stubbornest young fellow of France; full of ambition; an envious emulator of every man's good parts, a fecret and villainous contriver against me his natural brother; therefore use thy discretion: I had as lief thou didit break his neck as his finger. And thou wert best look to't; for if thou dost him any slight difgrace; or if he do not mightily grace himself on thee, he will practife against thee by poison; entrap thee by some treacherous device; and never leave thee till he has taken thy life by some indirect means or other; for I assure thee (and almost with tears I speak it) there is not one so young and fo villainous this day living. I speak but brotherly of him; but should I anatomize him to thee as he is, I must blush and weep, and thou must look pale and wonder.

Cha. I am heartily glad, I came hither to you: if he come to-morrow, I'll give him his payment; if ever he go alone again, I'll never wreftle for prize more; and fo God keep your worship.

Oli. Farewel, good Charles. Now will I stir this gamester: I hope I shall see an end of him; for my soul, yet I know not why, hates nothing more than he. Yet he's gentle; never school'd, and yet learned; full of noble device, of all forts enchantingly beloved; and, indeed, so much in the heart of the world, and especially of my own

people,

But it shall not be so long; this wrestler shall clear all; nothing remains, but that I kindle the boy thither, which now I'll go about.

[Exit.

SCENE changes to an open Walk, before the Duke's Palace.

## Enter ROSALIND and CELIA.

Cel. I pray thee, Rolalind, sweet my coz, be merry.

Rof. Dear Celia, I show more mirth than I am mistress of; and would you yet I were merrier? unless you could teach me to forget a banished father, you must not learn

me how to remember any extraordinary pleafure.

Gel. Herein I fee then love it me not with the full weight that I love thee. If my uncle, thy banished father, had banished thy uncle the Duke, my father, so thou hadst been still with me, I could have taught my love to take thy sather for mine; so would st thou, if the truth of thy love to me were so righteously tempered, as mine to thee.

Ros. Well, I will forget the condition of my estate,

to rejoice in your's.

Cel. You know, my father hath no child but me, nor none is like to have; and, truly, when he dies, thou shalt be his heir; for what he hath taken away from thy father perforce; I will render thee again in affection; by mine honour, I will; and when I break that oath, let me turn monster: therefore, my sweet Rose, my dear Rose, be merry.

Rof. From henceforth I will, coz, and divise sports:

let me fee, what think you of falling in love?

Cel. Marry, I prithee do, to make sport withal; but love no man in good earnest, nor no further in sport neither, than with safety of a pure blush thou may'st in honour come off again.

Rof. What shall be our sport, then?

Cel. Let us fit and mock the good housewife, Fortune, from her wheel, that her gifts may henceforth be bestowed equally.

Roj. I would, we could do so; for her benefits are

mightily

mightily misplaced, and the bountiful blind woman doth

most mistake in her gifts to women.

Cel. 'Tis true; for those that she makes fair, she scarce makes honest; and those that she makes honest, she makes very ill sayoured.

Rof. Nay, now thou goest from fortune's office to nature's: fortune reigns in gifts of the world, not in the

lineaments of nature.

# Enter Touchstone, a Clown.

Cel. No! when nature hath made a fair creature, may fhe not by fortune fall into the fire? tho' nature hath given us wit to flout at fortune, hath not fortune fent in this Fool to cut off this argument?

Rof. Indeed, there fortune is too hard for nature; when fortune makes nature's Natural the cutter off of

nature's Wit.

Gel. Peradventure, this is not fortune's work neither, but nature's; who, perceiving our natural wits too dull to reason of such Goddess, hath sent this natural for our whetstone: for always the dulness of the fool is the whetstone of the wits. How now, Wit, whither wander you?

Clo. Mistress, you must come away to your father.

Cel. Were you made the meffenger?

Clo. No, by mine honour; but I was bid to come for you.

Ros. Where learned you that oath, fool?

Clo. Of a certain Knight, that swore by his honour they were good pancakes, and swore by his honour the mustard was naught: Now, I'll stand to it, the pancakes were naught, and the mustard was good, and yet was not the Knight for sworn.

Cel. How prove you that, in the great heap of your

knowledge?

Rof. Ay, marry; now unmuzzle your wisdom.

Clo. Stand you both forth now; stroke your chins, and swear by your beards that I am knave.

Cel. By our beards, if we had them, thou art.

60. By my knavery, if I had it, then I were; but if you fwear by that that this not, you are not forfworn; no more was this Knight fwearing by his honour, for he never had

any; or if he had, he had sworn it away, before ever he faw those pancakes or that mustard.

Cel. Pr'ythee, who is that thou mean'ft?

Clo. One that old Frederick, your father, loves.

Cel. My father's love is enough to honour him enough; fpeak no more of him, you'll be whipt for taxation one of these days.

Clo. The more pity, that fools may not speak wisely,

what wife men do foolishly.

Cel. By my troth, thou fay'st true; for fince the little wit that fools have was silenced, the little foolerv that wife men have makes a great show: here comes Mansieur Le Beu.

#### Enter LE BEU.

Rof. With his mouth full of news,

Cel. Which he will put on us, as pigeons feed their young.

Rof. Then shall we be news-cram'd.

Cel. All the better, we shall be the more marketable, Bon jour, Monsieur Le Beu; what news?

Le Beu. Fair Princess, you have lost much good sport.

Cel. Sport !- of what colour?

Le Beu. What colour, Madam? How shall I answer

Rof. As wit and fortune will. Glo. Or as the destinies decree.

Cel. Well faid? that was laid on with a trowel.

Clo. Nay, if I keep not my rank,

Rof. Thou losest thy old smell.

Le Beu. You amaze me, ladies; I would have told you of good wrestling, which you have lost the fight of.

Rof. Yet tell us the manner of the wrestling.

Le Beu. I will tell you the beginning, and, if it please your Ladyships, you may see the end, for the best is yet to do; and here, where you are, they are coming to perform it.

Cel. Well, the beginning that is dead and buried.

Le Beu. There came an old man and his three fons,

Cel. I could match this beginning with an old tale.

Le Beu. Three proper young men, of excellent growth and prefence;

Ros. With bills on their necks: Be it known unto all

men by these presents.

Le Beu. The cldest of the three wrestled with Charles, the Duke's wrestler; which Charles in a moment threw, and broke three of his ribs; that there is little hope of life in him: so he served the second, and so the third; yonder they lie, the poor old man, their sather, making such pitiful dole over them, that all the beholders take his part with weeping.

Ros. Alas!

Clo. But what is the fport, Monsieur, that the Ladies have lost?

Le Beu. Why this, that I speak of.

Cb. Thus men may grow wifer every day! It is the first time that ever I heard breaking of ribs was sport for ladies.

Cel. Or I, I promise thee.

Rof. But is there any else longs to set this broken mufic in his fides? Is there yet another dotes upon rib-breaking? Shall we see this wrestling, cousin?

Le Beu. You must, if you stay here, for here is the place appointed for the wrestling; and they are ready to

perform it.

Cel Yonder, fure, they are coming; let us now stay and see it.

# Flourish. Enter Duke FREDERICK, Lords, ORLANDO, CHARLES, and Astendants.

Duke. Come on, fince the youth will not be entreated: his own peril on his forwardness.

Ros. Is yonder the man? Le Beu. Even he, Madam.

Gel. Alas, he is too young; yet he looks fuccessfully. Duke. How now, daughter and cousin; are you crept hither to see the wrestling?

Rof. Ay, my liege, so please you give us leave.

Duke. You will take little delight in it, I can tell you, there are such odds in the men: in pity of the challenger's youth, I would feign dissuade him, but he will not be entreated. Speak to him, ladies, see if you can move him.

Cel. Call him hither, good Monsieur Le Beu.

Duke.

Duke. Do fo; I'll not be by. Duke goes apart. Le Peu. Monsieur the Challenger, the Princesses call for you.

Orla. I attend them with all respect and duty.

Ref. Young man, have you challenged Charles, the

Orla. No, fair Princess: he is the general challenger: I come but in, as orhers do, to try with him the strength

of my youth.

Cel. Young gentleman, your spirits are too hold for your years: you have seen cruel proof of this man's strength. If you saw yourself with your own eyes, or knew yourself with your judgment, the sear of your adventure would counsel you to a more equal enterprise. We pray you, for your own sake, to embrace your own safety, and give over this attempt.

Ref. Do, young Sir; your reputation shall not therefore be misprised; we will make it our suit to the Duke

that the wreftling might not go forward.

Orla. I befeech you, punish me not with your hard thoughts, wherein I confess me much guilty, to deny so fair and excellent ladies any thing. But let your fair eyes and gentle wishes go with me to my trial, wherein if I be foil'd, there is but one sham'd that was never gracious: if kill'd, but one dead that is willing to be so: I shall do my friends no wrong, for I have none to lament me; the world no injury, for in it I have nothing; only in the world I fill up a place, which may be better supply'd when I have made it empty.

Ref. The little strength that I have, I would it were

with you.

Cel. And mine to eke out her's.

Rof. Fare you well; pray heav'n I be deceived in

Orla. Your heart's defires be with you.

Cha. Come, where is this young gallant, that is fo defirous to lie with his mother earth?

Orla. Ready, Sir; but his will hath in it a more modest working.

Duke. You shall try but one fall.

Cha. No, I warrant your Grace, you shall not entreat

him to a fecond, that have fo mightily perfuaded him from a first.

Orla. You mean to mock me after; you should not

have mockt me before; but come your ways.

Rof. Now Hercules be thy speed, young man!

Cel. I would I were invisible to catch the strong fellow by the leg. [They wrestle.

Rof. O excellent young man!

Cel. If I had a thunderbolt in mine eye, I can tell who should down. [Shout.

Duke. No more, no more. [Charles is thrown. Orla. Yes, I befeech your Grace; I am not yet well breathed.

Duke. How dost thou, Charles?

Le Beu. He cannot speak, my Lord.

Duke. Bear him away. What is thy name, young

Orla. Orlando, my liege, the younger fon of Sir Row-

land de Boys.

Duke. I wou'd, thou hadft been son to some man else! The world esteem'd thy father honourable, But I did find him still mine enemy:
Thou shouldst have better pleas'd me with this deed, Hadst thou descended from another house.
But fare thee well, thou art a gallant youth;
I would, thou hadst told me of another father.

[Exit Duke with his train.

### Manent Celia, Rosalind, Orlando.

Cel. Were I my father, coz, would I do this?

Orla. I am more proud to be Sir Rowland's fon,

His younger fon, and would not change that callin

To be adopted heir to Frederick.

Ref. My father lov'd Sir Rowland as his foul, And all the world was of my father's mind: Had I before known this young man his fon, I should have given him tears unto entreaties, Ere he should thus have ventur'd.

Gentle cousin,

Let us go thank him and encourage him; My father's rough and envious disposition Sticks me at heart. Sir, you have well deserv'd: If you do keep your promises in love,

But

But justly as you have exceeded all in promise, Your mistress shall be happy.

Ros. Gentleman,

Wear this for me; one out of suits with fortune,
That could give more, but that her hands lack means.
Shall we go coz? [Giving him a chain from her neck.

Cel. Ay, fare you well, fair gentleman.

Orla. Can I not fay, I thank you? ---- my better parts Are all thrown down; and that which here stands up,

Is but a quintain, a mere lifeless block.

Rof. He calls us back: my pride fell with my fortunes. I'll ask him what he would. Did you call, Sir? Sir, you have wrestled well, and overthrown More than your enemies.

Cel. Will you go, coz?

Rof. Have with you: fare you well.

[Exeunt Rosalind and Celia. Orla. What passion hangs these weights upon my tongue? I cannot speak to her: yet she urged conference.

#### Enter LE BEU.

O poor Orlando! thou art overthrown; Or Charles, or fomething weaker, masters thee.

Le Beu. Good Sir, I do in friendship counsel you To leave this place. Albeit you have deserved High commendation, true applause, and love; Yet such is now the Duke's condition, That he misconstrues all that you have done. The Duke is humourous; what he is, indeed, More suits you to conceive, than me to speak of.

Orla. I thank you, Sir: and pray you, tell me this; Which of the two was daughter of the Duke

That here was at the wrestling?

Le Beu. Neither his daughter, if we judge by manners;
But yet, indeed, the shorter is his daughter;
The other's daughter to the banish'd Duke,
And here detain'd by her usurping uncle,
To keep his daughter company; whose loves
Are dearer than the natural bond of sisters:
But I can tell you, that of late this Duke
Hath ta'en displeasure 'gainst his gentle niece;
Grounded upon no other argument,
But that the people praise her for her virtues,

And

And pity her for her good father's fake;
And on my life, his malice 'gainst the lady
Will suddenly break forth. Sir, fare you well;
Hereaster, in a better world than this,
I shall defire more love and knowledge of you

I shall defire more love and knowledge of you. [Exit. Orla. I rest much bounden to you: fare you well! Thus must I from the smoke into the smother; From tyrant Duke unto a tyrant brother:

From tyrant Duke unto a tyrant brother:
But heav'nly Rofalind!

[Exit.

## SCENE changes to an Apartment in the Palace.

#### Enter CELIA and ROSALIND.

Cel. Why, cousin; why, Rofalind; Cupid have mer-

Ros. Not one to throw at a dog.

Cel. No, thy words are too precious to cast away upon curs, throw some of them at me! come, lame me with reasons.

Rof. Then there were two coufins laid up, when the one should be lamed with reasons and the other mad without any.

Cel. But is all this for your father?

Ros. No, some of it is for my father's child. Oh,

how full of briars is this working-day world!

Cel. They are but burs, cousin, thrown upon thee in holiday foolery; if we walk not in the trodden paths, our very petticoats will catch them.

Rof. I could shake them off my coat; these burs are in

my heart.

Cel. Hem them away.

Rof. I would try, if I could cry, hem, and have him:

Cel. Come, come, wrestle with thy affections.

Ros. O, they take the part of a better wrestler than

myself.

Cel. O, a good wish upon you! you will try in time, in despite of a fall;—but turning these jests out of service, let us talk in good earnest; is it possible on such a sudden you should fall into so strong a liking with old Sir Rowland's younger son?

Ros.

Ros. The Duke my father loved his father dearly.

Cel. Doth it therefore enfue, that you should love his fon dearly; by this kind of chase, I should hate him; for my father hated his father dearly; yet I hate not Orlando.

Rof. No faith, hate him not, for my fake.

## Enter DUKE, with Lords.

Rest. Let me love him for that; and do you love him because I do. Look, here comes the Duke.

Cel. With his eyes full of anger.

Duke. Mistress, dispatch you with your safest haste, And get you from our court.

Ros. Me, uncle! Duke. You, cousin.

Within these ten days if that thou be'st found So near our public court as twenty miles,

Thou diest for it.

Ros. I do beseech your Grace,
Let me the knowledge of my fault bear with me:
If with myself I hold intelligence,
Or have acquaintance with my own desires;
If that I do not dream, or be not frantic,
(As I do trust I am not,) then, dear uncle,
Never so much as in a thought unborn
Did I offend your Highness.

Duke. Thus do all traitors;
If their purgation did confift in words,
They are as innocent as grace itself:
Let it suffice thee, that I trust thee not.

Rof. Yet your mistrust cannot make me a traitor;

Tell me wherein the likelihood depends.

Duke. Thou art thy father's daughter, there's enough.

Rof. So was I, when your Highness took his dukedom;

So was I, when your highness banish'd him; Treason is not inherited, my lord;

Or if we did derive it from our friends,

What's that to me? my father was no traitor: Then, good my liege, mistake me not so much,

To think my poverty is treacherous. Cel. Dear fovereign, hear me speak.

Duke. Ay, Celia, we but flaid her for your fake;

Else had she with her father rang'd along.

Cel.

Cel. I did not then entreat to have her stay; It was your pleasure, and your own remorse; I was too young that time to value her; But now I know her! if she be a traitor, Why so am I; we still have slept together, Rose at an instant, learn'd, play'd, eat together; And wheresoe'er we went, like Juno's swans, Still we went coupled and inseparable.

Duke. She is too fubtle for thee; and her smoothness, Her very silence and her patience,
Speak to the people, and they pity her:
Thou art a fool, she robs thee of thy name,
And thou wilt shew more bright, and seem more virtuous,
When she is gone; then open not thy lips:

Firm and irrevocable is my doom,

Which I have passed upon her; she is banished.

Cel. Pronounce that sentence then on me, my liege;

I cannot live out of her company.

Duke. You are a fool: you niece, provide yourself; If you out-stay the time, upon mine honour, And in the greatness of my word, you die.

[Exeunt Duke, &c.

Cel. O my poor Refalind; where wilt thou go? Wilt thou change fathers! I will give thee mine: I charge thee, be not thou more grieved than I am.

Ros. I have more cause. Cel. Thou hast not cousin;

Pr'ythee, be cheerful; know'ft thou not, the Duke Has banished me his daughter?

Rof. That he hath not.

Cel. No; hath not? Rofalind lacks then the love, Which teaches me that thou and I are one: Shall we be fundered? shall we part, sweet girl? No, let my father seek another heir. Therefore devise with me how we may sly; Whither to go, and what to bear with us; And do not seek to take your charge upon you, To bear your griess yourself, and leave me out: For by this heaven, now at our forrows pale, Say what thou canst, I'll go along with thee.

Rof. Why, whither shall we go !

Cel. To feek my uncle in the forest of Arden. Ros. Alas, what danger will it be to us,

Maids as we are, to travel forth so far! Beauty provoketh thieves sooner than gold.

Cel. I'll put myself in poor and mean attire, And with a kind of umber smirch my face; The like do you; so shall we pass along, And never stir assailants.

Rof. Were't not better,

Because that I am more than common tall,

That I did suit me all points like a man;

A gallant curtle-ax upon my thigh,

A boar-spear in my hand, (and in my heart

Lie there what hidden woman's fears there will)

We'll have a swashing and a martial outside,

As many other mannish cowards have,

That do outsace it with their semblances.

Cel. What shall I call thee, when thou art a man?
Ros. I'll have no worse a name than Jove's own page:
And therefore, look, you call me Ganimede.
But what will you be call'd?

Cel. Something that hath a reference to my state:

No longer Celia, but Aliena.

Rof. But, cousin, what if we assaid to steal The clownish fool out of your father's court; Would he not be a comfort to our travel?

Cel. He'll go along o'er the wide world with me, Leave me alone to woo him; let's away, And get our jewels and our wealth together; Devife the fittest time, and safest way

To hide us from pursuit that will be made

After my flight: now go we in content

To Liberty, and not to Banishment.

[Exeunt.

### ACT II.

## SCENE, ARDEN FOREST.

Enter Duke Senior, Amiens, and two or three Lords like Foresters.

DUKE senior. NOW, my co-mates, and brothers in exile, Hath not old custom made this life more sweet Than that of painted pomp? Are not these woods More free from peril than the envious Court? Here feel we but the penalty of Adam, The Seasons' difference; as, the icy phang, And churlish chiding of the winter's wind; Which, when it bites and blows upon my body, Even till I shrink with cold, I smile, and fay, This is no flattery: these are counsellors, That feelingly perfuade me what I am. Sweet are the uses of Advertity, Which, like the toad, ugly and venomous, Wears yet a precious jewel in his head: And this our life, exempt from public haunt, Finds tongues in trees, books in the running brooks. Sermons in stones, and good in every thing.

Ami. I would not change it; happy is your Grace, That can translate the slubbornness of fortune

Into so quiet and so sweet a style.

Duke Sen. Come, shall we go and kill us venison? And yet it irks me, the poor dappled fools, Being native burghers of this desert city, Should in their own confines, with forked heads Have their round haunches goard.

The melancholy Jaques grieves at that;
And in that kind fwears you do more usurp
Than doth your brother, that hath banish'd you:
To day my lord of Amiens, and myself,
Did steal behind him, at he lay along
Under an oak, whose antique root peeps out
Upon the brook that brawls along this wood;

To the which place a poor sequester'd stag,
That from the hunter's aim had ta'en a hurt,
Did come to languish; and, indeed, my lord,
The wretched animal heav'd forth such groans
That their discharge did stretch his leathern coat
Almost to bursting; and the big round tears
Cours'd one another down his innocent nose
In piteous chase; and thus the hairy sool,
Much marked of the melancholy faques,
Stood on th' extremest verge of the swift brook,
Augmenting it with tears.

Duke Sen. But what said Jaques; Did he not moralize this spectacle?

I Lord. O yes, into a thousand similies. First, for his weeping in the needless stream; Poor Deer, quoth he, thou mak'ft a testament As worldlings do, giving thy fum of more To that which had too much. Then being alone. Left and abandon'd of his velvet friends; 'Tis right, quoth he, thus misery doth part The flux of company; anon a careless herd, Full of the pasture, jumps along by him, And never stays to greet him: ay, quoth Jaques. Sweep on, you fat and greafy citizens, 'Tis just the fashion: wherefore do you look Upon that poor and broken bankrupt here? Thus most invectively he pierceth through The body of the country, city, court; Yea, and of this our life: swearing that we Are mere usurpers, tyrants, and what's worse, To fright the animals, and to kill them up In their affign'd and native dwelling place.

Duke Sen. And did you leave him in this contemplation? 2 Lord. We did, my Lord, weeping and commenting

Upon the fobbing deer.

Duke Sen. Show me the place; I love to cope him in these fullen fits, For then he's full of matter.

2 Lord. I'll bring you to him straight.

[ Exeunt.

# SCENE changes to the PALACE again.

## Enter Duke FREDERICK, with Lords.

Duke. Can it be possible, that no man faw them? It cannot be; some villains of my court Are of consent and sufferance in this.

I Lord. I cannot hear of any that did fee her. The ladies, her attendants of her chamber, Saw her a-bed, and in the morning early They found the bed untreasur'd of their mistress.

2 Lord. My lord, the roynish clown, at whom so oft Your Grace was wont to laugh, is also missing: Hisperia, the Princess' gentlewoman, Confesses, that she secretly o'er-heard Your daughter and her coulin much commend The parts and graces of the wrestler, That did but lately foil the finewy Charles; And she believes, where ever they are gone, That youth is furely in their company.

Duke. Send to his brother, fetch that gallant hither: If he be absent, bring his brother to me, I'll make him find him; do this suddenly; And let not fearch and inquifition quail To bring again these runaways.

[ Exeunt.

# SCENE changes to OLIVER'S House.

## Enter ORLANDO and ADAM.

Orla. Who's there? Adam. What! my young master? oh, my gentle master, Oh, my sweet master, O you memory Of old Sir Rowland! why, what make you here? Why are you virtuous? why do people love you? And wherefore are you gentle, flrong, and valiant? Why should you be so fond to overcome The bonny Prifer of the humorous Duke? Your praise is come too swiftly home before you.

Know

Know you not, master, to some kind of men Their graces serve them but as enemies? No more do yours: your virtues, gentle master, Are sanctified and holy traitors to you.

O, what a world is this, when what is comely Envenoms him that bears it!

Orla. Why, what's the matter? Adam. O unhappy youth,

Come not within these doors; within this roof
The enemy of all your graces lives;
Your brother—(no; no brother; yet the son—
Yet not the son; I will not call him son
Of him I was about to call his father,)
Hath heard your praises, and this night he means
To burn the lodging where you use to lie,
And you within it; if he sail of that,
He will have other means to cut you off;
I overheard him, and his practices;
This is no place, this house is but a butchery;
Abhor it, sear it, do not enter it.

Orla. Why, whither, Adam, would'st thou have me go? Adam. No matter whither, so you come not here.

Orla. What, wouldst thou have me go and beg my food? Or with a base, and boisterous sword enforce A thievish living on the common road? This I must do, or know not what to do: Yet this I will not do, do how I can; I rather will subject me to the malice Of a diverted blood, and bloody brother.

Adam. But do not so; I have five hundred crowns, The thrifty hire I sav'd under your father, Which I did store, to be my softer nurse When service should in my old limbs lie lame, And unregarded age in corners thrown; Take that: and he that doth the ravens feed, Yea, providently caters for the sparrow, Be comfort to my age! here is the gold, All this I give you, let me be your servant; Tho' I look old, yet I am strong and lusty; For in my youth I never did apply. Hot and rebellious liquors in my blood; Nor did I with unbathful forehead woo. The means of weakness and debility.

Therefore

"Therefore my age is as a lufty winter, Frosty, but kindly; let me go with you; I'll do the service of a younger man In all your business and necessities.

Orla. Oh! good old man, how well in thee appears The constant service of the antique world; When service sweat for duty, not for meed! Thou art not for the fashion of these times, Where none will sweat, but for promotion; And, having that, to chook their service up Even with the having; it is not so with thee; But, poor old man, thou prun'st a rotten tree, That cannot so much as a blossom yield, In lieu of all thy pains and husbandry; But come thy ways, we'll go along together; And ere we have thy youthful wages spent, We'll light upon some settled low content.

Adam. Master, go on; and I will follow thee To the last gasp with truth and loyalty. From seventeen years, 'till now almost sourscore, Here liv'd I, but now live here no more. At seventeen years many their fortunes seek; But at sourscore, it is too late a week; Yet fortune cannot recompense me better, Than to die well, and not my master's debtor.

[Exit.

# SCENE changes to the Forest of Arden.

Enter ROSALIND in Boys cloaths for GANIMEDE. CELIA drest like a Shepherdess for Aliena, and Clown.

Rof. O Jupiter! how weary are my spirits?

Clo. I care not for my spirits, if my legs were not weary.

Ros. I could find in my heart to disgrace my man's apparel, and cry like a woman; but I must comfort the weaker vessel, as doublet and hose ought to shew itself courageous to petticoat; therefore, courage, good Aliena. Cel. I pray you bear with me, I can go no further.

Clo.

Clo. For my part I had rather bear with you, than bear you; yet I should bear no cross, if I did bear you; for I think you have no money in your purse.

Rof Well, this is the forest of Arden.

Ch. Aye; now I am in Arden, the more fool I; when I was at home, I was in a better place; but travellers must be content.

Rof. Aye, be fo, good Mr. Touchstone: look you, who comes here; a young man and old in folemn talk.

#### Enter CORIN and SILVIUS.

Cor. That is the way to make her fcorn you still. Sil. O Corin, that thou knew'st how I do love her?

Sil. O Corin, that thou knew'lt how I do love her Cor. I partly guess; for I have lov'd ere now.

Sil. No, Corin, being old, thou canst not guess, Tho' in thy youth thou wast as true a lover, As ever sigh'd upon a midnight pillow; But if thy love were ever like to mine, (As, sure, I think, did never man love so) How many actions most ridiculous Hast thou been drawn to by thy fantasty?

Cor. Into a thou fand that I have forgotten.

Sil. O, thou didft then ne'er love fo heartily;
If thou remember'st not the slightest folly,
That ever love did make thee run into.
Thou hast not lov'd.——
Or if thou hast not sate as I do now
Wearying the hearer in thy mistress' praise,
Thou hast not lov'd.——
Or if thou hast not broke from company.

Abruptly as my passion now makes me:
Thou hast not lov'd.———

O Phebe! Phebe! Phebe! [Exit Size. Ref. Alas, poor Shepherd! fearthing of thy wound, I have by hard adventure found my own.

broke my sword upon a stone, and bid him take that for coming a nights to Jane Smile; and I remember the kissing of her batlet, and the cow's dugs that her pretty chopt hands had milk'd; and I remember the wooing of a peascod instead of her, from whom I took two cods, and giving her them again, said with weeping tears, wear these

for

for my fake. We, that are true lovers, run into strange capers; but as all is mortal in nature, so is all nature in love mortal in folly.

Rof. Thou speak'st wifer, than thou art 'ware of.

Clo. Nay, I shall ne'er beware of mine own wit, till I break my shins against it.

Rof. Jove! Jove! this Shepherd's paffion is much up-

on my fashion.

Clo. And mine; but it grows something stale with me.

Cel. I pray you, one of you question youd man,

If he for gold will give us any food;

I faint almost to death.

Clo. Holla; you, Clown!

Ros. Peace, fool; he's not thy kinsman.

Cor. Who calls?

Clo. Your betters, Sir.

Cor. Else they are very wretched.

Ros. Peace, I say; good even to you, friend.
Cor. And to you, gentle Sir, and to you all.
Ros. I pr'ythee, shepherd, if that love or gold
Can in this desert place buy entertainment,
Bring us where we may rest ourselves, and seed;
Here's a young maid with travel much oppress'd.

And faints for fuccour.

Cor. Fair Sir, I pity her,
And wish for her sake, more than for mine own,
My fortunes were more able to relieve her;
But I am a Shepherd to another man,
And do not sheer the sleeces that I graze;
My master is of churlish disposition,
And little wreaks to find the way to heav'n
By doing deeds of hospitality:
Besides, his Coate, his slocks, and bounds of seed
Are now on sale, and at our sheep-coate now,
By reason of his absence, there is nothing
That you will feed on; but what is, come see:
And in my voice most welcome shall you be.

Ros. What is he, that shall buy his flock and pasture? Cor. That young swain, that you saw here but ere while,

That little cares for buying any thing.

Rof. I pray thee, if it stand with honesty, Buy thou the cottage, pasture and the flock, And thou shalt have to pay for it of us.

Cel. And we will mend thy wages.

I like this place, and willingly could waste

My time in it.

Cor. Affuredly the thing is to be fold; Go with me; if you like, upon report, The foil, the profit; and this kind of life, I will your very faithful leader be; And buy it with your gold right fuddenly.

[Exeunt.

SCENE changes to a defert part of the FOREST.

Enter AMIENS, JAQUES, and others.

#### SONG.

Ami. Under the green-wood tree,
Who loves to lie with me,
And tune his merry note,
Unto the fweet bird's throat,
Come hither, come hither, come hither:
Here shall he see
No enemy,
But winter and rough weather.

Jaq. More, more, I pr'ythee, more.

Ami. It will make you melancholy, Monsieur Jaques. Jaq. I thank it; more, I pr'ythee more; I can suck melancholy out of a song, as a weazel sucks eggs: more I pr'ythee, more.

Ami. My voice is rugged, I know I cannot please you. Faq. I do not desire you to please me, I do desire you to sing; come, come, another stanza;—call you 'em stanzas?

Ami. What you will, Monsieur Jaques.

Jaq. Nay, I care not for their names, they owe me nothing.—Will you fing?

Ami. More at your request, than to please myself.

Jaq. Well then, if ever I thank any man, I'll thank you; but that, they call Compliment, is like the encounter of two dog-apes. And when a man thanks me heartily, methinks, I have given him a penny, and he renders me the beggarly thanks. Come, fing; and you that will not, hold your tongues.——

D

Ami. Well, I'll end the fong, Sirs; cover the while; the Duke will dine under this tree; he hath been all this

day to look you.

Jaq. And I have been all this day to avoid him. He is too disputable for my company: I think of as many matters as he, but I give heav'n thanks, and make no boast of them. Come, warble, come.

#### S O N G.

Who doth ambition shun,
And loves to lie i' th' sun,
Seeking the food he eats,
And pleas'd with what he gets;
Come hither, come hither, come hither;
Here shall he see
No enemy,
But winter and rough weather.

Jaq. I'll give you a verse to this note, that I made yesterday in despite of my invention.

Ami. And I'll fing it. Yaq. Thus it goes.

If it do come to pass,
That any man turn ass;
Leaving his wealth and ease
A stubborn will to please,
Duc ad me, duc ad me, duc ad me;
Here shall he see
Gross fools as he,
An' if he will come to me.

Ami. What's that duc ad me?

Jaq. 'Tis a Greek invocation, to call fools into a circle. I'll go to fleep, if I can; if I cannot, I'll rail against all the first-born of Egypt.

Ami. And I'll go feek the Duke: his banquet is prepar'd. [Exeunt severally.

## Enter ORLANDO and ADAM.

Adam. Dear master, I can go no further; O, I die for food! here lie I down, and measure out my grave. Farewel, kind master.

Orla.

Orla. Why, how now, Adam! no greater heart in thee? live a little; comfort a little; cheer thyfelf a little. If this uncouth forest yield any thing savage, I will either be food for it, or bring it for food to thee: thy conceit is nearer death than thy powers. For my fake be comfortable, hold death awhile at the arm's end: I will be here with thee presently, and if I bring thee not something to eat, I'll give thee leave to die. But if thou diest before I come, thou art a mocker of my labour. Well faid, thou look'st cheerly; and I'll be with thee quickly; yet thou lieft in the bleak air. Come, I will bear thee to some shelter, and thou shalt not die for lack of a dinner, if there live any thing in this defert. Cheerly, good Adam! [Exeunt.

### Enter DUKE Sen. and Lords.

A table set out.

Duke Sen. I think he is transformed into a beaft, For I can no where find him like a man.

I Lord. My Lord, he is but even now gone hence:

Here was he merry, hearing of a fong.

Duke Sen. If he compact of jars, grow musical, We shall have shortly discord in the spheres. Go, feek him; tell him, I would fpeak with him.

## Enter JAQUES.

I Lord. He faves my labour by his own approach. Duke Sen. Why, how now, Monsieur, what a life is this. That your poor friends must woo your company?

What! you look merrily!

Faq. A fool, a fool!——I met a fool i'th' forest. A motley fool; a miserable world! As I do live by food, I met a fool; Who laid him down, and bask'd him in the sun. And rail'd on Lady Fortune in good terms, In good fet terms, and yet a motley fool. Good-morrow fool, quoth I; No, Sir, quoth he, Call me not fool, 'till heaven hath fent me fortune: And then he drew a dial from his poak, And looking on it with lack-lustre eye, Says very wifely, it is ten o'clock: Thus may we see, quoth he, how the world wags:

'Tis but an hour ago, fince it was nine,
And after one hour more 'twill be eleven;
And fo from hour to hour, we ripe and ripe,
And then from hour to hour, we rot and rot,
And thereby hangs a tale. When I did hear
The motley fool thus moral on the time,
My lungs began to crow like chanticleer,
That fools should be so deep contemplative:
And I did laugh, sans intermission,
An hour by his dial.—O noble fool,
A worthy fool! motley's the only wear.

Duke Sen. What fool is this?

Jaq. O worthy fool! one that hath been a courtier,
And fays, if ladies be but young and fair,
They have the gift to know it: and in his brain,
Which is as dry as the remainder bifket
After a voyage, he hath strange places cram'd
With observation, the which he vents
In mangled forms. O that I were a fool,
I am ambitious for a motley coat.

Duke Sen. Thou shalt have one.

Jag. It is my only suit; Provided, that you weed your better judgments Of all opinion, that grows rank in them, That I am wife. I must have liberty Withal, as large a charter as the wind, To blow on whom I please; for so fools have; And they that are most galled with my folly, They most must laugh: and why, Sir, must they so? The why is plain, as way to parish church; He, whom a fool doth very wifely hit, Doth very foolishly, although he fmart, Not to feem fenfeless of the bob. If not, The wife man's folly is anatomiz'd Even by the squand'ring glances of the sool. Invest me in my motley, give me leave To speak my mind, and I will through and through Cleanse the foul body of th' infected world,

If they will patiently receive my medicine.

Duke Sen. Fie on thee! I can tell what thou wouldst do.

Jaq. What for a counter, would I do but good?

Duke Sen. Most mischievous foul sin, in chiding sin:

For thou thyself hast been a libertine,

Aş

As fenfual as the bruitish sting itself;
And all the embossed fores and headed evils,
That thou with licence of free foot has caught,
Wouldst thou disgorge into the general world.

Jaq. Why, who cries out on pride, That can therein tax any private party? Doth it not flow as hugely as the fea, 'Till that the very means do ebb? What woman in the city do I name, When that I fay, the city-woman bears The cost of Princes on unworthy shoulders? Who can come in, and fay, that I mean her; When fuch a one as she, such is her neighbour. Or what is he of basest function, That fays his bravery is not on my cost; Thinking, that I mean him; but therein fuits His folly to the metal of my speech? There then; how then? what then? let me see wherein My tongue hath wrong'd him; if it do him right, Then he hath wrong'd himself; if he be free, Why then my taxing, like a wild-goofe, flies Unclaimed of any man. But who comes here?

## Enter ORLANDO, with his fword drawn.

Orla. Forbear, and eat no more.

Jaq. Why, I have eat none yet.

Orla. Nor shalt thou 'till necessity be served. Jaq. Of what kind should this cock come of?

Duke Sen. Art thou thus bolden'd man by thy distres?

Or else a rude despiser of good manners, That in civility thou seem'st so empty?

Orla. You touch'd my vein at first; the thorny point Of bare distress has ta'en from me the shew Of smooth civility; yet am I inland bread, And know some nurture: but forbear, I say: He dies that touches any of this fruit, 'Till I and my affairs are answered.

Jaq. If you will not

Be answered with reason, I must die.

Duke Sen. What would you have? Your gentleness shall force,

More than your force move us to gentleness.

Orla. I almost die for food, and let me have it.

Duke.

Duke Sen. Sit down and feed, and welcome to our table. Orla. Speak you fo gently? pardon me, I pray you; I thought that all things had been favage here; And therefore put I on the countenance Of stern commandment. But whate'er you are, That in this defert inaccessible, Under the shade of melancholy boughs, Lose and neglect the creeping hours of time; If ever you have look'd on better days; If ever been where bells have knoll'd to church; If ever fat at any good man's feast; If ever from your eye-lids wip'd a tear, And know what 'tis to pity and be pitied; Let gentleness my strong enforcement be, In the which hope I blush, and hide my sword.

Duke Sen. True is it, that we have feen better days; And have with holy bell been knoll'd to church; And fat at good men's feafts; and wip'd our eyes Of drops that facred pity hath engender'd: And therefore fit you down in gentleness, And take upon command what help we have, That to your wanting may be ministered.

Orla. Then but forbear your food a little while, Whiles, like a doe, I go to find my fawn, And give it food. There is an old poor man, Who after me hath many a weary step Limp'd in pure love; 'till he be first sufficed, Oppres'd with two weak evils, age and hunger, I will not touch a bit.

- Duke Sen. Go find him out,

And we will nothing waste till you return.

Orla. I thank ye; and be bles'd for your good comfort! [Exis.

Duke Sen. Thou feeft, we are not all alone unhappy: This wide and univerfal Theatre
Prefents more woeful pageants, than the scene
Wherein we play in.

Jag. All the world's a flage,

And all the men and women merely players; They have their Exits and their entrances, And one man in his time plays many parts: His acts being feven ages. At first the infant, Mewling and puking in the nurse's arms:

And then the whining school-boy, with his satchel, And shining morning-face, creeping like snail, Unwillingly to school. And then, the lover; Sighing like furnace with a woeful ballad Made to his mistress' eye-brow. Then, a soldier, Full of strange oaths and bearded like the pard, Jealous in honour, fudden and quick in quarrel, Seeking the bubble reputation Even in the cannon's mouth. And then, the justice In fair round belly with good capon lin'd, With eyes fevere, and beard of formal cut, Full of wife faws and modern inftances, And fo he plays his part. The fixth age shifts Into the lean and flipper'd pantaloon, With spectacles on nose, and pouch on side; His youthful hofe well fav'd a world too wide For his shrunk shank; and his big manly voice, Turning again toward childish treble, pipes And whistles in his found. Last scene of all, That ends this strange eventful history, Is fecond childishness, and mere oblivion, Sans teeth, fans eyes, fans tafte, fans every thing.

## Enter ORLANDO, with ADAM.

Duke Sen. Welcome: set down your venerable burden, And let him seed.

Orla. I thank you most for him. Adam. So had you need,

I scarce can speak to thank you for myself.

Duke Sen. Welcome, fall to: I will not trouble you, As yet to question you about your fortunes. Give us some music; and good cousin, sing.

#### SONG.

Ami. Blow, blow, thou winter wind,
Thou art not so unkind
As man's ingratitude;
Thy tooth is not so keen,
Because thou art not seen,
Altho' thy breath be rude.

Heigh ho! sing, heigh ho! unto the green holly; Most friendship is feigning; most loving mere folly: Then heigh ho, the holly! This life is most jolly.

Freeze, freeze, thou bitter sky,
Thou dost not bite so nigh
As benefits forget:
Tho' thou the waters warp,
Thy sing is not so sharp
As friend remembered not.
Heigh ho! sing, &c.

Duke Sen. If that you were the good Sir Rowland's son, As you have whisper'd faithfully you were, And as mine eye doth his effigies witness, Most truly limm'd and living in your face, Be truly welcome hither. I am the Duke, That lov'd your father: The residue of your fortune, Go to my cave and tell me. Good old man, Thou art right welcome, as thy master is; Support him by the arm; give me your hand, And let me all your fortunes understand. [Exeunt.

### ACT III.

SCENE, the PALACE,

Enter DUKE, Lords, and OLIVER.

DUKE.

NOT fee him fince? Sir, Sir, that cannot be:
But were I not the better part made mercy,
I should not feek an absent argument
Of my revenge, thou present: but look to it;
Find out thy brother, wheresoe'er he is;
Seek him with candle: bring him dead or living,
Within this twelvemonth; or turn thou no more
To seek a living in our territory.

Thy lands and all things that thou dost call thine, Worth seizure, do we seize into our hands; 'Till thou canst quit thee by thy brother's mouth, Of what we think against thee.

Off. Oh, that your Highness knew my heart in this:

I never lov'd my brother in my life.

Duke. Mere villian thou. Well, puth him out of doors; And let my officers of such a nature

Make an extent upon his house and lands:

Do this expediently, and turn him going.

[Exeunt.

# SCENE changes to the Forest.

## Enter ORLANDO.

Orlà. Hang there, my verfe, in witness of my love; And thou thrice-crowned Queen of night furvey,

With thy chaste eye, from thy pale sphere above, Thy huntress' name that my full life doth sway.

O Rofalind! these trees shall be my books, And in their barks my thoughts l'll character; That every eye, which in this forest looks, Shall see thy virtue witness'd every where.

Run, tun, Orlando, carve, on every tree, The fair, the chaste, and unexpressive she!

[Exit.

#### Enter CORIN and CLOWN.

Cor. And how like you this shepherd's life, Mr. Touch-

Clo. Truly, shepherd, in respect of itself, it is a good life; but in respect that it is a shepherd's life, it is naught. In respect that it is folitary, I like it very well: but in respect that it is private, it is a very vile life. Now, in respect it is in the fields, it pleaseth me well; but in respect it is not in the Court, it is tedious. As it is a spare life, look you, it fits my temper well; but as there is no more plenty in it, it goes against my stomach. Hast any philosophy in thee, shepherd?

Cor. No more, but that I know, the more one fickens, the worke at eafe he is: and that he, that wants money,

means, and content, is without three good friends. That the property of rain is to wet, and fire to burn: that good pasture makes fat sheep; and that a great cause of the night, is the lack of the sun: that he, who hath learned no wit by nature nor art, may complain of good breeding, or comes of a very dull kindred.

Clo. Such a one is a natural philosopher. Wast ever at

Court, shepherd?

Cor. No, truly.

Clo. Then thou art damn'd.

Cor. For not being at Court? your reason.

Clo. Why, if thou never wast at Court, thou never faw'st good manners: if thou never faw'st good manners, then thy manners must be wicked; and wickedness is sin, and sin is damnation: thou art in a parlous state, shepherd.

Cor. Not a whit, Touchstone; those, that are good manners at the Court, are as ridiculous in the country as the behaviour of the country is most mockable at the Court. You told me, you salute not at the Court, but you kiss your hands; that courtefy would be uncleanly, if courtiers were shepherds.

Clo. Instance, briefly; come, instance.

Cor. Why, we are still handling our ewes; and their

fells, you know, are greafy.

Clo. Why do not your courtiers' hands sweat? and is not the grease of a mutton as wholesome as the sweat of a man? shallow, shallow;——a better instance, I say; come.

Cor. Besides, our hands are hard.

. Clo. Your lips will feel them the fooner. Shallow

Cor. And they are often tarr'd over with the furgery of our sheep; and would you have us kiss tar? the cour-

tiers hands are perfumed with civet.

Clo. Most shallow man! thou worms-meat, in respect of a good piece of slesh, indeed! learn of the wise, and perpend; civet is of a baser birth than tar; the very uncleanly flux of a cat. Mend the instance, shepherd.

Cor. You have too courtly a wit for me; I'll rest.

Clo. Wilt thou rest damn'd? God help thee, shallow

man : God make incision in thee, thou art raw.

Cor. Sir, I am a true labourer, I earn that I eat; get that I wear: owe no man hate, envy no man's happiness; glad of other men's good; content with my harm; and the greatest of my pride is to fee my ewes graze, and my lambs suck.

Clo. I not is another ample fin in you, to bring the ewes and rams together, and to offer to get your living by the copulation of cattle; to be a bawd to a bell-weather; and to be tray a she-lamb of a twelvementh to a crooked pated old cuckoldly ram, out of all reasonable match. If thou be'st not damn'd for this, the devil himself will have no shepherds; I cannot see else how thou should the same and the

Cor Here comes young Mr. Ganimed, my new mis-

tress's brother.

## Enter ROSALIND, with a paper.

Ros. From the east to western Inde,
No jewel is like Rosalind.
Her worth, being mounted on the wind,
Through all the world bears Rosalind,
All the pistures, fairest lin'd
Are but black to Rosalind.
Let no face be kept in mind,
But the face of Rosalind.

Clo. I'll rhime you fo, eight years together; dinners, and suppers, and sleeping hours excepted: it is the right butter women's rank to market.

Ros. Out, fool!

If a hart doth lack a hind, Let him feek out Rosalind. If the cat will after kind, So, be fure, will Rosalind. Winter-garments must be lin'd, So must slender Rosalind, They that reap, must sheaf and bind; Then to cart with Rosalind. Sweetest nut hath sowerest rind, Such a nut is Rosalind. He that sweetest rose will find. Must find love'e prick, and Rosalind.

This is the very false gallop of verses; why do you insect yourself with them?

Ros. Peace, you dull fool, I found them on a tree.

Clo. Truly, the tree yields bad fruit.

Rof. I'll graff it with you, and then I'll graff it with a medler; then it will be the earliest fruit i'th' country; for you will be rotten ere you be half ripe, and that's the right virtue of the medler.

Clo. You have faid; but whether wifely or no, let the

forest judge.

# Enter CELIA, with a writing.

Roj. Peace, here comes my fifter, reading: fland afide.

Cel. Why should this a desert be, For it is unpeopl'd? No; Tongues I'll hang on every tree, That shall civil sayings show. Some, how brief the life of man Runs his erring pilgrimage; That the stretching of a span Buckles in his fum of age; Some of violated vows, 'Twixt the souls of friend and friend; But upon the fairest boughs, Or at every sentence end, Will I Rofalinda write; Teaching all, that read, to know, This quintessence of every sprite, Heaven would in little show; Therefore heaven nature chang'd, That one body should be fill'd With all graces wide enlarg'd; Nature presently distill d Helen's cheeks, but not her heart, Cleopatra's majesty; Atalanta's better part; Sad Lucretia's modesty.

Thus Rosalind of many parts
By heav'nly synod was devis'd;
Of many faces, eyes and hearts,
To have the touches dearest priz'd.
Heav'n would that she these gifts should have,
And I to live and die her slave.

Ref. O most gentle Jupiter!—what tedious homily of love have you wearied your parishioners withal, and never cry'd,—Have patience, good people!

Cel. How now? back friends! shepherd, go off a lit-

tle: go with him, firrah.

Clo. Come, shepherd, let us make an honourable retreat; tho' not with bag and baggage, yet with scrip and scrippage.

[Exeunt Corin and Clown.

Cel. Didst thou hear these verses?

Rof. O yes, I heard them all, and more too; for fome of them had in them more feet than the verses would bear.

Cel. That's no matter; the feet might bear the verses. Ros. Ay, but the feet were lame, and could not bear themselves without the verse, and therefore stood lamely in the verse.

Cel. But didst thou hear without wondering, how thy

name should be hang'd and carv'd upon these trees?

Ros. I was seven of the nine days out of wonder, before you came; for, look here, what I found on a palm-tree; I was never so be-rhimed since Pythagoras's time, that I was an Irish rat, which I can hardly remember.

Cel. Trow you, who hath done this?

Rof. Is it a man?

Cel. And a chain, that you once wore, about his neck: Change you colour?

Ros. I pr'ythee, who?

Cel. O Lord, Lord, it is a hard matter for friends to meet; but mountains may be removed with earthquakes, and fo encounter.

Rof. Nay, but who is it?

Cel. Is it possible?

Ros. Nay, I pr'ythee now, with most petitionary verhemence, tell me who it is.

Cel. O wonderful, wonderful, and yet most wonderful, wonder-

wonderful, and yet again wonderful, and after that out

of all whooping

Ros. Good, my complexion! dost thou think, though I am caparison'd like a man, I have a doublet and hose in my disposition? One inch of delay more is a South-Sea off discovery. I pr'ythee tell me, who is it; quickly, and speak apace: I would thou couldst stammer, that thou might'st pour this concealed man out of thy mouth, as wine comes out of a narrow-mouth'd bottle; either too much at once, or none at all. I pr'ythee, take the cork out of thy mouth, that I may drink thy tidings.

Cel. So you may put a man in your belly.

Rof. 1s he of God's making; what manner of man? is his head worth a hat, or his chin worth a heard?

Cel. Nav, he hath but a little beard.

Rof. Why, God will fend more, if the man will be thankful; let me stay the growth of his beard, if thou delay me not the knowledge of his chin.

Cel. It is young Orlando, that tripp'd up the wrestler's

heels and your heart both in an instant.

Rof. Nay, but the devil take mocking; fpeak, fad brow, and true maid.

Cel. l'faith, coz, 'tis he.

Rof. Orlando! Gel. Orlando.

Ref. Alas the day, what shall I do with my doublet and hose? what did he, when thou saw'st him? what said he? how look'd he? wherein went he? what makes he here? did he ask for me? where remains he? how parted he with thee? and when shalt thou see him again? answer me in one word.

Cel. You must borrow me Garagantua's mouth first; 'tis a word too great for any man of this age's size: to say, ay, and no, to these particulars, is more than to an-

fwer in a catechifm.

Rof. But doth he know that I am in this forest, and in man's apparel? looks he as freshly as he did the day he

wreftled?

Cel. It is as easy to count atoms, as to resolve the propositions of a lover: but take a taste of my finding him, and relish it with good observance. I sound him under a tree, like a dropp'd acorn.

Resolve

Ros. It may well be called Jove's tree, when it drops forth fuch fruit.

Cel. Give me audience, good Madam.

Rof. Proceed.

Cel. There lay he stretch'd along like a wounded Knight.

Ros. Tho' it be pity to see such a fight, it well becomes

the ground.

Cel. Cry, holla! to thy tongue, I pr'ythee; it curvets unseasonably. He was furnished like a hunter.

Rof. Oh, ominous; he comes to kill my heart.

Cel. I would fing my fong without a burden; thou bring'st me out of tune.

Ros. Do you not know I am a woman? when I think, I must speak? Sweet, say on.

## Enter ORLANDO and JAQUES.

Cel. You bring me out. Soft, comes he not here?

Ros. 'Tis he; flink by, and note him.

[Celia and Rosalind, retire.

Yaq. I thank you for your company; but good faith, I had as lief have been myfelf alone.

Orla. And so had I; but yet for fashion sake, I thank you too for your fociety.

Jag. God b'w' you, let's meet as little as we can. ]

Orla. I do desire we may be better strangers.

Jaq. I pray you, marr no more trees with writing love fongs in their barks.

Orla. I pray you marr no more of my verses with reading them ill-favouredly.

Jag. Rolalind, is your love's name?

Orla. Yes, just.

Faq. I do not like her name.

Orla. There was no thought of pleasing you, when she was christen'd.

Fag. What stature is she of? Orla. Just as high as my heart.

Jag. You are full of pretty answers; have you not been acquainted with goldsmiths wives, and conn'd them out of rings?

Orla. Not so: but I answer you right painted cloth,

from whence you have studied your questions.

Fag.

Jaq. You have a nimble wit; I think, it was made of Atalanta's heels. Will you fit down with me, and we two will rail against our mistress, the world, and all our misery.

Orla. I will chide no breather in the world but myself,

against whom I know most faults.

Jag. The worst fault you have is to be in love.

Orla. 'Tis a fault I would not change for your best virtue; I am weary of you.

Jaq. By my troth, I was feeking for a fool, when I

found you.

Orla. He is drown'd in the brook; look but in, and you shall see him.

Fag. There I shall see mine own figure.

Orla. Which I take to be either a fool, or a cypher.

Jaq. I'll stay no longer with you; farewell, good
Signior Love!

[Exit.

Orla. I am glad of your departure; adieu, good Monfieur Melancholy! [Cel. and Ros. come forward.

Ref. I will speak to him like a faucy lacquey, and under that habit play the knave with him: do you hear, forester?

Orla. Very well; what would you? Rof. I pray you, what is't o'clock?

Orla. You should ask me, what time o'day; there's

no clock in the forest.

Ros. Then there is no true lover in the forest; else, fighing every minute, and groaning every hour, would detect the lazy foot of time, as well as a clock.

Orla. And why not the swift foot of time? had not

that been as proper?

Rof. By no means, Sir: time travels in divers paces, with divers perfons; I'll tell you who Time ambles withal, who Time trots withal, who Time gallops withal, and who he stands still withal.

Orla. I pr'ythee whom doth he trot withal?

Ros. Marry, he trots hard with a young maid, between the contract of her marriage, and the day it is solemnized: if the interim be but a se'nnight, Time's pace is so hard that it seems the length of seven years.

Orla. Who ambles Time withal?

Rof. With a priest that lacks Latin, and a rich man that

hath not the gout; for the one fleeps easily, because he cannot study; and the other lives merrily, because he feels no pain: the one lacking the burden of lean and wasteful learning; the other knowing no burden of heavy, tedious penury. These Time ambles withal.

Orla. Whom doth he gallop withal?

Ros. With a thief to the gallows: for though he go as foftly as foot can fall, he thinks himself to soon there.

Orla. Whom stays it still withal?

Ros. With lawyers in the vacation; for they sleep between term and term, and then they perceive not how Time moves.

Orla. Where dwell you, pretty youth?

Rof. With this shepherdess, iny slister; here in the skirts of the forest, like fringe upon a petticoat.

Orla. Are you a native of this place?

Ros. As the cony, that you see dwell where she is kindled.

Orla. Your accent is fomething finer than you could

purchase in so removed a dwelling.

Rof. I have been told so of many; but, indeed, an old religious uncle of mine taught me to speak, who was in his youth an in-land man, one that knew courtship too well; for there he fell in love. I have heard him read many lectures against it; and I thank God I am not a woman, to be touch'd with so many giddy offences as he hath generally tax'd their whole sex withal.

Orla. Can you remember any of the principal evils,

that he laid to the charge of women?

Ref. There were none principal, they were all like one another, as halfpence are; every one fault feeming monstrous, till his fellow-fault came to match it.

Orla. I pr'ythee, recount some of them.

Rof. No; I will not call away my physick, but on those that are sick. There is a man haunts the forest, that abuses our young plants with carving Rosalind on their barks; hangs odes upon hawthorns, and elegies on brambles; all, forsooth, deifying the name of Rosalind. If I could meet that fancy-monger, I would give him some good counsel, for he seems to have the Quotidian of love upon him.

Orla. I am he, that is so love-shak'd; I pray you, tell

me your remedy.

Rof. There is none of my uncle's marks upon you; he taught me how to know a man in love; in which cage of rushes, I am sure you are not prisoner.

Orla. What were his marks?

Ros. A lean cheek, which you have not; a blue eye and sunken, which you have not; an unquestionable spirit, which you have not; a beard neglected, which you have not; ——but I pardon you for that, for simply your having in beard is a younger brother's revenue: —then your hose should be ungartered, your bonnet unbanded, your sleeve unbutton'd, your shoe unty'd, and every thing about you demonstrating a careless desolation; but you are no such man, you are rather point-device in your accoutrements, as loving yourself, than seeming the lover of any other.

Orla. Fair youth, I would I could make thee believe I

love.

Ros. Me believe it! you may as foon make her, that you love, believe it; which I warrant she is apter to do, than to confess she does; that is one of the points, in the which women still give the lye to their consciences. But, in good footh, are you he that hangs the verses on the trees, wherein Rosalind is so admired?

Orla. I swear to thee, youth, by the white hand of

Rofalind, I am that he, that unfortunate he!

Rof. But are you so much in love, as your rhimes speak?

Orla. Neither rhime nor reason can express how

much.

Rof. Love is merely a madness, and, I tell you, deserves as well a dark house and a whip, as mad men do: and the reason why they are not so punish'd and cured, is that the lunacy is so ordinary, that the whippers are in love too: yet I profess curing it by counsel.

Orla. Did you ever cure any so?

Ros. Yes, one, and in this manner. He was to imagine me his love, his mistress: and I set him every day to woo me. At which time would I, being but a moonish youth, grieve, be effeminate, changeable, longing, and liking; proud, fantastical, apish, shallow, inconstant, full of tears,

full of fmiles: for every passion something, and for no passion truly any thing, as boys and women are for the most part cattle of this colour; would now like him, now loth him; then entertain him, then forswear him; now weep for him, then spit at him; that I drove my suitor from his mad humour of love to a living humour of madness; which was to forswear the sull stream of the world, and to live in a nook merely monastick; and thus I cur'd him, and this way will I take upon me to wash your liver as clean as a found sheep's heart, that there shall not be one spot of love in't.

Orla. I would not be cur'd, youth.

Ros. I would cure you, if you would but call me Rosalind, and come every day to my cot, and woo me.

Orla. Now by the faith of my love, I will; tell me

where it is.

Ros. Go with me to it, and I will shew it you; and, by the way, you shall tell me where in the forest you live: Will you go?

Orla. With all my heart, good youth.

Ros. Nay, nay, you must call me Rosalind: come, sister, will you go? [Exeunt.

## Enter CLOWN, and AUDREY. JAQUES watching them.

Clo. Come apace, good Audrey, I will fetch up your goats, Audrey; and now, Audrey, am I the man yet? doth my fimple feature content you?

Aud. Your features, Lord warrant us! what features? Cb. I am here with thee and thy goats, as the most capricious poet, honest Ovid, was among the Geths.

Jaq. (Aside.) O knowledge ill-inhabited, worse than

Jove thatch'd house!

Glo. When a man's verses cannot be understood, nor a man's good wit seconded with the forward child, Understanding; it strikes a man more dead than a great reckoning in a little room; truly, I would, the Gods had made thee poetical.

Aud. I do not know what poetical is; is it honest in

deed and word? is it a true thing?

Cho. No, truly; for the truest poetry is the most feigning; and lovers are given to poetry; and what they swear in poetry, may be said, as lovers, they do seign.

F 2

Aud. Do you wish then, that the Gods had made me

poetical?

Clo. I do, truly; for thou fwear'st to me, thou art honest: now if thou wert a poet, I might have some hope thou didst seign.

Aud. Would you not have me honest?

Clo, No, truly; unless thou wert hard-favour'd; for honesty coupled to beauty, is, to have honey a fauce to fugar.

Jaq. [Aside.] A material fool!

Aud. Well, I am not fair; and therefore I pray the Gods make me honest!

Cle. Truly, and to cast away honesty upon a foul flut, were to put good meat into an unclear dish.

Aud. I am not a flut, though I thank the gods I am

foul.

Clo. Well praised be the Gods for thy foulness! fluttiffiness may come hereafter; but be it as it may be, I will marry thee; and to that end I have been with Sir Oliver Mar-text, the vicar of the next village, who hath promis'd to meet me in this place o'th forest, and to couple us.

Jaq. [Afide ] I would fain fee this meeting.

Aud. Well, the Gods give us joy!

Ch. Amen. A man may, if he were of a fearful heart, flagger in this attempt; for here we have no temple but the wood, no affembly but horn heafts. But what tho'! courage. As horns are odious, they are necessary. It is faid, many a man knows no end of his goods: right; many a man has good horns, and knows no end of them. Well, that is the dowry of his wife, 'tis none of his own getting; horns? even so —poor men alone? —no, no the noble st deer hath them as huge as the rascal: is the single man therefore blessed? no. As a wall'd town is more worthier than a village, so is the forehead of a married man more honourable than the bare brow of a batchelor; and by how much defence is better than no skill, so much is a horn more precious than to want.

#### Enter Sir OHVER MAR-TEXT.

Here comes Sir Oliver: Sir Oliver Mar-text, you are well met. Will you dispatch us here under this tree, or shall we go with you to your chapel?

Sir Oli.

Sir Oli. Is there none here to give the woman? Clo. I will not take her on the gift of any man.

Sir Oli. Truly, she must be given, or the marriage is not lawful.

Fag. [Discovering himself.] Proceed, proceed! I'll give

her.

Clo. Good even, good master What ye call't: how do you, Sir? you are very well met: God'ild you for your last company! I am very glad to see you; even a toy in hand here, Sir:-nay, pray be covered.

Jaq. Will you be married, Motley?
Clo. As the ox hath his bow, Sir, the horse his curb, and the faulcon his bells, fo man hath his defires; and as

pigeons bill, fo wedlock would be nibling.

Faq. And will you, being a man of your breeding, be married under a bush like a beggar? get you to church, and have a good priest that can tell you what marriage is; this fellow will but join you together as they join wainfcot; then one of you will prove a shrunk pannel, and, like green timber, warp, warp!

Clo. I am not in the mind, but I were better to be married of him than of another; for he is not like to marry me well; and not being well married, it will be a good

excuse for me hereafter to leave my wife.

Jag. Go thou with me, and let me counsel thee.

Clo. Come, sweet Audrey, we must be married, or we must live in bawdry: farewell, good Sir Oliver; not O fweet Oliver, O brave Oliver, leave me not behind thee, but wind away, begone, I fay, I will not to wedding with thee.

Sir Oli. 'Tis no matter; ne'er a fantastical knave of them all shall flout me out of my calling. [Exeunt.

## SCENE changes to a Cottage in the Forest.

#### Enter ROSALIND and CELIA.

Res. Never talk to me, I will weep.

Gel. Do, I pr'ythee, but yet have the grace to consider, that tears do not become a man.

Ros. But have I not cause to weep?

Cel. As good cause as one would defire, therefore weep.

Rof. His very hair is of the diffembling colour.

Cel. Something browner than Judas's: marry, his kiffes are Judas's own children.

Ros. I'faith his hair is of a good colour.

Gel. An excellent colour: your chefnut was ever the only colour.

Rof. And his kiffing is as full of fanctity, as the touch

of holy Beard.

Gel. He hath bought a pair of cast lips of Diana, a nun of Winter's sisterhood kisses not more religiously; the very ice of chastity is in them.

Rof. But why did he fwear he would come this morn-

ing, and comes not?

Cel. Nay, certainly, there is no truth in him.

Rof. Do you think fo?

Gel. Yes; I think he is not a pick-purse nor a horse-stealer: but for his verity in love, I do think him as concave as a cover'd goblet, or a worm-eaten nut.

Ros. Not true in love?

Cel. Yes, when he is in; but, I think, he is not in. Rof. You have heard him swear downright, he was.

Cel. Was, is not is; besides, the oath of a lover is no stronger than the word of a tapster; they are both the confirmers of salse reckonings; he attends here in the forest

on the Duke your father.

Rof. I met the Duke yesterday, and had much question with him: he asked me, of what parentage I was; I told him of as good as he; so he laugh'd, and let me go. But what talk we of fathers, when there is such a man as Orlando.

Cel. O, that's a brave man! he writes brave verses, speaks brave words, swears brave oaths, and breaks them bravely, quite traverse athwart the heart of his lover; as a puny tilter, that spurs his horse but on one side, breaks his staff like a noble goose; but all's brave that youth mounts, and folly guides:—who comes here?

#### Enter CORIN.

Cor. Mistress and master, you have oft enquired After the shepherd that complain'd of love; Whom you saw sitting by me on the turs,

Praising

Praising the proud disdainful shepherdess That was his mistress.

Cel. Well, and what of him.

Cor. If you will fee a pageant truly play'd, Between the pale complexion of true love, And the red glow of fcorn and proud difdain; Go hence a little, and I shall conduct you, If you will mark it.

Ref. O come, let us remove; The fight of lovers feedeth those in love: Bring us but to this fight, and you shall say I'll prove a busy actor in their play.

Exeunt.

## SCE NE changes to another part of the Forest.

#### Enter SILVIUS and PHERE.

Sil. Sweet Phebe, do not scorn me; do not, Phebe: Say, that you love me not; but say not so In bitterness: the common executioner, Whose heart the accustom'd fight of death makes hard, Falls not the axe upon the humbled neck, But first begs pardon: will you sterner be Than he that dies and lives by bloody drops?

## Enter Rosalind, Celia, and Corin.

Phe. I would not be thy executioner:
I fly thee for I would not injure thee.
Thou tell'st me, there is murder in mine eye;
'Tis pretty, sure, and very probable,
That eyes,—that are the frail'st and softest things,
Who shut their coward gates on atomies,—
Should be call'd tyrants, butchers, murderers!
Now do I frown on thee with all my heart;
And, if mine eyes can wound, now let them kill thee:
Now counterfeit to swoon; why now fall down:
Or, if thou can'st not, oh, for shame, for shame,
Lie not, to say mine eyes are murderers!
Now shew the wound mine eyes have made in thee:
Scratch thee but with a pin, and there remains

Some

Some fcar of it; lean but upon a rush,
The cicatrice and capable impressure
Thy palm some moment keeps: but now mine eyes;
Which I have darted at thee, hurt thee not;
Nor, I am sure, there is no force in eyes
That can do hurt.

Sil. O dear Phebe

If ever (as that ever may be near)
You meet in some fresh cheek the power of fancy,
Then shall you know the wounds invisible
That love's keen arrows make.

Phe. But, till that time,

Come not thou near me: and when that time comes, Afflict me with thy mocks, pity me not; As. till that time, I shall not pity thee.

Rof. And why, I pray you? — Who might be your mother.

That you infult, exult, and all at once, Over the wretched? What though you have beauty (As, by faith, I fee no more in you Than without candle may go dark to bed ) Must you be therefore proud and pityles? Why, what means this? Why do you look on me? I fee no more in you than in the ordinary Of nature's fale-work :- Od's, my little life! I think she means to entangle mine eyes too:-No, faith, proud mistress, hope not after it; 'Tis not your inky brows, your black filk hair, Your bugle eye-balls, nor your cheek of cream. That can entame my fpirits to your worship. You, foolish shepherd, wherefore do you follow her Like foggy South, puffing with wind and rain? You are a thousand times a properer man Than she a woman. 'T's such fools as you, That make the world full of ill-favour'd children: 'Tis not her glass, but you, that flatters her; And out of you she sees herself more proper Than any of her lineaments can show her. But, mistress, know yourself; down on your knees, And thank heav'n, fasting, for a good man's love: For I must tell you friendly in your ear, Sell when you can, you are not for all markets.

Cry the man mercy; love him; take his offer; Foul is most foul, being foul to be a scoffer, So, take her to thee, shepherd;—fare you well!

Phe. Sweet youth, I pray you chide a year together;

I had rather hear you chide, than this man woo.

Ros. [Aside.] He's fallen in love with her foulness, and she'll fall in love with my anger; — if it be so, as fast as she answers thee with frowning looks, I'll sauce her with bitter words:—Why look you so upon me?

Phe. For no ill will I bear you.

Rof. I pray you do not fall in love with me, For I am faller than vows made in wine:
Befides, I like you not: If you will know my house, 'Tis at the tust of olives, here hard by:—
Will you go, fister?—Shepherd, ply her hard:
Come, Sifter:—Shepherdes, look on him better,
And be not proud: though all the world could fee,
None could be so abus'd in fight as he.

Come, to our flock. [Exeunt Ros. Cel. and Corina Phe. Dead shepherd, now I find thy faw of might:

Who ever lov'd, that lov'd not at first fight?

Sil. Sweet Phebe!

Phe. Hah! what fay'ft thou, Silvius?

Sil. Sweet Phebe, pity me.

Phe. Why, I am forry for thee, gentle Silvius

Sil. Wherever forrow is, relief would be:
If you do forrow at my grief in love,

By giving love; your forrow and my grief in love, Were both extermin'd.

Phe. Thou hast my love; is not that neighbourly?

Sil. I would have you.

Phs. Why, that were covetousness. Silvius, the time was, that I hated thee; And yet it is not, that I bear thee love; But since that thou canst talk of love so well, Thy company, which erst was irksome to me; I will endure; and I'll employ thee too: But I do not look for further recompence, Than thine own gladness that thou art employ'ds.

Sil. So holy and so perfect is my love, And I in such a poverty of grace,

That I shall think it a most plenteous crop

Te

To glean the broken cars after the man
That the main harvest reaps: loose now and then
A scatter'd smile, and that I'll live upon.

Phe. Know'ft thou the youth, that spoke to me ere while?

Sil. Not very well, but I have met him oft; And he hath bought the cottage and the bounds,

That the old Carlot once was mafter of.

Phe. Think not, I love him, though I ask for him; 'Tis but a peevish boy, yet he talks well; But what care I for words? yet words do well, When he that speaks them, pleases those that hear: It is a pretty youth; not very pretty; But, fure, he's proud; and yet his pride becomes him; He'll make a proper man; the best thing in him Is his complexion; and faster than his tongue Did make offence, his eye did heal it up: He is not very tall, yet for his years he's tall; His leg is but fo fo, and yet 'tis well; There was a pretty redness in his lip, A little riper, and more lufty red Than that mix'd in his cheek; 'twas just the difference Betwixt the conftant red and mingled damask. There be some women, Silvius, had they mark'd him In parcels as I did, would have gone near To fall in love with him: but, for my part, I love him not, nor hate him not; and yet I have more cause to hate him than to love him: For what had he to do to chide at me? He faid, mine eyes were black, and my hair black, And, now I am remembered, scorn'd at me: I marvel, why I answered not again: But that's all one; omittance is no quittance. I'll write to him a very taunting letter, And thou shalt bear it; Wilt thou, Silvius?

Sil. Phebe, with all my heart. Phe. I'll write it straight;

The matter's in my my head, and in my heart;

I will be bitter with him, and passing short:

Go with me, Silvius.

[Exeunt.

#### ACT IV.

#### SCENE I. The FOREST.

## Enter Rosalind, Celia, and Jaques.

#### JAQUES.

I Prythee, pretty youth, let me be better acquainted with thee.

Rof. They fay, you are a melancholy fellow. Jaq. I am so; I do love it better than laughing.

Rof. Those that are in extremity of either, are abominable fellows; and betray themselves to every modern censure worse than drunkards.

Jaq. Why, 'tis good to be fad, and fay nothing.

Rof. Why then, 'tis good to be a post.

Jaq. I have neither the scholar's melancholy, which is emulation; nor the musician's, which is fantastical; nor the courtier's, which is proud; nor the soldier's, which is ambitious; nor the lawyer's, which is politic; nor the lady's, which is nice; nor the lover's, which is all these; but it is a melancholy of mine own, compounded of many simples, extracted from many objects, and, indeed, the sundry contemplation of my travels, in which my often rumination wraps me in a most humorous sadness.

Ref. A traveller! By my faith, you have great reason to be sad: I fear, you have sold your own lands, to see other men's: then, to have seen much, and to have no-

thing, is to have rich eyes and poor hands.

## Jaq. Yes. I have gain'd my experience.

#### Enter ORLANDO.

Ros. And your experience makes you fad; I had ra ther have a fool to make me merry, than experience to make me sad; and to travel for it too.

Orla. Good day, and happiness, dear Rosalind!

Jaq. Nay, then, God be wi' you, an you talk in blank yerse.

G 2

Rof. Farewel, Monsieur traveller: Look, you lise, and wear strange suits; disable all the benefits of your own country; be out of love with your nativity, and almost chide God for making you that countenance you are; or I will scarce think you have swam in a gondola.—Why, how now, Orlando! where have you been all this while? You a lover?—An you serve me such another trick, never come in my sight more.

Orla. My fair Rosalind, I come within an hour of my

promise.

Ref. Break an hour's promise in love? He that will divide a minute into a thousand parts, and break but a part of the thousandth part of a minute in the affairs of love, it may be said of him, that Cupid hath clapt him o'the shoulder, but I warrant him heart-whole.

Orla. Pardon me, dear Rosalind.

Rof. Nay, an you be so tardy, come no more in my fight; I had as lief be woo'd of a snail.

Orla. Of a snail?

Ros. Ay, of a snail; for though he comes slowly, he carries his house on his head; a better jointure, I think, than you can make a woman: besides he brings his destiny with him.

Orla. What's that?

Rof. Why, horns; which such as you are fain to be beholden to your wives for: but he comes armed in his fortune, and prevents the slander of his wife.

Orla. Virtue is no horn-maker; and my Rosalind is

viituous.

Rof. And I am your Rofalind?

Cel It pleases him to call you so; but he hath a Rosa-

lind of a better leer than you.

Ros. Come, woo me; woo me: for now I am in a holiday humour, and like enough to consent:— What would you say to me now, an I were your very very Rosalind?

Orla. I would kifs, before I fpoke.

Ros. Nay you were better speak first; and when you were gravell'd for lack of matter, you might take occasion to kiss. Very good orators, when they are out, they will spit; and for lovers lacking (God warn us!) matter, the cleanliest shift is to kiss.

Orla. How if the kiss be denied?

Ros. Then she puts you to entreaty, and there begins new matter.

Orla. Who could be out before his beloved mistres?

Rof. Marry, that should you, if I were your mistress;
or I should think my honesty ranker than my wit.

Orla. What, of my fuit?

Rof. Not out of your apparel, and yet out of your fuit. Am not I your Rofalind?

Orla. I take some joy to say you are, because I would

be talking of her.

Rof. Well in her person, I say-I will not have you.

Orla. Then, in mine own person I die.

Rof. No faith, die by attorney. The poor world is almost fix thousand years old, and in all this time there was not any man died in his own person, videlicet, in a love cause. Troilus had his brains dash'd out with a Grecian club; yet he did what he could to die before; and he is one of the patterns of love. Leander, he would have liv'd may a fair year, though Hero had turn'd nun, if it had not been for a hot midsummer night: for good youth, he went but forth to wash him in the Hellespont, and being taken with the cramp, was drown'd; and the soolish chroniclers of that age sound it was,—Hero of Sestos. But these are all lies; men have died from time to time, and worms have eaten them, but not for love.

Orla. I would not have my right Rosalind of this mind;

for I protest, her frown might kill me.

Roj. By this hand, it will not kill a fly: But come, now I will be your Rosalind in a more coming-on disposition; and ask me what you will, I will grant it.

Orla. Then love me, Rosalind.

Ros. Yes, faith will I, Fridays, and Saturdays, and all.

Orla. And wilt thou have me? Ros. Ay, and twenty such.

Orla. What fay'st thou?

Ros. Are you not good?

Orla. I hope fo.

Ros. Why then, can one desire too much of a good thing?—Come, sister, you shall be the priest, and marry us.—Give me your hand, Orlando:—What do you say, sister?

Orla. Pray thee, marry us.

"Cel. I cannot fay the words.

Rof. You must begin-Will you Orlando-

Cel. Go to: - Will you, Orlando, have to wife this Rofalind?

Orla. I will.

Ref. Ay, but when?

Orla. Why now; as fast as she can marry us.

Rof. Then you must say .- I take thee, Rosalind for wife.

Orla. I take thee, Rosalind, for wife.

Ros. I might alk you for your commission; but, I do take thee, Orlando, for my husband: There's a girl goes before the priest; and, certainly, a woman's thought runs before her actions.

Orla, So do all thoughts; they are wing'd,

Res. Now tell me, how long would you have her, after you have possessed her.

Orla. For ever and a day.

Ros. Say a day without the ever; No, no, Orlando: men are April when they woo, December when they wed: maids are May when they are maids, but the sky changes when they are wives. I will be more jealous of thee than a Barbary cock-pigeon over his hen; more clamorous than a parrot against rain: more new fangled than an ape; more giddy in my defires than a monkey; I will weep for nothing, like Diana in the fountain, and I will do that when you are dispos'd to be merry: I will laugh like a hyæna, and that when you are inclin'd to sleep.

Orlá. But will my Refalind do so?

Ros. By my life, she will do as I do.

Orla. O, but she is wife.

Ros. Or else she could not have the wit to do this: the wifer, the waywarder; make the doors upon a woman's wit, and it will out at the casement; shut that, and 'twill out at the key-hole; stop that, it will sly with the smoak out at the chimney.

Orla. A man that had a wife with fuch a wit, he

might fay, -Wit, whither wilt?

Ros. Nay, you might keep that check for it, 'till you met your wife's wit going to your neighbour's bed.

Orla. And what wit could wit have to excuse that?

Rof. Marry, to fay, she came to seek you there. You shall not take her without her answer, unless you take her

without her tongue. O that woman that cannot make her fault her husband's occasion, let her never nurse her child herfelf, for the will breed it like a fool!

Orla. For these two hours, Rosalind, I will leave thee.

Ros. Alas, dear love, I cannot lack thee two hours.

Orla. I must attend the duke at dinner; by two

o'clock I will be with thee again.

Rof. Ay, go your ways, go your ways; -I knew what you would prove; my friends told me as much, and I thought no less:-that flattering tongue of your's won me:-'tis but one cast away, and so,-come, Death.-Two o'the clock is your hour?

Orla. Ay, fweet Rosalind.

Rof. By my troth, and in good earnest, and so God mend me, and by all pretty oaths that are not dangerous, if you break one jot of your promise, or come one minute behind your hour, I will think you the most pathetical break-promise, and the most hollow lover, and the most unworthy of her you call Rofalind, that may be chosen out of the gross band of the unfaithful: therefore beware my cenfure, and keep your promife.

Orla. With no less religion, than if thou wert indeed

my Rosalind: So, adieu.

Rof. Well, time is the old justice that examines all such offenders, and let time try: Acieu. [Exit ORLANDO.

Cel. You have fimply mifus'd our fex in your loveprate, we must have your doublet and hose pluck'd over your head, and shew the world what the bird hath done to her own nest.

Ros. O coz, coz, coz, my pretty little coz, that thou didft know how many fathom deep I am in love! But it cannot be founded; my affection hath an unknown bottom, like the bay of Portugal.

. Cel. Or rather, bottomless; that as fast as you pour

affection in, it runs out.

Rof. No, that same wicked bastard of Venus, that was begot of thought, conceiv'd of spleen, and born of madnets; that blind rascally boy, that abuses every one's eyes, because his own are out, let him be judge how deep I am in love :- I'll tell thee, Aliena, I cannot be out of fight of Orlando: I'll go find a fnadow, and figh till he come.

Cel. And I'll fleep.

## Enter JAQUES, Lords, and Foreflers.

Jag. Which is he that kill'd the deer?

Lord. Sir, it was I.

Jaq. Let's present him to the duke, like a Roman Conqueror; and it would do well to set the deer's horns upon his head, for a branch of victory; have you not song, Forester, for this purpose?

For. Yes, Sir.

Jaq. Sing it; 'tis no matter how it be in tune, so it make noise enough.

## Music. SONG.

What shall he have that kill'd the deer?
His leather skin and horns to wear;
Then sing him home:—take thou no scorn
To wear the horn, the lusty horn:
It was a crest ere thou wast born.
Thy father's father wore it;
And thy father bore it,
The horn, the horn, the lusty horn,
Is not a thing to laugh to scorn.

[Exeunt:

#### Enter ROSALIND and CELIA.

Rof. How fay you now, is it not past two o'clock? I

wonder much Orlando is not here.

Cel. I warrant you, with pure love and troubled brain; he hath ta'en his bow and arrows, and is gone forth to fleep: look, who comes here.

#### Enter SILVIUS.

Sil. My errand is to you, fair youth,
My gentle Phebe bid me give you this: [Giving a Letter.]
I know not the contents; but as I guefs,
By the stern brow and waspish action
Which she did use as she was writing of it.
It bears an angry tenour; pardon me,
I am but a guiltless messenger.

Red [Reading] Patience herself should startle at this

Rof. [Reading] Patience herself should startle at this letter.

And play the swaggerer; bear this, bear all. She says, I am not fair; that I lack manners;

She

She calls me proud, and that she could not love me Were man as rare as Phoenix; odd's my will! Her love is not the hare that I do hunt. Why writes she so to me? well, shepherd, well, This is a letter of your own device.

Sil. No, I protest, I know not the contents;

Phebe did write it.

Rof. Come, come, you're a fool,
And turn'd into th' extremity of love.
I faw her hand, she has a leathern hand,
A free-stone coloured hand; I verily did think,
That her old gloves were on, but 'twas her hands;
She has a huswife's hand, but that's no matter;
I say, she never did invent this letter;
This is a man's invention, and his hand.

Sil. Sure, it is her's.

Rof. Why, 'tis a boisterous and cruel stile,
A stile for challengers; why, she defies me,
Like Turk to Christian; woman's gentle brain
Could not drop forth such giant rude invention;
Such Ethiop words, blacker in their effect
Than in their countenance; will you hear the letter?

Sil. So please you, for I never heard it yet;

Yet heard too much of Phebe's cruelty.

Ros. She Phebe's me: mark, how the tyrant writes.

[Reads.] Art thou God to shepherd turnd, That a maiden's heart hath burn'd?

Can a woman rail thus?

Sil. Call you this railing?

Rof. [Reads,] Why thy Godhead laid apart,
Warr'st thou with a woman's heart?

Did you ever hear fuch railing?

Whiles the eye of man did woo me,

That could do no vengeance to me.

Meaning me, a beaft!

If the scorn of your bright eyne Have power to raise such love in mine, Alack, in me what strange effect Would they work in mild aspect? Whiles you chide me, I did love; How then might yoursprayers move? He that brings this love to thee, Little knows this love in me;

And by him feal up thy mind, Whether that thy youth and kind Will the faithful offer take Of me, and all that I can make; Or else by him my love deny. And then I'll study how to die.

Sil. Call you this chiding? Cel. Alas, poor shepherd!

Ros. Do you pity him? no, he deferves no pity; wilt thou love such a woman? what, to make thee an instrument, and play salse strains upon thee? not to be endured! Well, go your way to her, (for I see love hath made thee a tame snake,) and say this to her; "that if she love me, I charge "her to love thee: if she will not, I will never have her, "unless thou intreat for her." If you be a true lover, hence, and not a word; for here comes more company.

[Exit Silvius.

#### Enter OLIVER.

Oli. Good-morrow, fair ones: pray you, if you know, Where, in the purlieus of this forest, stands A sheep-cote fenc'd about with olive trees?

Cel. West of this place, down in the neighbour bottom, The rank of ofiers, by the murmuring stream, Lest on your right hand, brings you to the place; But at this hour the house doth keep itself There's none within.

Oli. If that an eye may profit by a tongue, Then should I know you by description, Such garments, and such years: "the boy is fair

" Of female favour, and beslows himself Like a ripe fister: but the woman low,

"And browner than her brother." Are not you
The owner of the house I did enquire for?

Cel. It is no boast, being ask'd, to say we are, Oli. Orlando doth commend him to you both, And to that youth, he calls his Resalind, He sends this bloody napkin. Are you he?

Rof. I am; what must we understand by this? Oli. Some of my shame, if you will know of me What man I am, and how, and why, and where This handkerchief was stain'd.

Cel. I pray you tell it.

Oli. When last the young Orlande parted from you, He lest a promise to return again Within

Within an hour; and, pacing through the forest; Chewing the food of fweet and bitter fancy, Lo, what befel? he threw his eye aside, And, mark, what object did present itself! Under an oak, whose bows were moss'd with age, And high top bald with dry antiquity, A wretched ragged man, o'er-grown with hair, Lay fleeping on his back! about his neck A green and gilded fnake had wreath'd itfelf, Who with her head, nimble in threats, approach'd The opening of his mouth; but fuddenly Seeing Orlando, it unlink'd itself, And with indented glides did slip away Into a bush, under which bush's shade A lioness, with udders all drawn dry, Lay couching, head on ground with cat-like watch, When that the fleeping man should stir; for 'tis The royal disposition of that beast, To prey on nothing that doth feem as dead: This feen, Orlando did approach the man, And found it was his brother, his eldest brother.

Cel. O, I have heard him speak of that same brother; And he did render him the most unnatural

That liv'd 'mongst men.

Oli. And well he might fo do. For well I know he was unnatural.

Rof. But to Orlando; -did he leave him there,

Food to the fuck'd and hungry liones?

Oli. Twice did he turn his back and purpos'd so; But, kindness, nobler ever than revenge, And nature stronger than his just occasion, Made him give battle to the lioness, Who quickly fell before him: in which hurtling From miserable slumber I awak'd,

Gel. Are you his brother?
Rof. Was it you he rescu'd?

Cel. Was it you that did so oft contrive to kill him?

Oli. 'Twas I; but 'tis not I; I do not shame To tell you what I was, since my conversion So sweetly tastes, being the thing I am.

Rof. But, for the bloody napkin?

Oli. By and by. When from the first to last, betwixt us two,

Tears

Tears our recountments had most kindly bath'd. As how I came into that defert place; In brief, he led me to the gentle duke, Who gave me fresh array, and entertainment, Committing me unto my brother's love; Who led me inflantly unto his cave, There stripp'd himself, and here upon his arm The lioness had torn some flesh away, Which all this while had bled? and now he fainted, And cry'd in fainting upon Rosalind. Brief, I recovered him, bound up his wound; And, after some small space, being strong at heart, He fent me hither, stranger as I am; To tell this ftory, that you might excuse His broken promise, and to give this napkin, Dy'd in his blood, unto the shepherd youth That he in sport doth call his Rosalind.

Cel. Why how now Ganymed? sweet Ganymed!

[ROSALIND faints,

Oli. Many will fwoon when they do look on blood. Cel. There is more in it:—Coufin—Ganymed!

Oli. Look, he recovers.

Ros. I would, I were at home. Cel. We'll lead you thither:—

I pray you, will you take him by the arm?

Oli. Be of good cheer, youth:—You a man-you

lack a man's heart.

Ros. I do so, I confess it. Ah, sir, a body would think this was well counterfeited; I pray you, tell your brother how well I counterfeited:—heigh ho!—

Oli. This was not counterfeit; there is too great testimony in your complexion, that it was a passion of earnest.

Ros. Counterfeit, I affure you.

Oli. Well then, take a good heart, and counterfeit to be a man.

Ros. So I do: but i'faith, I should have been a woman by right.

Cel. Come, you look paler and paler; pray you, draw

homewards: - Good fir, go with us.

Oli. That will I, for I must bear answer back

How you excuse my brother, Refalind.

Rof. I shall devise something: But I pray you, commend my counterseiting to him.—Will you go?

[ Exeunt.

## ACT V. SCENE THE FOREST.

#### Enter CLOWN and AUDREY.

CLOWN.

WE shall find a time, Audrey; patience, gentle Audrey.
Aud. Faith, the priest was good enough, for all
the old gentleman's faying.

Clo. A most wicked Sir Oliver, Audrey; a most vile Martext! but Audrey, there is a youth here in the forest

lays claim to you.

Aud. Ay, I know who 'tis, he hath no interest in me in the world; here comes the man you mean.

Enter WILLIAM.

Clo. It is meat anddrink to me to fee a clown; by my troth, we, that have good wits, have much to answer for; we shall be flouting; we cannot hold.

Wil. Good e'en Audrey.

Aud. God ye good ev'n, William. Will. And good ev'n to you, Sir.

Clo. Good ev'n, gentle friend. Cover thy head, cover thy head; nay, pr'ythee be cover'd. How old art thou friend?

Will. Five and twenty, Sir.

Clo. A ripe age: is thy name William?

Will. William, Sir.

Ch. A fair name. Wast born i'th' forest here?

Will. Ay, Sir, I thank God.

Clô. Thank God: a good answer: -art rich?

Will Faith, Sir, fo, fo.

Cho. So, fo, is good, very good, very excellent good; and yet it is not; it is but so, fo. Art thou wise.

Will. Ay, Sir, I have a pretty wit.

Clo. Why, thou fay'ft well: I do now remember a faying; the fool doth think he is wife, but the wife man knoweth himself to be a fool. The heathen philosopher, when he had a defire to eat a grape, would open his lips when he put it into his mouth; meaning thereby, that grapes were made to eat, and lips to open. You do love this maid?

Will. I do, Sir.

Clo. Give me your hand: art thou learned?

Will. No, Sir.

Clo. Then learn this of me; to have, is to have. For it is a figure in rhetoric that drink being poured out of a

cup into a glass, by filling the one doth empty the others. For all your writers do consent, that ipse is he: now you are not ipse: for I am he.

Will. Which he, Sir.

Clo. He, Sir, that must marry this woman; therefore you, Clown, abandon, which is in the vulgar, leave the society, which in the boorish, is company of this semale; which in the common, is woman; which together is, abandon the society of this semale; or Clown, thou perishest; or, to thy better understanding, diest; or, to wit I kill thee, make thee away, translate thy life into death, thy liberty into bondage; I will deal in poison with thee, or in bassinado, or in steel; I will bandy with thee in faction; I will over-run thee with policy; I will kill thee a hundred and fifty ways; therefore tremble and depart.

Aud. Do, good William. Will. God rest you, merry Sir.

[Exit.

#### Enter CORIN.

Cor. Our master and mistress seek you; come away,

Clo. Trip, Audrey; trip, Audrey; I attend, I attend.

[Exeunt<sub>e</sub>

#### Enter ORLANDO and OLIVER.

Orla. Is't possible, that on so little acquaintance you should like her? that, but seeing, you should love her? and loving, woo? and wooing she should grant, and will

you persevere to enjoy her?

Oli. Neither call the giddiness of it in question, the poverty of her, the small acquaintance, my sudden wooing, nor her sudden consenting; but say with me, I love Aliena; say with her that she loves me: consent with both; that we may enjoy each other; it shall be to your good; for my sather's house, and all the revenue that was old Sir Rowland's, will I estate upon you, and here live and die a shepherd.

Enter Rosalind.

Orla. You have my consent. Let your wedding be to-morrow: thither will I invite the Duke, and all his contented followers; go you, and prepare Aliena; for, look you, here comes my Rosalind.

Rof. God fave you, brother. Oli. And you, fair fister.

Ros. Oh, my dear Orlando, how it grieves me to see thee wear thy heart in a scars.

Orla.

Orla. It is my arm.

Rof. I thought thy heart had been wounded with the claws of a lion.

Orla. Wounded it is, but with the eyes of a lady.

Ros. Did your brother tell you how I counterseited to swoon, when he shew'd me your handkerchief?

Orla. Ay, and greater wonders than that.

Ref. O, I know where you are: nay, 'tis true: there was never any thing so sudden, but the fight of two rams, and Cæsar's thrasonical brag of, I came, saw, and overcame: for your brother and my sister no sooner met, but they look'd; no sooner look'd, but they lov'd; no sooner lov'd, but they sigh'd; no sooner sigh'd, but they ask'd one another the reason; no sooner knew the reason, but they sought the remedy; and in these degrees have made a pair of stairs to marriage, which they will climb incontinent, or else be incontinent before marriage; they are in the very wrath of love, and they will together. Clubs cannot part them.

Orla. They shall be married to-morrow; and I will bid the Duke to the nuptial. But, O, how bitter a thing it is to look into happiness through another man's eyes! by so much the more shall I to-morrow be at the height of heart-heaviness, by how much I shall think my brother

happy, in having what he wishes for.

Rof. Why, then to-morrow I cannot ferve your turn for Rofalind.

Orla. I can live no longer by thinking.

Rof. I will weary you then no longer with idle talking. Know of me then, for now I speak to some purpose, that I know you are a gentleman of good conceit, I speak not this, that you should bear a good opinion of my knowledge; infomuch, I fay, I know what you are; neither do I labour for a greater esteem than may in some measure draw a belief from you to do yourfelf good, and not to grace me. Believe then, if you please, that I can do strange things; I have, fince I was three years old, conversed with a magician, most prosound in his art, and yet not damnable. If you do love Rosalind so near the heart. as your gesture cries it out, when your brother marries Aliena, you shall marry her. I know into what streights of fortune she is driven, and it is not impossible to me, if it appear not inconvenient to you, to fet her before your eyes to-morrow; human as she is, and without any danger.

Orla. Speak'st thou in sober meanings?

Rof. By my life, I do; which I tender dearly, tho' I fay I am a magician: therefore, put you on your best array; bid your friends, for if you will be married to-morrow, you shall; and to Rosalind, it you will.

#### Enter SILVIUS and PHEBE.

Look, here comes a lover of mine, and a lover of her's.

Phe. Youth you have done me much ungentleness,

To fhew the letter that I writ to you.

Rof. I care not, if I have: it is my fludy To feem despiteful and ungentle to you: You are there follow'd by a faithful shepherd;

Look upon him, look upon him; he worships you. Phe. Good shepherd, tell this youth what 'tis to love.

Sil. It is to be made all of fighs and tears,

And fo am I for Phebe.

Phe. And I for Ganymed. Orla. And I for Rofalind. Rof. And I for no woman.

Sil. It is to be made all of faith and fervice;

And fo am I for Phebe.

Phe. And I for Ganymed. Orla. And I for Rosalind. Ros. And I for no woman.

Sil. It is to be all made of fantafy,

All made of passion, and all made of wishes,

All adoration, duty, and observance,

All humbleness, all patience, and impatience,

All purity, all trial, all observance;

And so am I for Phebe.

Phe. And so am I for Ganymed. Orla. And so am I for Rosalind. Ros. And so am I for no woman.

Phe. If this be fo, why blame you me to love you?

ToRof

Sil. If this be fo, why blame you me to loveyou? [To Pheo Orla. If this be fo, why blame you me to love you? Ros. Who do you speak to, why blame you me to love you Orla. To her that is not here, nor doth not hear?

Ref. Pray you no more of this; 'tis like the howling of Irish wolves against the moon.—I will help you, if I can [To Silvius.]—I would love you if I could; [To Phebe.]
--To-morrow meet me altogether.--Iwill marry you, [Ta Phebe.]

Phebe] if ever I marry woman, and I'll be married tomorrow:—I will fatisfy you, [To Orlando.] if ever I
fatisfied man, and you shall be married to-morrow. I
will content you, [To Silvius] if what pleases you contents you, and you shall be married to-morrow.—As you
love Rosalind, meet; [To Orlando]—As you love Phebe,
meet; [To Silvius]—And, as I love no woman, I'll
meet.—So fare you well; I have left you commands.

Sil. I'll not fail, if I live.

Phe. Nor I. Orla. Nor I.

- [ Exeunt.

## SCENE III.

#### Enter CLOWN and AUDREY.

Clo. To-morrow is the joyful day, Audrey; to-morrow

will we be married.

Aud. I do desire it with all my heart: and I hope it is no dishonest desire, to desire to be a woman of the world. Here come two of the banished Duke's pages.

## Enter Two Pages!

1 Page. Well met, honest gentlemen.

Clo. By my troth, well met: Come, fit, fit, and a fong.

2 Page. We are for you: fit i'th middle.

I Page. Shall we clap into't roundly, without hawking, or fpitting, or faying we are hoarfe; which are the only prologues to a bad voice?

2 Page. I'faith, i'faith; and both in a tune, like two

gypfies on a horfe.

#### SONG.

It was a lover and his lass,

With a hey, and a ho, and a hey nonino,

That o'er the green corn-field did pass

In the spring time, the presty rank time, When the birds do sing, hey ding a ding, ding Sweet lovers love the spring. Between the acres of the rye,

With a hey, and a ho, and a hey nonino,
These pretty country folks would lie,
In the spring time, &c.

The carol they began that hour,

With a hey, and a ho, and a hey nonino,

How that life was but a flower

In the spring time, &c.

And therefore take the present time,

With a hey, and a ho, and a hey nonino,

For love is trowned with the prime

In the spring time, &c.

ch. Truly young gentlemen, though there was no great matter in the ditty, yet the note was very untuneable.

I Page. You are deceived, fir; we kept time, we lost

not our time.

Clo. By my troth, yes; I count it but time lost to hear fuch a foolish fong. God be with you; and God mend your voices.—Come, Audrey.

[Exeunt.

## SCENE IV. Another part of the Forest.

Enter Duke Senior, AMIENS, JAQUES ORLANDO, OLIVER, and CELIA.

Duke Sen. Dost thou believe, Orlando, that the boy Can do all this that he hath promised?

Orla. I sometimes do believe, and sometimes do not; As those that sear they hope, and know they sear.

#### Enter ROSALIND, SILVIUS, and PHEBE.

Ref. Patience once more, whiles our compact is urg'd;—You fay, if I bring in your Refalind, [To the Duke. You will bestow her on Orländo here?

Duke Sen. That would I, had I kingdoms to give with

Roy. And you fay, you will have her when I bring her?

Orla. That would I, were I of all kingdoms king. Rof. You fay, you'll marry me, if I be willing?

[To Phebe.

Phe. That will I, should I die the hour after.

Ros. But if you do resuse to marry me,

You'll give yourself to this most faithful shepherd?

Phe. So is the bargain.

Ros. You say that you'll have Phebe, if she will?

[To Silvius.

Sil. Though to have her and death were both one thing.

Rof. I have promised to make all this matter even.

Keep your word, O Duke! to give your daughter;—

You yours, Orlando, to receive his daughter;—

Keep your word, Phebe, that you'll marry me;

Or else refusing me, to wed this shepherd:

Keep your word, Wivius, that you'll marry her,

It she retuse me and from hence I go,

To make these doubts all even.

Exeunt Rosalind and Celia.

Duke Son. I do remember in this shepherd's boy. Some lively to one of my daughter's favour.

Orla. My lord, the first time that I ever faw him, Methought he was a brother to your daughter: But my good lord, this boy is forest-born; And hath been tutored in the rudiments Of many desperate studies by his uncle, Whom he reports to be a great magician, Obscured in the circle of this forest.

#### Enter Clown and AUDREY.

Jaq. There is, fure another flood toward, and these cour ples are coming to the ark? Here comes a pair of very strange beasts, which in all tongues are called fools.

Clo. Salutation and greeting to you all!

Jaq. Good my lord, bid him welcome: This is the motley-minded gentleman, that I have so often met in the forest: he hath been a courtier he swears.

Clo. If any man doubt that, let him put me to my pur-I 2 gation. gation. I have trod a measure; I have flattered a lady; I have been politick with my friend, smooth with mine enemy; I have undone three taylors; I have had four quarrels, and like to have fought one.

Jag. And how was that ta'en up?

Clo. 'Faith, we met, and found the quarrel was upon the seventh cause.

Jaq. How seventh cause?—Good, my Lord, like you

this fellow?

Duke Sen. I like him very well.

Clo. God'ild you fir; I desire you of the like. I press in here, sir, among the rest of the country copulatives, to swear and to forswear; according as marriage binds or blood breaks:—A poor virgin, sir, an ill-savoured thing, fir, but mine own; a poor humour of mine, sir, to take that no man else will: Rich honesty dwells like a miser, sir, in a poor-house; as your pearl in your foul oyster.

Duke Sen. By my faith, he is very swift and sententious. Clo. According to the fool's bolt, Sir, and such dulcet

diseases.

Jaq. But for the feventh cause; how did you find the

quarrel on the feventh cause?

Clo. Upon a lie seven times removed;—Bear your body more seeming, Audrey:—as thus, I did dislike the cut of a certain courtier's beard; he sent me word, if I said his beard was not cut well, he was in the mind it was: This is called the Retort courteus. If I sent him word again, it was not well cut, he would send me word, he cut it to please himself; This is called the Quip modest. If again it was not well cut, he disabled my judgment: This is called the Reply churlish. If again, it was not well cut, he would answer, I spake not true. This is called the Reproof valiant. If again, it was not well cut, he would say, I lie. This is called the Countercheck quarrelsome; and so to the Lie circumstantial, and the Lie Direct.

Jaq. And how oft did you fay his beard was not well

cut?

Clo. I durst go no further than the Lie circumstantial, nor he durst not give me the Lie direct; and so we measured swords and parted.

Jaq. Can you nominate in order now the degrees of

the lie?

Clo. O, Sir, we quarrel in print, by the book; as you have books for good manners: I will name you the degrees. The first the Retort courteous; the second the Quip modest; the third the Reply churlish; the fourth the Reproof valiant; the fifth the Countercheck quarrel-some; the fixth the Lie with circumstance; the seventh, the Lie direct. All these you may avoid, but the Lie direct; and you may avoid that too with an If. I knew when seven justices could not take up a quarrel; but when the parties were met themselves, one of them thought but of an If, as, If you said so, then I said so; and they shook hands, and swore brothers. Your If is is the only peace-maker; much virtue in If.

Jaq. Is not this a rare fellow, my Lord? he's good at

any thing, and yet a fool.

Duke Sen. He uses his folly like a stalking-horse, and a under the presentation of that he shoots his wit.

Enter HYMEN, ROSALIND in Woman's Cloaths, and CELIA.

#### STILL MUSIC.

Hym. Then is there mirth in heaven,

When earthly things made even

Atone together.

Good duke, receive thy daughter,

Hymen from heaven brought her,

Yea, brought her hither;

That thou might'st join her hand with his,

Whose heart within his bosom is.

Ref. To you I give myself, for I am yours.

To you I give myself, for I am yours. [To Orlando.]

Duke Sen. If there be truth in fight, you are my daughter.

Orla. If there be truth in fight, you are my Rosalind. Phe If fight and shape be true,

Why then my love adieu!

Rof. I'll have no father, if you be not he. [To the Duke.

I'll have no husband, if you be not he: \_\_ [To Orlando. Nor ne'er wed woman if you be not she. To Phibea

Hym. Peace, ho! I bar confusion: 'Tis I must make conclusion Of these most strange events: Here's eight that must take hands,

To join in Hymen's bands, If truth holds true contents.

You and you no cross shall part; To Orlando and Rosalind.

You and you are heart in heart:

To Oliver and Gelia.

You to his love must accord, Or have a woman to your lord :---You and you are fure together, As the winter to foul weather.

How thus we met and these things finish.

To Phebe.

. To the Clown and Audrey. Whiles a wedlock-hymn we fing, Feed yourselves with questioning; That reason wonder may diminish,

#### SONG.

Wedding is great Juno's crown, O bieffed bond of board and bed! Tis Hymen peoples ev'ry town: High Wedgeck then be bonoured: Honour, bigh bonour and reno on, To Hymen, God of every town!

Duke Sen. O my dear niece, welcome thou art to me; Even daughter, welcome in no less degree. Phe. I will not eat my word, now thou art mine; Thy faith my fancy to thee doth combine.

## Enter JAQUES DE BOYS.

Jag. de B. Let me have audience for a word or two. I am the fecond fon of old Sir Rowland, That bring these tidings to this rair altembly:-Duke

Duke Frederick, hearing how that every day
Men of great worth reforted to this forest,
Address'd a mighty power; which were on foot,
In his own conduct purposely to take
His brother here, and put him to the sword:
And to the skirts of this wild wood he came;
Where meeting with an old religious man,
After some question with him, was converted
Both from his enterprise and from the world:
His crown bequeathing to his banished brother,
And all their lands restored to them again
That were with him exil'd: This to be true,

I do engage my life.

Duke Sen. Welcome, young man:
Thou offer'ft fairly to thy brother's wedding:
To one his lands with-held; and to the other,
A land itfelf at large a potent dukedom.
First in this forest let us do those ends
That here were well begun, and well begot:
And after, every of this happy number,
That have endured shrewd days and nights with us,
Shall share the good of our returned fortune,
According to the measure of their states.
Meantime forget this new-fall'n dignity,
And fall into our rustic revelry:—
Play, music;—and you brides and bridegrooms all,
With measure heap d in joy, to the measures fall.

Jag. Sir, by your patience.—If I heard you rightly,

The Duke hath put on a religious life, And thrown into neglect the pompous court?

Jaq. de B He hath.

faq. To him will I: out of these convertites
There is much matter to be heard and learn'd.—
You to your former honour I bequeath; [To the Duke.
Your patience and your virtue well describes it:—
You to a love, that your true faith doth merit—

You to your land, and love, and great allies:—

You to a long and well-deferved hed:

And you to wrangling; for thy loving voyage

120 the Clown.

Is but for two months victual'd:—So to your pleasures; I am for other than for dancing measures.

Duke Sen. Stay, Jaques, stay.

Jaq. To see no pastime I:— what you would have,
I'll stay to know at your abandon'd cave. [Exit.

Duke Sen. Proceed, proceed; we will begin these rites,
As we do trust they'll end in true delights.

#### EPILOGUE.

Rof. It is not the fashion to see the lady the epilogue: but it is no more unhandsome than to see the lord the prologue. If it be true that good wine needs no bush, 'tis true, that a good play needs no epilogue: yet to good wine they do use good bushes; and good plays prove the better by the help of good epilogues. What a case am I in then, that am neither a good epilogue, nor can infinuate with you in behalf of a good play? I am not furnished like a beggar, therefore to beg will not become me: my way is, to conjure you: and I'll begin with the women. I charge you, O women! for the love you bear to men, to like as much of this play as pleases them: and I charge you, O men! for the love you bear to women (as I perceive by your fimpering, none of you hate them), that between you and the women the play may please. If I were a woman, I would kis as many of you as had beards that pleafed me, complexions that lik'd me, and breaths that I defy'd not: and I am fure, as many as have good beards, or good faces, or fweet breaths, will for my kind offer, when I make curt'fy, bid me fare-Exeunt omnes. well.

THE END









THE

# TEMPEST.

## DRAMATIS PERSONÆ.

#### M E N.

Alonso, King of Naples.
Sebastian, his Brother.
Prospero, the rightful Duke of Milan.
Anthonio, his Brother, the usurping Duke of Milan.
Ferdinand, Son to the King of Naples.
Gonzalo, and honest old Counsellor of Naples.
Adrian,
Francisco,
Lords.
Caliban, a savage and deformed Slave.
Trinculo, a fester.
Stephano, a drunken Butler.
Master of a Ship, Boatswain, and Mariners.

#### WOMEN.

MIRANDA, Daughter to Prospero.
ARIEL, an airy Spirit.
IRIS,
CERES,
JUNO,
Nymphs,
Reapers.

Other Spirits attending on Prospero.

Scene, the Sea, with a Ship; afterwards, an uninhabited Island.

# TEMPEST.

## ACT I. SCENE I.

On a Ship at Sea. A tempestuous Noise of Thunder and Lightning heard. Enter a Ship-Master and a Boatswain.

MASTER.

BOATSWAIN,-

Boats. Here, master: What cheer?

Mast. Good: speak to the mariners:—fall to't yarely, or we run ourselves aground: bestir, bestir. [Exit.

#### Enter MARINERS.

Boats. Heigh, my hearts; cheerly, cheerly, my hearts; yare, yare: Take in the top-sail; Tend to the master's whistle;—Blow till thou burst thy wind, if room enough!

Enter Alonso, Sebastian, Anthonio, Ferdinand, Gonzalo, and others.

Alon. Good boatfwain, have care. Where's the master? Play the men.

Boats. I pray now, keep below.

Ant. Where is the master, boatswain?

Boats. Do you not hear him? You mar our labour; Keep your cabins: you do affist the storm.

Gon. Nay, good, be patient.

Boats. When the sea is. Hence! What care these roarers for the name of king? To cabin; silence: trouble us not.

Gon. Good; yet remember whom thou hast aboard.

Boats. None that I more love than myself. You are a counsellor; if you can command these elements to silence, and work the peace of the present, we will not handle a rope more; use your authority. If you cannot, give thanks you have liv'd so long, and make yourself ready in

your cabbin for the mischance of the hour, if it so hap.-

Cheerly, good hearts-Out of our way, I fay.

Gon. I have great comfort from this fellow: methinks, he hath no drowning mark upon him; his complexion is perfect gallows. Stand fast, good fate, to his hanging; make the rope of his destiny our cable, for our own doth little advantage: If he be not born to be hang'd, our case is miserable.

[Exeunt.

#### Re-enter BOATSWAIN.

Boats. Down with the top-mast; yare, lower; lower; bring her to try with main-course.

A plague upon this howling! they are louder than the weather, or our office.—

Re-enter SEBASTIAN, ANTHONIO, and GONZALO.

Yet again what do you here? Shall we give o'er and drown? have you a mind to fink?

Scb. A pox o' your throat! you bawling, blasphemous,

uncharitable dog!

Boats. Work you then.

Ant. Hang, cur, hang! you whorefon, insolent, noise-maker! we are less afraid to be drown'd, than thou art.

Gon. I'll warrant him from drowning; though the ship were no stronger than a nut-shell, and as leaky as an unstanch'd wench.

Boats. Lay her a-hold, a-hold; fet her two courses; off to sea again, lay her off.

#### Enter Mariners wet.

Mar. All lost! to prayers, to prayers! all lost!

[Exeunt.

Boats. What, must our mouths be cold?

Gon. The king and prince at prayers! let us affist them,

For our case is as theirs.

Seb. I am out of patience.

Ant. We are merely cheated of our lives by drunkards.—

This wide-chop'd rafcal; - Would, thou might'st lie drowning.

The washing of ten tides!

Gon. He'll be hang'd yet;
Though every drop of water fwear against it,
And gape at wid'st to glut him.
[A confused noise within] Mercy on us!—
We split, we split!—Farewel, my wife and children!
—Farewel, brother!—We split, we split, we split—

Ant. Let's all fink with the king.

Seb. Let's take leave of him.

[Exit.

Car. Now would I give a thousand furlance of for form

Gon. Now would I give a thousand furlongs of sea for an acre of barren ground; long heath, brown surze, any thing: The wills above be done, but I would fain die a dry death! [Exit.

### SCENE II.

The enchanted Island: before the Cell of PROSPERO.

Enter PROSPERO and MIRANDA.

Mira. If by your art, my dearest father, you have Put the wild waters in this roar, allay them:
The sky, it seems, would pour down stinking pitch, But that the sea, mounting to the welkin's cheek, Dashes the fire out. O, I have suffer'd With those that I saw suffer! a brave vessel, Who had, no doubt, some noble creatures in her, Dash'd all to pieces. O, the cry did knock Against my very heart! Poor souls! they perish'd Had I been any god of power, I would Have sunk the sea within the earth, or ere It should the good ship so have swallow'd, and The freighting souls within her.

Pro. Be collected:

No more amazement: tell your piteous heart, There's no harm done.

Mira. O, woe the day! Pro. No harm.

I have done nothing but in care of thee, (Of thee, my dear one! thee, my daughter) who Art ignorant of what thou art, nought knowing Of whence I am; nor that I am more better

A 3

Than Prospero, master of a full poor cell, And thy no greater father.

Mira. More to know

Did never meddle with my thoughts.

Pro. 'Tis time,

I should inform thee further. Lend thy hand, And pluck my magic garment from me.—So;

[Lays down his mantle.

Lye there my art.—Wipe thou thine eyes; have comfort. The direful spectacle of the wreck, which touch'd The very virtue of compassion in thee, I have with such provision in mine art So safely order'd, that there is no soul—No, not so much perdition as an hair, Betide to any creature in the vessel Which thou heard'st cry, which thou saw'st sink. Sit down:

For thou must now know further.

Mira. You have often

Begun to tell me what I am; but stopp'd, And left me to a bootless inquisition;

Concluding, Stay, not yet .-

Pro. The hour's now come;
The very minute bids thee ope thine ear;
Obey, and be attentive. Canst thou remember
A time before we came unto this cell?
I do not think thou canst; for then thou wast not
Out three years old.

Mira. Certainly, fir, I can.

Pro. By what? by any other house, or person? Of any thing the image tell me, that Hath kept with thy remembrance.

Mira. 'Tis far off;

And rather like a dream, than an affurance That my remembrance warrants: Had I not Four or five women once, that tended me?

Pro. Thou had'st, and more, Miranda: But how is it, That this lives in thy mind? What see'st thou else In the dark back-ward and abysm of time? f thou remember'st aught, ere thou cam'st here, How thou cam'st here, thou may'st.

Mira. But that I do not.

Pro. Twelve years fince, Miranda, twelve years fince, Thy father was the duke of Milan, and A prince of power.

Mira. Sir, are not you my father?

Pro. Thy mother was a piece of virtue, and She faid-thou wast my daughter; and thy father Was duke of Milan; thou his only heir And princess, no worse isfu'd.

Mira. O the heavens!

What foul play had we, that we came from thence; Or bleffed was't, we did?

Pro. Both, both, my girl;

By foul play, as thou fay'ft, were we heav'd thence; But bleffedly holp hither.

Mira. O, my heart bleeds

To think o' the teen that I have turn'd you to,

Which is from my remembrance! Please you further. Pro. My brother, and thy uncle, called Anthonio,-I pray thee, mark me, - that a brother should Be so perfidious !—he whom, next thyself, Of all the world I lov'd, and to him put The manage of my state; as, at that time Through all the figniories it was the first, And Prospero the prime duke; being so reputed In dignity, and, for the liberal arts, Without a parallel; those being all my study, The government I cast upon my brother, And to my state grew stranger, being transported, And wrapp'd in fecret studies. Thy false uncle-

Dost thou attend me? Mira. Sir, most heedfully.

Pro. Being once perfected how to grant fuits, How to deny them; whom to advance, and whom To trash for over-topping; new created The creatures that were mine, I fay, or chang'd 'em, Or else new form'd 'em: having both the key Of officer and office, fet all hearts i' the state To what tune pleas'd his ear; that now he was The ivy, which had hid my princely trunk, And fuck'd my verdure out on't .- Thou attend'ft not.

Mira. O good fir, I do.

Pro. I pray thee, mark me. I thus neglecting worldly ends, all dedicated To closeness, and the bettering of my mind With that, which, but by being fo retir'd, O'er priz'd all popular rate, in my falfe brother Awak'd an evil nature: and my trust, Like a good parent, did beget of him A fallehood, in its contrary as great As my trust was; which had, indeed, no limit, A confidence fans bound. He being thus lorded. Not only with what my revenue yielded. But what my power might else exact,—like one, Who having unto truth, by telling of it, Made fuch a finner of his memory, To credit his own lie,—he did believe He was, indeed, the duke; out of the substitution, And executing the outward face of royalty, With all prerogative:—Hence his ambition growing,— Doft thou hear?

Mira. Your tale, fir, would cure deafness.

Pro. To have no fcreen between this part he play'd And him he play'd it for, he needs will be Absolute Milan: Me, poor man!—my library Was dukedom large enough; of temporal royalties He thinks me now incapable: confederates, So dry he was for sway, with the king of Naples To give him annual tribute, do him homage; Subject his coronet to his crown, and bend The dukedom yet unbow'd (alas, poor Milan!) To most ignoble stooping.

Mira. O the heavens!

Pro. Mark this condition, and the event; then tell me, If this might be a brother.

Mira. I should fin

To think but nobly of my grandmother: Good wombs have borne bad fons.

Pro. Now the condition.

This king of Naples being an enemy
To me inveterate, hearkens my brother's fuit;
Which was, that he in lieu o' the premises,—
Of homage, and I know not how much tribute,—

Should prefently extirpate me and mine Out of the dukedom; and confer fair Milan, With all the honours, on my brother: Whereon, A treacherous army levy'd, one midnight, Fated to the purpose, did Anthonio open The gates of Milan; and i'the dead of darkness, The ministers for the purpose hurried thence Me, and thy crying felf.

Mira. Alack, for pity! I, not remembering how I cry'd out then,

Will cry it o'er again; it is a hint,

That wrings mine eyes to't. Pro. Hear a little further.

And then I'll bring thee to the present business Which now's upon us; without the which, this story Were most impertinent.

Mira. Wherefore did they not

That hour destroy us?

Pro. Well demanded, wench; My tale provokes that question. Dear, they durst not (So dear the love my people bore me); nor let A mark so bloody on the business; but With colours fairer painted their foul ends. In few, they hurried us aboard a bark; Bore us some leagues to sea; where they prepar'd A rotten carcase of a boat; not rigg'd, Nor tackle, fail, nor mast; the very rats Instinctively had quit it: there they hoist us To cry to the fea that roar'd to us: to figh To the winds, whose pity, fighing back again, Did us but loving wrong.

Mira. Alack! what trouble

Was I then to you!

Pro. O! a cherubim Thou wast, that did preserve me! Throu didst smile, Infused with a fortitude from heaven, When I have deck'd the fea with drops full falt; Under my burden groan'd; which rais'd in me An undergoing stomach to bear up Against what should ensue.

Mira. How came we ashore? Pro. By Providence divine.

Some food we had, and some fresh water, that

A noble Neapolitan, Gonzalo,
Out of his charity, who being then appointed
Mafter of this defign, did give us; with
Rich garments, linens, fluffs, and necessaries,
Which fince have fleaded much: fo, of his gentleness,
Knowing I lov'd my books, he furnish'd me,
From my own library, with volumes that
I prize above my dukedom.

Mira. Would I might But ever fee that man!

Pro. Now, I arife:—

Sit still, and hear the last of our sea-sorrow. Here in this island we arriv'd; and here Have I, thy school-master, made thee more profit Than other princes can, that have more time For vainer hours, and tutors not so careful.

Mira. Heavens thank you for't !- And now, I pray

you, fir, (For still 'tis beating in my mind) your reason For raising this sea-storm?

Pro. Know thus far forth.—
By accident most strange, bountiful Fortune.
Now, my dear lady, hath mine enemies
Brought to this shore: and by my prescience
I find my zenith doth depend upon
A most auspicious star; whose influence
If now I court not, but omit, my fortunes
Will ever after droop.—Here cease more questions:
Thou art inclin'd to sleep; 'tis a good dulness,
And give it way:—I know, thou canst not choose.—
[Miranda sleeps.

Come away, fervant, come: I am ready now: Approach my Ariel, come.

## Enter ARIEL.

Ariel. All hail, great master! grave fir, hail! I come To answer thy best pleasure; be't to fly, To swim, to dive into the fire, to ride On the curl'd clouds; to thy strong bidding, task Ariel, and all his quality.

Pro. Hast thou, spirit,

Perform'd to point the tempest that I bade thee?

Ari. To every article.

I boarded the king's thip; now on the beak,
Now in the wafte, the deck, in every cabin,
I flam'd amazement: Sometimes, I'd divide,
And burn in many places; on the top-mast,
The yards, and bolt-sprit, would I flame distinctly,
Then meet, and join: Jove's lightnings, the precursors
O' the dreadful thunder-clap, more momentary
And fight-out-running were not; the fire, and cracks
Of fulphurous roaring, the most mighty Neptune

Seem'd to befiege, and make his bold waves tremble;

Yea, his dread trident shake.

Pro. My brave spirit!

Who was fo firm, fo constant, that this coil Would not infect his reason?

Ari. Not a foul

But felt a fever of the mad, and play'd
Some tricks of desperation: All, but mariners,
Plung'd in the foaming brine and quit the vessel,
Then all a-fire with me: the king's son, Ferdinand,
With hair up-staring (then like reeds, not hair)
Was the first man that leap'd; cried, Hell is empty,
And all the devils are here.

Pro. Why, that's my fpirit!
But was not this nigh shore?
Ari. Close by, my master,

Pro. But are they, Ariel, fafe?

Ari. Not a hair perish'd;

On their fustaining garments not a blemish, But fresher than before: and, as thou bad'st me, In troops I have dispers'd them 'bout the isle: The king's son have I landed by himself; Whom I lest cooling of the air with sighs, In an odd angle of the isle, and sitting, His arms in this sad knot.

Pro. Of the king's ship, The mariners, say how thou hast dispos'd, And all the rest o' the fleet?

Ari. Safely in harbour

Is the king's ship; in the deep nook, where once Thou call'dst me up at midnight to setch dew From the still vex'd Bermoothes, there she's hid: The mariners all under hatches stow'd, Whom, with a charm join'd to their fuffer'd labour, I have left afleep: and for the rest o' the fleet, Which I dispers'd, they all have met again: And are upon the Mediterranean flote, Bound sadly home for Naples; Supposing that they saw the king's ship wreck'd, And his great person perish.

Pro. Ariel, thy charge

Exactly is perform'd; but there's more work:

What is the time o' the day?

Ari. Past the mid season.

Pro. At least two glasses: The time 'twixt six and now,

Must by us both be spent most preciously.

Ari. Is there more toil? Since thou dost give me pains Let me remember thee what thou hast promis'd,

Which is not yet perform'd me. Pro. How now? moody?

What is't thou can'ft demand?

Ari. My liberty.

Pro. Before the time be out? no more.

Ari. I pray thee:

Remember, I have done thee worthy fervice: Told thee no lies, made thee no miftaking; ferv'd Without or grudge, or grumblings: thou didft promife To bate me a full year.

Pro. Dost thou forget

From what a torment I did free thee?

Ari. No.

Pro. Thou dost; and think's it much, to tread the ooze Of the falt deep;

To run upon the sharp wind of the north; To do me business in the veins o' the earth,

When it is bak'd with frost.

Ari. I do not, fir.

Pro. Thou ly'ft, malignant thing! Hast thou forgot The foul witch Sycorax, who, with age, and envy, Was grown into a hoop? hast thou forgot her?

Ari. No, fir.

Pro. Thou hast: Where was she born? speak; tell me,

Ari. Sir, in Argier.

Pro. Oh, was she so? I must,

Once in a month, recount what thou hast been, Which thou forget's. This damn'd witch, Sycorax,

For mischies manifold, and forceries terrible To enter human hearing, from Argier, Thou know'st, was banish'd; for one thing she did, They would not take her life: Is not this true?

Ari. Ay, fir. Pro. This blue-ey'd hag was hither brought with child, And here was left by th' failors: Thou, my flave, As thou report'st thyself, wast then her servant: And, for thou wast a spirit too delicate To act her earthly and abhorr'd commands, Refusing her grand hests, she did confine thee, By help of her more potent ministers, And in her most unmitigable rage, Into a cloven pine; within which rift Imprison'd thou didst painfully remain A dozen years; within which space she died, And left thee there; where thou didft vent thy groans As fast as mill-wheels strike: Then was this island (Save for the fon that the did litter here, A freckled whelp, hag-born), not honour'd with A human shape.

Ari. Yes: Caliban her fon.

Pro. Dull thing, I fay fo; he, that Caliban,
Whom now I keep in fervice. Thou best know'st
What torment I did find thee in: thy groans
Did make wolves howl, and penetrate the breasts
Of ever-angry bears; it was a torment
To lay upon the damn'd, which Sycorax
Could not again undo; it was mine art,
When I arriv'd, and heard thee, that made gape
The pine, and let thee out.

Ari. I thank thee, master.

Pro. If thou more murmur'st, I will rend an oak, And peg thee in his knotty entrails, till Thou hast howl'd away twelve winters.

Ari. Pardon, master:

I will be correspondent to command, And do my spiriting gently.

Pro. Do io; and after two days

I will discharge thee.

Ari. That's my noble mafter!
What shall I do? fay what? what shall I do?

Pro. Go make thyself like to a nymph o' the sea: Be subject to no sight but thine and mine; invisible To every eye-ball else. Go, take this shape, And hither come in it: go, hence, with diligence.

[Exit ARIEL.

Awake, dear heart, awake! thou haft flept well; Awake!

Mira. The strangeness of your story put Heaviness in me.

Pro. Shake it off: come on; We'll vifit Caliban, my flave, who never Yields us kind answer.

Mira. 'Tis a villain, fir, I do not love to look on.

Pro. But, as 'tis, We cannot miss him: he does make our fire, Fetch in our wood; and serves in offices That profit us. What ho! slave Caliban! Thou earth, thou! speak.

Cal. (Within.) There's wood enough within.

Pro. Come forth, I fay; there's other bufiness for thee: Come, thou tortoise! when?

## Enter ARIEL like a Water-Nymph.

Fine apparition! My quaint Ariel, Hark in thine ear.

Ari. My lord, it shall be done.

Pro. Thou poisonous flave, got by the devil himself
Upon thy wicked dam, come forth!

### Enter CALIBAN.

Cal. As wicked dew, as e'er my mother brush'd With raven's feather from unwholesom fen, Drop on you both! a south west blow on ye, And blister you all o'er!

Pro. For this, be fure, to-night thou shalt have cramps, Side-stitches that shall pen thy breath up; urchins Shall, for that vast of night that they may work, All exercise on thee: thou shalt be pinch'd As thick as honey-combs, each pinch more stinging Than bees that made 'em.

Cai. I must eat my dinner.
This island's mine, by Sycorax my mother,
Which thou tak'st from me. When thou cam'st first,
Thou stroak'dst me, and mad'st much of me; woulst give me
Water with berries in't; and teach me how
To name the bigger light, and how the less,
That burn by day and night: and then I lov'd thee,
And shew'd thee all the qualities o' the isle,
The fresh springs, brine-pits, barren place, and fertile;
Curs'd be I, that I did so!—All the charms
Of Sycorax, toads, beetles, bats, light on you!
For I am all the subjects that you have,
Who first was mine own king; and here you sty me
In this hard rock, while you do keep from me
The rest of the island.

Pro. Thou most lying flave, Whom stripes may move, not kindness: I have us'd thee, Filth as thou art, with human care; and lodg'd thee In mine own cell, till thou didst feek to violate The honour of my child.

Cal. Oh ho, ho ho !- Would it had been done!

Thou didst prevent me; I had peopled else

This isle with Calibans. Pro. Abhorred slave;

Which any print of goodness will not take,
Being capable of all ill! I pitied thee,
Took pains to make thee speak, taught thee each hour
One thing or other: when thou didst not, savage,
Know thy own meaning, but would'st gabble like
A thing more brutish, I endow'd thy purposes
With words that made them known: But thy vile race,
Though thou did'st learn, had that in't which good natures
Could not abide to be with; therefore wast thou
Deservedly confin'd into this rock,
Who hadst deserv'd more than a prison.

Cal. You taught me language; and my profit on't Is, I know how to curfe: The red plague rid you,

For learning me your language!

Pro. Hag-feed, hence!
Fetch us in fewel; and be quick, thou wer't best,
To answer other business. Shrug'st thou malice?
If thou neglect'st, or dost unwillingly

What I command, I'll rack thee with old cramps; Fill all thy bones with aches; make thee roar, That beafts shall tremble at thy din.

Cal. No 'pray thee !—
I must obey: his art is of such power,
It would control my dam's god, Setebos,
And make a vassal of him.

[Aside.

Pro. So, flave; hence!

Exit CALIBAN.

Enter FERDINAND at the remotest part of the stage, and ARIEL invisible, playing and singing.

ARIEL'S Song.

Come unto these yellow sands,
And then take hands:
Court'ssed you have, and kiss'd,
(The wild waves whils)
Foot it seatly here and there;
And sweet sprites the burden bear.
Hark, hark!

Bur. Bowgh, wowgh, The watch-dogs bark:

Bur. Bowgh, wowgh.

Hark, hark! I hear
The strain of strutting chanticleer
Cry, Cock-a-doodle-doo.

[dispersedly.

Fer. Where should this music be? i' the air, or the earth? It founds no more —and sure, it waits upon Some god of the island. Sitting on a bank, Weeping again the king my father's wreck, This music crept by me upon the waters; Allaying both their sury, and my passion, With its sweet air; thence I have follow'd it, Or it hath drawn me rather:—But'tis gone. No, it begins again.

ARIEL'S Song.

Full fathom five thy father lies,
Of his bones are coral made;
Those are pearls, that were his eyes:
Nothing of him that doth fade,

Both doth suffer a sea-change,
Into something rich and strange.
Sea-nymphs hourly ring his knell.
Hark, now I hear them,—ding-dong, bell.
[Burden, ding-dong.

Fer. The ditty does remember my drown'd father:—This is no mortal business, nor no found. That the earth owes:—I hear it now above me.

Pro. The fringed curtains of thine eye advance,

And fay, what thou feest yond'. Mira: What is't? a spirit?

Lord, how it looks about! Believe me, fir, It carries a brave form:—But 'tis a fpirit.

Pro. No, wench; it eats, and fleeps, and hath fuch fenfes

As we have fuch: This gallant, which thou fee'ff, Was in the wreck; and, but he's fomething stain'd With grief, that's beauty's canker, thou might'st call him A goodly person: he hath lost his fellows,

And strays about to find them.

Mira. I might call him
A thing divine; for nothing natural

I ever faw fo noble.

Pro. It goes on, I fee,

As my foul prompts it:—Spirit, fine spirit, I'll free thee Within two days for this.

Fer. Most sure, the goddess
On whom these airs attend!—Vouchsafe, my prayer
May know, if you remain upon this island;
And that you will some instruction give,
How I may bear me here; My prime request,
Which I do last pronounce, is, O you wonder!
If you be maid, or no?

Mira. No wonder, Sir; But, certainly a maid

Fer. My language! heavens!—
I am the best of them that speak this speech,

Where I but where 'tis spoken. Pro. How! the best?

What wert thou, if the king of Naples heard thee?

P

Fer. A fingle thing, as I am now, that wonders To hear thee fpeak of Naples: He does hear me; And, that he does, I weep: myfelf am Naples; Who with mine eyes, ne'er fince at ebb, beheld The king my father wreck'd,

Mira. Alack, for mercy!

Fer. Yes, faith, and all his Lords; the duke of Milan, And his brave fon being twain.

Pro. The duke of Milan,

And his more braver daughter, could controul thee, If now 'twere fit to do 't:—At the first fight

[Aside to ARIEL.

They have chang'd eyes:—Delicate Ariel, I'll fet thee free for this.——A word, good fir;

I fear, you have done yourself some wrong: a word—
Mira. Why speaks my father so ungently? This

Is the third man that I e'er faw; the first,

That e'er I sigh'd for: pity move my father

To be inclined my way!

To be inclin'd my way! Fer. O, if a virgin,

And your affection not gone forth, I'll make you

The queen of Naples.

Pro. Soft, Sir, one word more.—

They are both in either's powers: but this fwift business I must uneasy make, lest too light winning [Afide. Make the prize light.—One word more; I charge thee, That thou attend me: thou dost here usurp The name thou ow'st not; and hast put thyself Upon this island, as a spy, to win it From me, the lord on't.

Fer. No, as I am a man.

Mira. There's nothing ill can dwell in fuch a temple: If the ill spirit have so fair an house,

Good things will ftrive to dwell with't.

Pro. [To Fred.] Follow me.—
Speak not you for him; he's a traitor.—Come,
I'll manacle thy neck and feet together:
Sea-water shalt thou drink, thy food shall be
The fresh-brook muscles, wither'd roots, and husks
Wherein the acorn cradled: Follow.

He draws.

Fer. No;

I will resist such entertainment, 'till Mine enemy has more power.

Mira. O dear father,

Make not too rash a trial of him, for

He's gentle, and not fearful. Pro. What, I fay,

My foot my tutor?—put thy fword up, traitor;

Who mak'ft a shew, but dar'ft not strike, thy conscience Is so posses'd with guilt: come from thy ward;

For I can here difarm thee with this stick,

And make thy weapon drop.

Mira. Befeech you father!

Pro. Hence; hang not on my garments:

Mira. Sir, have pity;

I'll be his furety.

Pro. Silence: one word more

Shall make me chide thee, if not hate thee. What,

An advocate for an impostor? hush!

Thou think'st, there are no more such shapes as he, Having seen but him and Caliban; Foolish wench!

To the most of men this is a Caliban,

And they to him are angels.

Mira. My affections

Are then most humble; I have no ambition

To see a goodlier man:

Pro. Come on; obey; [To Ferdinand; Thy nerves are in their infancy again,

And have no vigour in them:

Fer. So they are:

My fpirits, as in a dream, are all bound up.
My father's lofs, the weakness which I feel,
The wreck of all my friends, or this man's threats,
To whom I am fubdu'd, are but light to me,
Might I but through my prison once a day
Behold this maid: all corners else o' the earth
Let liberty make use of; space enough
Have I, in such a prison.

Pro. It works : \_\_\_ Come on.

[To Ariel. Thou hast done well, fine Ariel!—Follow me. Hark, what thou else shalt do me.

Mira. Be of comfort; My father's of a better nature, Sir, Then he appears by speech; this is unwonted,

Which now came from him. Pro. Thou shalt be as free

To ARIEL.

As mountain winds: but then exactly do All points of my command.

Ari. To the fyllable.

Pro. Come, follow: Speak not for him.

F Exeunt.

## ACT II.-SCENE I.

Another part of the Island. Enter Alonso, Sebastian, Anthonio, Gonzalo, Adrian, Francisco, and others.

### Gonzalo.

ESEECH you, Sir, be merry: you have cause (So have we all) of joy; for our escape Is much beyond our loss: Our hint of woe Is common; every day, some failor's wife, The master of some merchant, and the merchant, Have just our theme of woe: but for the miracle, I mean our preservation, sew in millions Can speak like us: then wisely, good Sir, weigh Our forrow with our comfort.

Alon. Pr'ythee, peace.

Seb. He receives comfort like cold porridge. Ant. The visitor will not give him o'er so.

Seb. Look, he's winding up the watch of his wit: by and by it will strike.

Gon. Sir,-

Seb. One:—Tell.

Gon. When every grief is entertain'd, that's offer'd, Comes to the entertainer

Seb. A dollar.

Gon. Dolour comes to him, indeed; you have fpoken truer than you propos'd.

Sch. You have taken it wiser than I meant you

would.

Therefore, my lord,—

Ant. Fie, what a spend-thrift is he of his tongue!

Alon. I pr'ythee, spare.

Gon. Well, I have done; But yet-

Seb. He will be talking.

Ant. Which of them, he, or Adrian, for a good wager, first begins to crow?

Seb. The old cock.
Ant. The cockrel.

Seb. Done: the wager?

Ant. A laughter. Seb. A match.

Adr. Though this island feem to be defert,-

Seb. Ha, ha, ha!

Ant. So, you've pay'd.

Adr. Uninhabitable, and almost inaccessible.-

Seb. Yet, Adr. Yet—

Ant. He could not miss't.

Adr. It must needs be of subtile, tender, and delicate temperance

Ant. Temperance was a delicate wench.

Seb. Ay, and a fubtile; as he most learnedly deliver'd.

Adr. The air breaths upon us here most sweetly

Seb. As if it had lungs, and rotten ones. Ant. Or, as 'twere perfum'd by a fen.

Gon. Here is every thing advantageous to life.

Ant. True; fave means to live. Seb. Of that there's none, or little.

Gon. How lush and lusty the grass looks? how green?

Ant. The ground, indeed, is tawny.

Scb. With an eye of green in't.

Ant. He misses not much.

Seb. No; he doth but mistake the truth totally.

Gon. But the rarity of it is (which is, indeed, almost beyond credit)—

Scb. As many vouch'd rarities are—

Gon. That our garments, being, as they were, drench'd in the fea, hold notwithstanding their freshness, and glosses; being rather new dy'd, than stain'd with faltwater.

Ant. If but one of his pockets could speak, would it not say, he lies?

Seb. Ay, or very falfely pocket up his report.

Gon. Methinks, our garments are now as fresh as when we put them on first in Africk, at the marriage of the king's fair daughter *Claribel* to the king of *Tunis*.

Seb. 'Twas a fweet marriage, and we prosper well in

our return.

Adr. Tunis was never grac'd before with fuch a paragon to their queen.

Gon. Not fince widow Dido's time.

Ant. Widow? a pox o' that! How came that widow in? Widow Dido!

Sch. What if he had faid, widower Æneas too? good

lord, how you take it!

Adr. Widow Dido, said you? you make me study of that: she was of Carthage, not of Tunis.

Gon. This Tunis, fir, was Carthage.

-Adr. Carthage.

Gon. I affure you, Carthage.

Ant. His word is more than the miraculous harp. Scb. He hath rais'd the wall, and houses too.

Ant. What impossible matter will he make easy next?

Seb. I think, he will carry this island home in his pocket, and give it his fon for an apple.

Ant. And, fowing the kernels of it in the fea, bring

forth more islands.

Gon. Ay?

Ant. Why, in good time.

Gon. Sir, we were talking, that our garments feem now as fresh, as when we were at Tunis at the marriage of your daughter, who is now queen.

Ant. And the rarest that e'er came there. Seb. 'Bate, I beseech you, widow Dido. Ant. O, widow Dido; ay, widow Dido.

Gon. Is not, fir, my doublet, as fresh as the first day I wore it? I mean, in a fort.

Ant. That fort was well fish'd for.

Gon. When I wore it at your daughter's marriage?

Alon. You cram these words into mine ears, against The stomach of my sense: 'Would I had never Marry'd my daughter there! for, coming thence, My son is lost; and, in my rate, she too,

Who is fo far from Italy remov'd, I ne'er again shall see her. O thou mine heir Of Naples and of Milan, what strange fish Hath made his meal on thee!

Fran. Sir, he may live;
I faw him beat the furges under him,
And ride upon their backs; he trod the water.
Whose enmity he flung aside, and breasted
The surge most swoln that met him: his bold head
Bove the contentious waves he kept, and oar'd
Himself with his good arms in lusty stroke
To the shore, that o'er his wave-worn basis bow'd,
As stooping to relieve him: I not doubt,
He came alive to land.

Alon. No, no, he's gone.

Seb. Sir, you may thank yourself for this great loss; That would not bless our Europe with your daughter, But rather lose her to an African; Where she, at least, is banish'd from your eye Who hath cause to wet the grief on't.

Alon. Pry'thee, peace.

Seb. You were kneel'd to, and importun'd otherwise By all of us; and the fair soul herself Weigh'd, between lothness and obedience, at Which end the beam should bow. We have lost your son, I fear, for ever: Milan and Naples have More widows in them of this business' making, Then we bring men to comfort them; the fault's Your own.

Alon. So is the dearest o' the loss.

Gon. My lord Sebastian,

The truth you speak doth lack some gentleness, And a time to speak it in: you rub the fore, When you should bring the plaister.

Seb. Very well.

Ant. And most chirurgeonly.

Gon. It is foul wheather in us all, good fir, When you are cloudy.

Seb. Foul weather?

Ant. Very foul.

Gon. Had I the plantation of this isle, my lord,-

Ant. He'd fow't with nettle-feed.

Seb. Or docks, or mallows.

Gon. And were the king of it, what would I do?

Seb. 'Scape being drunk, for want of wine.

Gon. I' the commonwealth, I would by contraries Execute all things: for no kind of traffick Would I admit; no name of magistrate, Letters should not be known; riches, poverty. And use of service, none; contract, succession, Bourn, bound of land, tilth, vineyard, none: No use of metal, corn, or wine, or oil: No occupation; all men, idle all, And women too, but innocent and pure: No fovereignty.

Seb. And yet he would be king on't.

Ant. The latter end of his commonwealth forgets

the beginning.

Gon. All things in common nature should produce Without sweat or endeavour: treason, felony, Sword, pike, knife, gun, or need of any engine, Would I not have; but nature should bring forth, Of its own kind, all foizon, all abundance To feed my innocent people.

Seb. No marrying 'mong his subjects?

Ant. None, man: all idle; whores, and knaves. Gon. I would with fuch perfection govern, Sir. To excel the golden age.

Scb. 'Save his majesty! Ant. Long live Gonzalo!

Gon. And, do you mark me, Sir?

Alon. Pr'ythee, no more; thou dost talk nothing to me.

Gon. I do well believe your highness; and did it to minister occasion to these gentlemen, who are of such fenfible and nimble lungs, that they always use to laugh at nothing.

Ant. 'Twas you we laugh'd at.

Gon. Who, in this kind of merry fooling, am nothing to you: fo you may continue, and laugh at nothing still,

Ant. What a blow was there given? Seb. And it had not fallen flat-long,

Gon. You are, gentlemen, of brave metal; you would lift the moon out or her fphere, if the would continue in it five weeks without changing.

# Enter ARIEL, playing folemn Music.

Seb. We would fo, and then go a bat-fowling.

Ant Nay, my good lord, be not angry.

Gon. No, I warrant you; I will not adventure my difcretion fo weakly. Will you laugh me asleep, for I am very heavy?

Ant. Go, fleep, and hear us.

[GONZ. ADR. FRA, &c. Sleeps.

Alon. What all fo foon afleep! I wish mine eyes Would, with themselves, shut up my thoughts: I find They are inclin'd to do so.

Seb. Please you, sir,

Do not omit the heavy offer of it: It feldom visits forrow; when it doth,

It is a comforter.

Ant. We two, my lord,

Will guard your person, while you take your rest, And watch your safety.

Alon. Thank you: Wond'rous heavy-

[ All fleep but SEB. and ANT.

Seb. What a strange drowfiness possesses them?

Ant. It is the quality o' the climate.

Seb. Why

Doth it not then our eye-lids fink? I find not

Myself dispos'd to sleep.

Ant. Nor I; my spirits are nimble. They fell together all, as by consent;

They dropp'd, as by a thunder-stroke. What might, Worthy Schastian?—O, what might?—No more:—

And yet, methinks, I fee it in thy face,

What thou should'st be: the occasion speaks thee; and

My strong imagination sees a crown Propping upon thy head.

Seb. What, art thou waking?
Ant. Do you not hear me speak?

Seb. I do; and, furely,

It is a fleepy language! and thou fpeak'ft

Out of thy fleep: What is it thou didft fay? This is a strange repose, to be asleep With eyes wide open; standing, speaking, moving; And yet so fast asleep.

Ant. Noble Schastian,

Thou let'ft thy fortune fleep, die rather; wink'ft While thou art waking.

Seb. Thou dost fnore distinctly; There's meaning in thy snores.

Ant. I am more ferious than my custom: you Must be so too, if heed me; which to do, Trebles thee o'er.

Seb. Well; I am flanding water. Ant. I'll teach you how to flow.

Seb. Do so; to ebb,

Hereditary floth instructs me.

Ant. O,

If you but knew, how you the purpose cherish, Whilst thus you mock it! how, in stripping it, You more invest it! Ebbing men, indeed, Most often do so near the bottom run, By their own fear or sloth.

Seb. Pr'ythee, fay on;

The fetting of thine eye, and cheek, proclaim A matter from thee; and a birth, indeed, Which throes thee much to yield.

Ant. Thus, Sir:

Although this lord of weak remembrance, this, (Who shall be of as little memory, When he is earth'd (hath here almost perfuaded (For he's a spirit of persuasion, only Prosesses to persuade) the king, his son's alive; 'Tis as impossible that he's undrown'd, As he that sleeps here, swims.

Seb. I have no hope, That he's undrown'd.

Ant. O, out of that no hope,
What great hope have you! no hope, that way, is
Another way so high an hope, that even
Ambition cannot pierce a wink beyond,
But doubts discovery there. Will you grant with me,
That Ferdinand is drown'd?

Seb. He's gone.

Ant. Then, tell me,

Who's the next heir of Naples?

Seb. Claribel.

Ant. She that is queen of Tunis; she that dwells Ten leagues beyond man's life; she that from Naples Can have no note, unless the sun were post, (The man i' the moon's too slow) till new-born chins Be rough and razorable; she, from whom We were all fea-swallow'd, though some cast again; And, by that destiny, to perform an act, Whereof what's past is prologue; what to come, In yours, and my discharge.

Seb. What stuff is this?—How say you?
'Tis true, my brother's daughter's queen of Tunis:
So is she heir of Naples; 'twixt which regions

There is fome space.

Ant. A space, whose very cubit
Seems to cry out, How shall that Claribel
Measure us back to Naples?—Keep in Tunis,
And let Sebastian wake!—Say, this were death
That now hath seized them; why they were no worse
Than now they are: There be that can rule Naples,
As well as he that sleeps; lords, that can prate
As amply, and unnecessarily,
As this Gonzalo; I myself could make
A chough of as deep chat. O, that you bore
The mind that I do! what a sleep were this
For your advancement! Do you understand me?
Seb. Methinks, I do.
Ant. And how does your content

Ant. And how does your content Tender your own good fortune?

Seb. I remember

You did supplant your brother Prospero.

Ant. True;

And, look how well my garments fit upon me; Much feater than before: My brother's fervants Were then my fellows, now they are my men.

Seb. But, for your conscience—

Ant. Aye, Sir; where lies that? if it were a kybe, 'Twould put me to my flipper: But I feel not This deity in my bosom: twenty consciences,

That stand 'twixt me and Milan, candy'd be they, And melt, e'er they molest. Here lies your brother, No better than the earth he lies upon, If he were that which now he's like, that's dead; Whom I with this obedient steel, three inches of it, Can lay to bed for ever: whiles you, doing thus, To the perpetual wink, for ay might put 'This ancient morsel, this Sir Prudence, who Should not upbraid our course. For all the rest, They'll take suggestion, as a cat laps milk; They'll tell the clock to any business that We say besits the hour.

Seb. Thy case, dear friend,
Shall be my precedent; as thou got'st Milan,
I'll come by Naples. Draw thy sword: one stroke
Shall free thee from the tribute which thou pay'st:
And I the king shall love thee.

Ant. Draw together:
And when I rear my hand, do you the like

To fall it on Gonzalo.

Seb. Oh, but one word.

[They converse apart.

## Enter ARIEL, with Music and Song.

Ari. My master through his art forsees the danger, That you, his friend, are in; and sends me forth (For else his project dies) to keep them living.

[Sings in Gonzalo's Ear.

While you here do fnoring lie,
Open-cy'd conspiracy
His time doth take:
If of life you keep a care,
Shake off slumber, and beware:
Awake!

Ant. Then let us both be fudden.

Gon. Now, good angels, preserve the king!

[They wake.

Alon. Why, how now, ho! awake? Why are you drawn?

Wherefore this ghastly looking?

Gon. What's the matter?

[Excunt.

Seb. Whiles we flood here fecuring your repose, Even now, we heard a hollow burst of bellowing Like bulls, or rather lions; did it not wake you? It strook mine ear most terribly.

Alon. I heard nothing.

Ant. O, 'twas a din to fright a monster's ear; To make an earthquake! fure, 'twas the roar Of a whole heard of lions.

Alon. Heard you this, Gonzalo?

Gon. Upon my honour, Sir, I heard a humming, And that a strange one too, which did awake me: I shak'd you, Sir, and cry'd; as mine eyes open'd, I saw their weapons drawn:—there was a noise, That's verity: 'Tis best we stand upon our guard; Or that we quit this place: let's draw our weapons.

Alon. Lead off this ground; and let's make further fearch

For my poor fon.

Gon. Heavens keep him from these beasts!

For he is, fure, i' the island.

Alon. Lead away.

Ari. Prospero, my lord, shall know what I have done. [ Aside.

So king, go fafely on to feek thy fon.

# SCENE II.

Another part of the Island. Enter CALIBAN with a Burden of Wood: A Noise of Thunder heard.

Cal. All the infections that the fun fucks up
From bogs, fens, flats, on Prosper fall, and make him
By inch-meal a disease! his spirits hear me,
And yet I needs must curse. But they'll not pinch,
Fright me with urchin shows, pitch me i' the mire,
Nor lead me, like a fire-brand, in the dark
Out of my way, unless he bid 'em; but
For every triste they are set upon me:
Sometime like apes, that moe and chatter at me,
And after, bite me; then like hedge-hogs, which
Lie tumbling in my bare-foot way, and mount
Their pricks at my foot-fall; sometime am

All wound with adders, who, with cloven tongues, Do his me into madness:—Lo! now! lo!

#### Enter TRINCULO.

Here comes a spirit of his; and to torment me, For bringing wood in slowly: I'll fall flat;

Perchance, he will not mind me.

Trin. Here's neither bush nor shrub, to bear off any weather at all, and another from brewing; I hear it fing i' the wind: yond' fame black cloud, yond' huge one, looks like a foul bumbard that would shed his liquor. If it should thunder, as it did before, I know not where to hide my head: yond' fame cloud cannot chuse but fall by pailfulls.—What have we here? a man or a fish? Dead or alive? A fish: he smells like a fish; a very ancient and fish-like smell; a kind of, not of the newest, Poor-John, A strange fish! Were I in England now (as once I was) and had but this fish painted, not a holiday fool there but would give a piece of filver: there would this monfler make a man; any strange beast there makes a man: when they will not give a doit to relieve a lame beggar, they will lay out ten to fee a dead Indian. Legg'd like a man! and his fins like arms! Warm o' my troth! I do now let loofe my opinion, hold it no longer; this is no fish, but an islander, that has lately suffered by a thunder-bolf. Alas! the storm is come again: my best way is to creep under his gaberdine; there is no other shelter hereabout: Misery acquaints a man with ftrange bed-fellows: I will here shrowd, till the dregs of the storm be past.

Enter Stephano singing; a Bottle in his Hand.

Ste. I shall no more to sea, to sea, Here shall I die a-shore,—

This is a very scurvy tune to sing at a man's funeral:
Well, here's my comfort.

[Drinks.

The master, the swabber, the boatswain and I,
The gunner and his mate,
Low'd Mall, Meg, and Marian, and Margery.
But none of us car'd for Kate:

For she had a tongue with a tang,
Would cry to a sailor, Go hang:
She low'd not the savour of tar nor of pitch,
Yet a taylor might scratch her where-e'er she did itch:
Then to sea, boys, and let her go hang.

This is a scurvy tune too: But here's my comfort.

[Drinks.

Cal. Do not torment me: Oh!

Ste. What's the matter? Have we devils here? Do you put tricks upon us with favages, and men of Inde? Ha! I have not 'scap'd drowning, to be afraid now of your four legs; for it hath been faid, As proper a man as ever went upon four legs, cannot make him give ground: and it shall be faid so again, while Strephano breathes at nostrils.

Cal. The spirit torments me: Oh!

Ste. This is some monster of the isle, with sour legs; who has got, as I take it, an ague: Where the devil should he learn our language? I will give him some relief, if it be but for that: If I can recover him, and keep him tame, and get to Naples with him, he's a present for any emperor that evertrod on neats-leather.

Cal. Do not torment me, pr'ythee; I'll bring my wood

home faster.

Ste. He's in his fit now; and does not talk after the wifest: He shall taste of my bottle: if he never drunk wine afore, it will go near to remove his fit: if I can recover him, and keep him tame, I will not take too much for him; he shall pay for him that hath him, and that foundly.

Cal. Thou dost me yet but little hurt; thou wilt anon, I know it by thy trembling: now Prosper works upon

thee.

Ste. Come on your ways; open your mouth; here is that which will give language to you, cat; open your mouth: this will shake your shaking, I can tell you, and that foundly; you cannot tell who's your friend; open your chaps again.

Trin. I should know that voice: It should be,—But he is drown'd; and these are devils! O! defend me.—

Ste. Four legs, and two voices; a most delicate monster! His forward voice now is to speak well of his friend; his backward voice is to utter foul speeches, and to detract. If all the wine in my bottle will recover him, I will help his ague: Come—Amen: I will pour some in thy other mouth.

Trin. Stephano,-

Ste. Doth thy other mouth call me? Mercy! mercy! This is a devil, and no monster: I will leave him; I have no long spoon.

Trin. Stephano!—if thou be'st Stephano, touch me, and speak to me; for I am Trinculo;—be not afraid,—

thy good friend Trinculo.

Ste. If thou be'ft Trinculo, come forth; I'll pull thee by the leffer legs; if any be Trinculo's legs, these are they. Thou art very Trinculo, indeed: How cam'st thou to be

the fiege of this moon-calf? can he vent Trinculos?

Trin. I took him to be kill'd with a thunder-stroke:—But art thou not drown'd, Stephano? I hope now, thou art not drown'd? Is the form overblown? I hid me under the dead moon-calf's gaberdine, for fear of the storm: And art thou living, Stephano? O Stephano, two Neapolitans 'feap'd!

Ste. Pr'ythee, do not turn me about; my stomach is not

constant.

Cal. These be fine things, an if they be not sprights. That's a brave god, and bears celestial liquor:

I will kneel to him.

Ste. How did'st thou 'scape? How cam'st thou hither? swear, by this bottle, how thou cam'st hither. I escap'd upon a butt of sack, which the sailors heav'd over-board, by this bottle! which I made of the bark of a tree, with mine own hands, since I was cast ashore.

Cal. I'll fwear, upon that bottle, to be thy true fubject;

for the liquor is not earthly.

Ste. Here; fwear then, how escap'dst thou?

Trin. Swom afhore, man, like a duck; I can fwim like a duck, I'll be fworn.

Ste. Here, kifs the book: Though thou can'ft fwim like a duck, thou art made like a goofe.

Trin. O Stephano, hast any more of this?

Stc. The whole butt, man; my cellar is in a rock by the fea-fide, where my wine is hid. How now, mooncalf? how does thine ague? Cal. Haft thou not dropt from heaven?

Ste. Out o' the moon, I do affure thee: I was the man in the moon, when time was.

Cal. I have feen thee in her, and I do adore thee: my

mistress thew'd me thee, and thy dog, and thy bush.

Ste. Come, swear to that; kiss the book: I will furnish

it anon with new contents: fwear.

Trin. By this good light this is a very shallow monster:

I as wery weak monster:

The man
i' the moon!—a most poor credulous monster:—Well
drawn, monster, in good sooth.

Cal. I'll flow thee every fertile inch o' the isle; And I will kiss thy foot: I pr'ythee, be my god.

Trin. By this light, a most perfidious and drunken monster; when his god's asleep, he'll rob his bottle.

Cal. I'll kiss thy foot; I'll swear myself thy subject.

Ste. Come on then; down, and fwear.

Trin. I shall laugh myself to death at this puppy-headed monster: A most scurvy monster! I could find in my heart to beat him—

Ste. Come, kiss.

Trin.—But that the poor monster's in drink;

An abominable monster!

Cal. I'll shew thee the best springs; I'll pluck thee berries;

I'll fish for thee, and get thee wood enough. A plague upon the tyrant that I ferve! I'll bear him no more sticks, but follow thee,

Thou wond'rous man.

Trin. A most ridiculous monster; to make a wonder of

a poor drunkard.

Cal. I pr'ythee, let me bring thee where crabs grow;
And I with my long nails will dig thee pig-nuts;
Shew thee a jay's neft, and inftruct thee how
To fnare the nimble marmazet; I'll bring thee
To cluft'ring filberds, and fometimes I'll get thee
Young scamels from the rock: Wilt thou go with me?

Ste. I pr'ythee now, lead the way, without any more talking.—Trinculo, the king and all our company being drown'd, we will inherit here.—Here; bear my bottle!

Follow Trinculo, we'll fill him by and by again.

C

Cal. [Sings drunkenly.] Farewel master; farewel farewel.

Trin. A howling monster; a drunken monster.

Cal. No more dams I'll make for fish;

Nor fetch in firing

At requiring,

Nor scrape trencher, nor wash dish;

Ban' Ban', Ca—Caliban,

Has a new master—Get a new man.

Freedom, hey-day! hey-day, freedom! freedom!

Ste. O brave monster! lead the way.

[ Exeunt.

# ACT III. SCENE I.

Before Prospero's Cell. Enter Ferdinand, bearing a Log.

### Ferdinand.

THERE be some sports are painful; but their labour Delight in them sets off: some kinds of baseness Are nobly undergone; and most poor matters Point to rich ends. This my mean task Would be as heavy to me, as odious; but The mistress which I serve quickens what's dead; And makes my labours pleasures: O, the is Ten times more gentle, than her father's crabbed; And he's compos'd of harshness. I must remove Some thousands of these logs, and pile them up, Upon a fore injunction; My sweet mistress Weeps when she sees me work; and says, such baseness Had ne'er like executor. I forget:
But these sweet thoughts do even refresh my labours; Most busy-less, when I do it.

## Enter MIRANDA, and PROSPERO at a Distance.

Mira. Alas, now! pray you,
Work not fo hard: I would, the lightning had
Burnt up those logs, that you are enjoin'd to pile!
Pray, set it down, and rest you; when this burns,
'Twill weep for having weary'd you: My father
Is hard at study; pray now, rest yourself;
He's safe for these three hours.

Fer. O most dear mistress,

The fun will fet before I shall discharge

What I must strive to do. Mira. If you'll sit down,

I'll bear your logs the while: Pray, give me that;

I'll carry't to the pile.

Fer. No, precious creature;

I had rather crack my finews, break my back, Than you should such dishonour undergo,

While I fit lazy by.

Mira. It would become me

As well as it does you: and I should do it With much more ease; for my good will is to it, And yours it is against.

Pro. Poor worm thou art infected;

This vifitation shews it.

Mira. You look wearily.

Fer. No, noble mistres; 'tis fresh morning with me, When you are by at night. I do beseech you (Chiesly that I might set it in my prayers), What is your name?

Mira. Miranda:—O my father, I have broke your' hest to say so!

Fer. Admir'd Miranda!
Indeed, the top of admiration; worth
What's dearest to the world; Full many a lady
I have ey'd with best regard; and many a time
The harmony of their tongues hath into bondage
Brought my too diligent ear: for several virtues
Have I lik'd several women; never any
With so full soul, but some defect in her
Did quarrel with the noblest grace she ow'd,

And put it to the foil: But you, O you, So perfect, and fo peerless, are created Of every creature's best.

Mira. I do not know

One of my fex; no woman's face remember,
Save, from my glafs, mine own: nor have I feen
More that I may call men, than you, good friend,
And my dear father: how features are abroad,
I am fkillefs of: but by my modefty,
(The jewel in my dower), I would not wish
Any companion in the world but you:
Nor can imagination form a shape,
Besides yourself, to like of: But I prattle
Something too wildly, and my father's precepts
I therein do forget.

Fer. I am, in my condition,
A prince, Miranda; I do think, a king;
(I would, not fo!) and would no more endure
This wooden flavery, than I would fuffer
The flesh-fly blow my mouth.—Hear my foul speak:—
The very instant that I saw you, did
My heart fly to your service; there resides,
To make me flave to it; and, for your sake,

Am I this patient log-man. Mira. Do you love me?

Fer. O heaven, O earth, bear witness to this found,
And crown what I profess with kind event,
If I speak true; if hollowly, invert
What best is boded me, to mischief! I,
Beyond all limit of what else i' the world,
Do love, prize, honour you.

Mira. I am a fool, To weep at what I am glad of.

Pro. Fair encounter

Of two most rare affections! Heavens rain grace On that which breeds between them!

Fer. Wherefore weep you?

Mira. At mine unworthiness, that dare not offer What I desire to give; and much less take, What I shall die to want: But this is trisling; And all the more it seeks to hide itself, The bigger bulk it shews. Hence bashful cunning!

And prompt me, plain and holy innocence! I am your wife, if you will marry me; If not, I'll die your maid: to be your fellow You may deny me; but I'll be your fervant, Whether you will or no.

Fer. My mistres, dearest, And I thus humble ever.

Mira. My husband then?

Fer. Ay, with a heart as willing

As bondage e'er of freedom: here's my hand.

Mira. And mine, with mine heart in't: and now farewel,

Till half an hour hence.

Fer. A thousand, thousand!

[Exeunt.

Pro. So glad of this as they, I cannot be, Who are furpriz'd with all; but my rejoicing At nothing can be more. I'll to my book; For yet, ere fupper-time, must I perform Much business appertaining.

[Exit.

### SCENE II.

Another Part of the Island. Enter CALIBAN, STEPHANO, and TRINCULO, with a Bottle.

Ste. Tell not me;—when the butt is out, we will drink water; not a drop before: therefore bear up, and board e'm: Servant-monster, drink to me.

Trin. Servant-monster? the folly of this island! They fay, there's but five upon this isle: we are three of them; if the other two be brain'd like us, the state totters.

Ste. Drink, fervant-monster, when I bid thee; thy eyes

are almost fet in thy head.

Trin. Where should they be set else? he were a brave

monster indeed, if they were set in his tail.

Ste. My man-monster hath drown'd his tongue in fack: for my part, the sea cannot drown me: I swam, e'er I could recover the shore, sive-and-thirty leagues, off and on, by this light.—Thou shalt be my lieutenant, monster, or my standard.

Trin. Your lieutenant, if you list; he's no standard.

Ste. We'll not run, monsieur monster.

Trin. Nor go neither: but you'll lie, like dogs; and yet fay nothing neither.

Ste. Moon-calf, speak once in thy life, if thou be'ft a

good moon-calf.

Cal. How does thy honour? Let me lick thy shoe: I'll

not ferve him, he is not valiant.

Trin Thou ly'st, most ignorant monster; I am in case to justle a constable: why, thou debosh'd fish thou, was there ever a man a coward, that hath drunk so much sack as I to day? Wilt thou tell a monstrous lie, being but half a fish, and half a monster?

Cal. Lo, how he mocks me; wilt thou let him, my lord? Trin. Lord, quoth he!—that a monster should be such

a natural!

Cal. Lo, lo, again; bite him to death, I pr'ythee.

Ste. Trinculo, keep a good tongue in your head; if you prove a mutineer, the next tree——The poor monter's my subject, and he shall not suffer indignity.

Cal. I thank my noble lord. Wilt thou be pleas'd to

hearken once again to the fuit I made to thee?

Ste. Marry will I: kneel, and repeat it; I will frand, and fo shall Trinculo.

## Enter ARIEL, invisible.

Cal. As I told thee before, I am subject to a tyrant; a forcerer, that by his cunning hath cheated me of the island.

Ari. Thou ly'ft.

Cal. Thou ly'it, thou jesting monkey, thou; I would, my valiant master would destroy thee: I do not lie.

Ste. Trinculo, if you trouble him any more in his tale, by this hand, I will supplant some of your teeth.

Trin. Why, I faid nothing.

Ste. Mum then, and no more-[To Caliban] Proceed.

Cal. I fay, by forcerv he got this ifle; From me he got it. If thy greatness will Revenge it on him (for, I know, thou dar'st, But this thing dare not—)

Ste. That's mr & certain.

Cal. Thou shalt be lord of it, and I'll serve thee.

Ste. How now shall this be compass'd? Canst thou bring me to the party?

Cal. Yea, yea, my lord; I'll yield him thee asleep,

Where thou may'st knock a nail into his head.

Ari. Thou ly'st, thou canst not.

Cal. What a py'd ninny's this? Thou scurvy patch!—I do beseech thy greatness, give him blows, And take his bottle from him: when that's gone, He shall drink nought but brine; for I'll not shew him Where the quick freshes are.

Ste. Trinculo, run into no further danger; interrupt the monster one word further, and, by this hand, I'll turn my mercy out of doors, and make a stock-fish of thee.

Trin. Why, what did I? I did nothing; I'll go further

off.

Ste. Didst thou not fay, he ly'd?

Ari. Thou ly'ft.

Ste. Do I fo? take thou that. [Beats him.

As you like this, give me the lie another time.

Trin. I did not give thee the lie:—Out o' your wits, and hearing too?—A pox of your bottle! this can fack and drinking do.—A murrain on your monster, and the devil take your fingers!

Cal. Ha, ha, ha!

Ste. Now, forward with your tale. Pr'ythee stand further off.

Cal. Beat him enough: after a little time,

I'll beat him too.

Ste. Stand further.—Come, proceed.

Cal. Why, as I told thee, 'tis a custom with him I' the afternoon to sleep: there thou may'st brain him, Having first seiz'd his books; or with a log Batter his skull, or paunch him with a stake, Or cut his wezand with thy knife: Remember, First to posses his books: for without them He's but a fot, as I am; nor hath not One spirit to command: They all do hate him, As rootedly as I: Burn but his books; He hath brave utensils (for so he calls them) Which, when he has an house, he'll deck withal, And that most deeply to consider, is

C 4

The beauty of his daughter; he himself Calls her, a non-pareil: I never saw a woman. But only Sycorax my dam, and she; But she as far surpasses Sycorax, As greatest does least.

Ste Is it so brave a lass?

Cal. Ay, lord; fhe will become thy bed, I warrant,

And bring thee forth brave brood.

Ste. Monster, I will kill this man: his daughter and I will be king and queen (fave our graces!) and Trinculo and thyself shall be vice-roys:—Dost thou like the plot, Trinculo?

Trin. Excellent.

Ste. Give me thy hand; I am forry I beat thee; but, while thou liv'ft, keep a good tongue in thy head.

Cal. Within this half hour will he be afleep;

Wilt thou destroy him then?. Ste. Ay, on mine honour.

Ari. This will I tell my master.

Cal. Thou mak'ft me merry: I am full of pleasure;

Let us be jocund: Will you troul the catch,

You taught me but while-ere?

Ste. At thy request, monster, I will do reason, any reason: Come on, Trinculo, let us sing.

[Sings.

Flout 'em, and skout 'em, and skout 'em, and flout 'em;

Thought is free.

Cal. That's not the tune. [Ariel plays the tune on a Ste. What is this fame? [tabor and pipe. Trin. This is the tune of our catch, play'd by the picture

of no-body.

Ste. If thou be'st a man, shew thyself in thy likeness: if thou be'st a devil, take't as thou list.

Trin. O, forgive me my fins!

Ste. He that dies, pays all debts: I defy thee:—Mercy upon us!

Cal. Art thou affeard?

Ste. No monster, not I.

Cal. Be not affeard; the ifle is full of noises, Sounds, and tweet airs, that give delight, and hurt not. Sometimes a thousand twangling instruments Will hum about mine ears; and sometimes voices, That, if I then had wak'd after long sleep,

Will make me fleep again: and then, in dreaming, The clouds, methought would open, and shew riches Ready to drop upon me; that when I wak'd, I cry'd to dream again.

Ste. This will prove a brave kingdom to me, where

I shall have my music for nothing. Cal. When Prospero is destroy'd.

Ste. That shall be by and by: I remember the story. Trin. The found is going away: let's follow it,

And after do our work.

Ste. Lead, monster; we'll follow.—I would I could sec this taborer: he lays it on.

Trin. Wilt come? I'll follow, Stephano. [Exeunt.

### SCENE III.

Changes to another part of the Island. Enter Alonso, SEBASTIAN, ANTHONIO, GONZALO, ADRIAN, FRANCISCO, &c.

Gon. By'r lakin, I can go no further, Sir; My old bones ache: here's a maze trod, indeed Through forth-rights, and meanders! by your patience I needs must rest me.

Alon. Old lord, I cannot blame thee, Who am myself attach'd with weariness, To the dulling of my spirits: fit down and rest. Even here I put off my hope, and keep it No longer for my flatterer: he is drown'd, Whom thus we stray to find; and the sea mocks Our frustrate search on land: Well let him go.

Ant. [ Aside to Sebastian.] I am right glad that he's so out of hope.

Do not, for one repulse, forego the purpose That you resolv'd to effect.

Seb. The next advantage Will we take thoroughly. Ant. Let it be to-night;

For, now they are oppress'd with travel, they Will not, nor cannot, use such vigilance, As when they are fresh.

Seb. I fay, to-night: no more.

Solemn and strange Music; and Prospers on the Top, invisible. Enter several strange Shapes, bringing in a Banquet; they dance about it with gentle Actions of Salutation; and, inviting the King, &c. to eat, they depart.

Alon. What harmony is this? my good friends bark!

Alon. Give us kind keepers, heavens! What were

Seb. A living drollery: Now I will believe, That there are unicorns; that, in Arabia There is one tree, the phænix' throne; one phænix

At this hour reigneth there.

Ant. I'll believe both;

And what does else want credit, come to me, And I'll be fworn 'tis true: Travellers ne'er did lie, Though fools at home condemn 'em.

Gon. If in Naples

I should report this now, would they believe me?

If I should fay I saw such islanders,
(For, certes, these are people of the island)
Who though they are of monstrous shape, yet, note,
Their manners are more gentle, kind, than of
Our human generation you shall find
Many, nay, almost any.

Pro. Honest lord.

Thou hast faid well; for some of you there present Are worse than devils.

Alon. I cannot too much muse, Such shapes, such gesture, and such sound, expressing (Although they want the use of tongue) a kind Of excellent dumb discourse.

Pro. Praise in departing. Fran. They vanish'd strangely.

Seb. No matter, fince

They have left the r viands behind; for we have stomachs. Will't please you taste of what is here?

Alon. Not I.

Gon. Faith, Sir, you need not fear: When we were boys.

[ Aside.

Who would believe that there were mountaineers,

Dew-lap'd like bulls, whose throats had hanging at 'em Wallets of fiesh; or that there were such men, Whose heads stood in their breasts; which now we find, Each putter out on five for one, will bring us Good warrant of.

Alon. I will stand to, and feed, Although my last; no matter, since I feel The best is past:—Brother, my lord the duke, Stand to, and do as we.

Thunder and Lightning. Enter ARIEL like a Harpy; claps his Wings upon the Table, and, with a quaint Device, the Banquet vanishes.

Ari. You are three men of fin, whom destiny, (That hath to instrument this lower world, And what is in't) the never-furfeited fea Hath caused to belch up; and on this island Where man doth not inhabit; you mongst men Being must unsit to live. I have made you mad; And even with fuch like valour men hang and drown Their poor selves. [Alonso, Sebastian, and the rest Ye fools! I and my fellows [draws their swords. Are ministers of fate; the elements Of whom your fwords are tempered, may as well Wound the loud winds, or with bemockt-at stabs Kill the still-closing waters, as diminish One dowle that's in my plume; my fellow ministers Are like invulnerable: if you could hurt, Your swords are now two masty for your strengths, And will not be up-litted: But remember, (For that's my butiness to you) that you three From Milan did supplant good Prospero; Expos'd unto the fea, which hath requit it, Him, and his innocent child: for which foul deed The powers, delaying, not forgetting, have Incens'd the seas and shores, yea, all the creatures, Against your peace; Thee, of thy fon Alonso, They have bereft; and do pronounce by me, Ling'ring perdition (worse than any death Can be at once) shall step by step attend

You, and your ways; whose wraths to guard you from (Which here, in this most desolate isle, else falls Upon your heads) is nothing, but heart's forrow, And a clear life ensuing.

He vanishes in Thunder: then to soft Music, enter the shapes again, and dance with Mops and Mowes, and carry out the Table.

Pro. [Aside.] Bravely the figure of this harpy hast thou Perform'd, my Ariel: a grace it had, devouring: Of my instruction hast thou nothing 'bated, In what thou had'st to say: so, with good life, And observation strange, my meaner ministers Their several kinds have done: my high charms work, And these mine enemies, are all knit up In their distractions: they now are in my power; And in these fits I leave them, whilst I visit Young Ferdinand (whom they suppose is drown'd), And his and my lov'd darling. [Exit Pro. from above. Gon. I' the name of something holy, Sir, why stand you

In this strange stare?

Alon. O, it is monstrous! monstrous! Methought, the billows spoke, and told me of it; The winds did sing it to me; and the thunder, That deep and dreadful organ-pipe, pronounc'd The name of Prosper; it did bass my trespass. Therefore my son i'the ooze is bedded; and I'll seek him deeper than e'er plummet sounded, And with him there lie mudded.

Seb. But one fiend at a time, I'll fight their legions oe'r.

Ant. I'll be thy fecond.

Gon. All three of them are desperate; their great guilt, Like poison given to work a great time after, Now 'gins to bite the spirits:—I do beseech you That are of suppler joints, follow them swiftly, And hinder them from what this eestacy

May now provoke them to.

Adri Follow, I pray you.

[Excunt.

### ACT IV .- SCENE I.

PROSPERO'S Cell. Enter PROSPERO, FERDINAND, and MIRANDA.

# Prospero.

F I have too austerely punish'd you, Your compensation makes amends; for I Have given you here a third of mine own life, Or that for which I live; whom once again I tender to thy hand; all thy vexations Were but my trials of thy love, and thou Hast strangely stood the test; here, afore Heaven, I ratify this my rich gift. O Ferdinand, Do not simile at me, that I boast her off, For thou shalt find she will outstrip all praise, And make it halt behind her.

Fer. I do believe it, Against an oracle.

Pro. Then, as my gift, and thine own acquisition Worthily purchas'd, take my daughter: But If thou dost break her virgin knot, before All fanctimonious ceremonies may With full and holy rite be minister'd, No sweet aspersion shall the Heavens let fall To make this contract grow; but barren hate, Sour-ey'd disdain, and discord, shall bestrew The union of your bed with weeds so loathly, That you shall hate it both: therefore take heed, As Hymen's lamps shall light you.

Fer. As I hope
For quiet days, fair iffue, and long life,
With fuch love as 'tis now; the murkiest den,
The most opportune place, the strong'st suggestion
Our worser Genius can, shall never melt
Mine honour into lust, to take away
The edge of that day's celebration,
When I shall think, or Phoebus' steeds are founder'd,
Or night keep chain'd below.

Pro. Fairly spoke:
Sit then, and talk with her, she is mine own.—
What, Ariel; my industrious servant Ariel!

### Enter ARIEL.

Ari. What would my potent mafter? here I am. Pro. Thy and thy meaner fellows, your last service Did worthily perform; and I must use you In such another trick; go, bring the rabble, O'er whom I give thee power, here, to this place: Incite them to quick motion; for I must Bestow upon the eyes of this young couple Some vanity of mine art: it is my promise, And they expect it from me.

,Ari. Prefently?

Pro. Ay, with a twink.

Ari. Before you can fay, Come, and go. And breath twice; and cry, fo, fo;

Each one, tripping on his toe,
Will be here with mop and moe;
Do you love me, master? no.

Pro. Dearly, my delicate Ariel: Do not approach,

Till thou dost hear me call.

Ari. Well, I conceive.

[Exit.

Pro. Look, thou be true; do not give dalliance Too much the rein; the strongest oaths are straw To the fire i' the blood: be more abstemious, Or else, good night your vow!

Fer. I warrant you, Sir;

The white, cold, virgin-fnow upon my heart Abates the ardour of my liver.

Pro. Well-

Now come, my Ariel; bring a corallary, Rather than want a fpirit; appear, and pertly.— No tongue; all eyes; be filent [Soft music.

# A Masque. Enter IRIS.

Iris. Ceres, most bounteous lady, thy rich leas Of wheat, rye, barley, vatches, oats, and pease; Thy turfy mountains, where live uibling sheep, And flat meads thatch'd with stover, them to keep; Thy banks with pionied and twilled brims,
Which fpungy April at thy hest betrims,
To make cold nymphs chaste crowns; and thy broom

Whose shadow the dismiss'd bachelor loves,
Being lass-lorn; thy pole-clipt vineyard;
And thy sea-marge, steril, and rocky-hard,
Where thou thyself do'st air; The queen o' the sky,
Whose watery arch, and messenger, am I,
Bids thee leave these; and with her sovereign grace,
Here on this grass-plot, in this very place,
To come and sport: her peacocks sty amain;
Approach, rich Ceres, her to entertain.

### Enter CERES.

Cer. Hail, many-coloured meffenger, that ne'er Dost disobey the wife of Jupiter; Who, with thy saffron wings, upon my slowers; Diffusest honey drops, refreshing showers; And with each end of thy blew bow dost crown My bosky acres, and my unshrubb'd down, Rich scarf to my proud earth; Why hath thy queen Summon'd me hither, to this short-grass'd green?

*Iris.* A contract of true love to celebrate; And fome donation freely to estate

On the blefs'd lovers.

Cer. Tell me, heavenly bow,
If Venus, or her fon, as thou dos't know,
Do now attend the queen? fince they did plot
The means, that dufky Dis my daughter got,
Her and her blind boy's fcandal'd company
I have forefworn.

Iris. Of her fociety
Be not afraid: I met her deity
Cutting the Clouds towards Paphos; and her fon
Dove-drawn with her: here thought they to have done
Some wanton charm upon this man and maid,
Whose vows are, that no bed-rite shall be paid
Till Hymen's torch be lighted: but in vain;
Mars's hot minion is return'd again;
Her waspish-headed son has broke his arrows,
Swears he will shoot no more, but play with sparrows,
And be a boy right out.

Cer. High queen of state, Great Juno comes; I know her by her gait.

## Enter Juno.

Jun. How does my bounteous fifter? Go with me, To bless this twain, that they may prosperous be, And honour'd in their iffue.

Jun. Honour, riches, marriage-blessing, Long continuance, and increasing. Hourly joys be still upon you! Juno sings her blessings on you.

Cer. Earth's increase, and foison plenty;

Barns, and garners, never empty;

Vines, with clust ring bunches growing;

Plants, with goodly burden bowing;

Spring come to you, at the farthest,

In the very end of harvest!

Scarcity, and want, shall shun you;

Ceres' blessing so is on you.

Fer. This is a most majestic vision, and Harmonious charmingly: May I be bold To think these spirits?

Pro. Spirits, which by mine art I have from their confines call'd to enact My present fancies.

Fer. Let me live here ever; So rare a wonder'd father, and a wife Make this place paradife.

Pro. Sweet no, filence: Juno and Ceres, whisper seriously; There's something else to do: hush, and be mute, Or else our spell is marr'd.

[Juno and Ceres whisper, and send Iris on Employment.]

Iris. You nymphs, call'd Naiads, of the wand'ring brooks,

With your fedg'd crowns, and ever harmless looks, Leave your critp channels, and on this green land. Answer your fummons; Juno does command: Come temperate nymphs, and help to celebrate A contract of true love; be not too late.

Enter certain Reapers, properly habited: they join with the Nymphs in a graceful Dance; towards the end whereof Prospero starts suddenly, and speaks; after which, to a strange, hollow, and confused Noise, they vanish heavily.

Pro. [afide.] I had forgot that foul confpiracy Of the beaft Caliban, and his confederates, Against my life; the minute of their plot Is almost come.—[To the fpirits.] Well done;—avoid;—no more.

Fer. This is strange: your father's in some passion

That works him strongly.

Mira. Never till this day,

Saw I him touch'd with anger fo distemper'd. Pro. You do look, my fon, in a mov'd fort, As if you were difmav'd: be cheerful, fir: Our revels now are ended; these our actors, As I foretold you, were all spirits, and Are melted into air, into thin air: And, like the baseless fabrick of this vision, The cloud-capt towers, the georgeous palaces, The folemn temples, the great globe itself, Yea, all which it inherit, shall dissolve; And, like this infubstantial pageant faded, Leave not a rack behind: We are fuch stuff As dreams are made on, and our little life Is rounded with a fleep.—Sir, I am vex'd; Bear with my weakness; my old brain is troubled: Be not disturb'd with my infirmity: If thou be pleas'd, retire into my cell, And there repose; a turn or two I'll walk, To still my beating mind.

Fer. Mira. We wish you peace.

[Exeunt. FER. and MIRA.

Pro. Come with a thought: -I thank thee: -Ariel, come.

PROSPERO comes forward from the cell;

Enter ARIEL to him.

Ari. Thy thoughts I cleave to: What's thy pleasure

Pro. Spirit,

We must prepare, to meet with Caliban.

Ari. Ay, my commander: when I presented Cores, I thought to have told thee of it; but I fear'd,

Lest I might anger thee.

Pro. Say again, where didft thou leave these variets?

Ari. I told you, fir they were red hot with drinking;
So full of valour, that they smote the air

For breathing in their faces; beat the ground For kiffing of their feet; yet always bending Towards their project: Then I beat my tabor, At which, like unback'd colts, they prick'd their ears, Advanc'd their eye-lids, lifted up their nofes, As they finelt mulick; fo I charm'd their ears, That, calf-like, they my lowing follow'd, through Tooth'd briers, sharp furzes, pricking gofs, and thorns, Which enter'd their frail shins: at last I left them I' the filthly mantled pool beyond your cell, There dancing up to the chins, that the foul lake O'er-stunk their feet.

Pro. This was well done, my bird:
Thy shape invisible retain thou still:
The trumpery in my house, go, bring it hither,

For stale to catch these thieves.

Ari. I go, I go.

[Exit.

Pro. A devil, a born devil, on whose nature Nature can never stick; on whom my pains, Humanely taken, all, all lost, quite lost; And as, with age, his body uglier grows, So his mind cankers: I will plague them all, Even to roaring:—Come, hang them on this line.

[Prospero remains invisible.

Enter ARIEL loaded with glistering Apparel, &c.

Enter CALIBAN, STEPHANO, and TRINCULO, all wet.

Cal. Pray you, tread foftly, that the blind mole may not

hear a foot fall: we now are near his cell.

Ste. Monster, your fairy, which, you fay, is a harmless fairy, has done little better than play'd the Jack with us. Trin. Monster, I do fmell all horse-piss; at which my nose is in great indignation.

Ste. So is mine. Do you hear, monster? If I should take

a displeasure against you; look you— Trin. Thou wert but a lost monster.

Cal. Good my lord, give me thy favour still:

Be patient, for the prize I'll bring thee to

Shall hood-wink this mischance: therefore, speak foftly; All's hush as midnight yet.

Trin. Ay, but to lose our bottles in the pool,—

Ste. There is not only differed and dishonour in that monster, but an infinite loss.

Trin. That's more to me than my wetting: Yet this is

your harmless fairy, monster.

Ste. I will fetch off my bottle, though I be o'er ears for

my labour.

Cal. Pr'thee, my king, be quiet; fee'st thou here, This is the mouth o' the cell; no noise, and enter: Do that good mischief, which may make this island. Thine own for ever, and I, thy Caliban, For aye thy soot-licker.

Ste. Give me thy hand: I do begin to have bloody

thoughts

Trin. O king Stephano! O peer! O worthy Stephano Look, what a wardrobe here is for thee!

Cal. Let it alone, thou fool; it is but trash.

Trin. Oh, ho, monster; we know what belongs to a frippery:—O, king Stephano!

Ste. Put off that gown, Trinculo; by this hand,

I'll have that gown.

Trin. Thy grace shall have it.

Cal. The dropfy down this fool! what do you mean, To doat thus on fuch luggage? Let's along, And do the murder first: if he awake,

From toe to crown he'll fill our skin with pinches;

Make us strange stuff.

Ste. Be you quiet, monster. — Mistress line, is not this my jerkin? Now is the jerkin under the line: Now, jerkin, you are like to lose your hair, and prove a bald jerkin.

D 2

Trin. Do, do: we steal by line and level, and't like your

grace.

Ste. I thank thee for that jest; here's a garment for't; wit shall not go unrewarded, while I am king of this country: Steal by line and level, is an excellent pass of pate: there's another garmen for't.

Trin. Monster, come, put some lime upon your fingers,

and away with the rest.

Cal. I will have none on't: we shall lose our time,

And all be turn'd to barnacles, or to apes

With foreheads villainous low.

Ste. Monster, lay to your fingers; help to bear this away. where my hogshead of wine is, or I'll turn you out of my kingdom: go to, carry this.

Trin. And this. Ste. Ay, and this.

A Noise of Hunters heard. Enter divers Spirits in shape of Hounds, hunting them about; PROSPERO and ARIEL Setting them on.

Pro. Hey, Mountain, hey!

Ari. Silver! there it goes, Silver!

With dry convulfions; fhorten up their finews With aged cramps; and more pinch-spotted make them, Than pard, or cat o'mountain.

Ari. Hark, they roar.

Pro. Let them be hunted foundly: At this hour Lie at my mercy all mine enemies; Shortly shall all my labours end, and thou Shalt have the air at freedom: for a little, Fellow, and do me fervice.

[Excunt.

### ACT V. SCENE I.

Enter PROSPERO in his magic Robes and Before the cell. ARIEL.

## Prospera.

OW does my project gather to a head. My charms crack not; my spirits obey; and time Goes upright with his carriage. How's the day? Ari. On the fixth hour; at which time, my lord,

You faid our work should cease.

Pro. I did fay fo, When first I rais'd the tempest. Say, my spirit,

How fares the king and his followers? Ari. Confin'd together In the same fashion as you gave in charge; Just as you left them; all prisoners, sir, In the lime-grove which weather-fends your cell; They cannot budge, till your release. The king, His brother, and yours, abide all three distracted: And the remainder mourning over them, Brim-full of forrow, and difmay; but, chiefly, Him that you term'd The good old lord, Gonzalo, His tears run down his beard, like winter drops From eaves of reeds: your charm fo strongly works That if you now beheld them, your affections

Would become tender. Pro. Do'th thou think fo, spirit? Ari. Mine would, fir, were I human.

Pro. And mine shall.

Hast thou, which art but air, a touch, a feeling Of their afflictions? and shall not myself, One of their kind, that relish all as sharply, Paffion as they, be kindlier mov'd than thou art? Though with their high wrongs I am struck to the quick, Yet, with my nobler reason, 'gainst my fury

D 3

Do I take part; the rarer action In virtue than in vengeance: they being penitent, The fole drift of my purpose doth extend Not a frown further: Go, release them, Ariel; My charms I'll break, their senses I'll restore, And they shall be themselves.

Ari. I'll fetch them, fir. [Exit. Pro. Ye elves of hills, brooks, standing lakes and groves: And ye, that on the fands with printless foot Do chase the ebbing Neptune, and do fly him, When he comes back; you demy-puppets, that By moon-shine do the green four ringlets make, Whereof the ewe not bites; and you, whose pastime Is to make midnight mushrooms; that rejoice To hear the folemn curfew; by whose aid (Weak masters through ye be) I have be-dimm'd The noon-tide fun, call'd forth the mutinous winds, And 'twixt the green fea and the azur'd vault Set roaring war: to the dread rattling thunder Have I given fire, and rifted Jove's stout oak With his own bolt: the strong-bas'd promontory Have I made shake: and by the spurs pluck'd up The pine, and cedar: graves, at my command, Have wak'd their fleepers; op'd, and let them forth By my fo potent art: But this rough magic I here abjure; and, when I have requir'd Some heavenly music (which even now I do), To work mine end upon their fenses, that This airy charm is for, I'll break my staff, Bury it certain fathoms in the earth, And, deeper that did ever plummet found,

Solemn music.

I'll drown my book.

Re-onter Ariel: after him Alonso with a frantic gesture, attended by Gonzalo. Sebastian and Francisco. They all enter the Circle which Prospero had made, and there stand charm'd; which Prospero observing, speaks.

A folemn air, and the best comforter To an unfettled fancy, cure thy brains, Now useless, boil'd within thy scull! there stand, For you are spell-stopp'd .-Holy Gonzalo, honourable man, Mine eyes, even fociable to the shew of thine, Fall fellowly drops.—The charm diffolves apace; And as the morning steals upon the night, Melting the darkness, so their rising senses Begin to chase the ignorant fumes that mantle Their clearer reason .- O good Gonzalo, My true preferver, and a loyal fir To him thou follow'ft; I will pay thy graces Home, both in word and deed .- Most cruelly Didst thou, Alonso, use me and my daughter: Thy brother was a furtherer in the act; -Thou'rt pinch'd for't now, Sebastian. -- Flesh and blood. You brother mine, that entertain'd ambition, Expel'd remorfe, and nature; who, with Sebaftian, (Whose inward pinches therefore are most strong), Would here have kill'd your king; I do forgive thee, Unnatural though thou art!-Their understanding Begins to fwell; and the approaching tide Will shortly fill the reasonable shore, That now lies foul and muddy. Not one of them, That yet looks on me, or would know me :- Ariel, Fetch me the hat and rapier in my cell;-I will dis-case me, and myself present, Exit ARIEL. As I was fometime Milan; quickly, spirit; Thou shalt e'er long be free.

ARIEL enters singing, and helps to attire him.

Where the bee fucks, there fuck I; In a cowflip's bell I lie:

There I couch when owls do cry. On the bat's back I do fly, After summer, merrily: Merrily, merrily, shall I live now, Under the blossom that hangs on the bough.

Pro. Why, that's my dainty Ariel: I shall miss thee; But yet thou shalt have freedom: So, so, so-To the king's ship, invisible as thou art: There shalt thou find the mariners asleep Under the hatches; the master and boatswain. Being awake, enforce them to this place; And prefently, I pr'ythee. Ari. I drink the air before me, and return

Or e'er your pulse twice beat. Exit. Gon. All torment, trouble, wonder, and amazement Inhabit here: Some heavenly power guide us

Out of this fearful country!

Pro. Behold, fir, King, The wronged duke of Milan, Prospero: For more affurance that a living prince Does now speak to thee, I embrace thy body; And to thee, and thy company, I bid A hearty welcome.

Alon. Whe'r thou be'ft he, or no, Or fome inchanted trifle to abuse me, As late I have been, I not know: thy pulse Beats, as of fleth and blood; and, fince I faw thee, The affliction of my mind amends, with which, I fear a madness held me; this must crave (An if this be at all) a most strange story. Thy dukedom I relign; and do intreat, Thou pardon me my wrongs :- But how should Prospers Re living and he here?

Pro. First, noble friend,

Let me embrace thine age; worse honour cannot Be meafur'd, or confin'd.

Gon. Whether this be, Or be not, I'll not fwear. Pro. You do yet taste Some subtilities o' the isle, that will not let you Believe things certain:—Welcome, my friends all:—But you, my brace of lords, were I so minded,

[ Aside to SEB. and ANT.

I here could pluck his highness' frown upon you, And justify you traitors; at this time I'll tell no tales.

Seb. The devil speaks in him.

[Aside.

Pro. No:——
For you, most wicked sir, whom to call brother
Would even infect my mouth, I do forgive
Thy rankest fault; all of them; and require
My dukedom of thee, which, perforce, I know,
Thou must restore.

Alon. If thou be'st Prospero, Give us particulars of thy preservation: How thou hast met us here, who, three hours since, Were wreck'd upon this shore; where I have lost, How sharp the point of this remembrance is! My dear son Ferdinand.

Pro. I am woe for't, Sir.

Alon. Irreparable is the loss; and patience

Says, it is past her cure. Pro. I rather think,

You have not fought her help; of whose fost grace For the like loss I have her sovereign aid, And rest myself content.

Alon. You the like los?

Pro. As great to me as late; and, supportable To make the dear loss, have I means much weaker Than you may call to comfort you; for I Have lost my daughter.

Alon. A daughter?

O heavens! that they were living both in Naples, The king and queen there! that they were, I wish Myself were mudded in that oozy bed,

Where my fon lies. When did you loofe your daughter?

Pro. In the last tempest. I perceive, these lords At this encounter do so much admire, That they devour their reason; and scarce think, Their eyes do offices of truth, their words Are natural breath; but howsoe'er you have

Been justled from your senses, know for certain,
That I am Prospero, and that very duke
Which was thrust forth of Milan; who most strangely
Upon this shore, where you were wreck'd, was landed
To be the lord on't. No more yet of this;
For 'tis a chronicle of day by day,
Not a relation for a breakfast, nor
Bestitting this sirst meeting. Welcome, Sir;
This cell's my court: here have I sew attendants,
And subjects none abroad: pray you, look in;
My dukedom since you have given me again,
I will requite with as good a thing;
At least, bring forth a wonder, to content ye,
As much as me my dukedom.

The Entrance of the Cell opens, and discovers FERDINAND and MIRANDA playing at Chess.

Mira. Sweet lord, you play me falfe. Fer. No, my dearest love, I would not for the world.

Mira. Yes, for a score of kingdoms, you should wrangle,

And I would call it fair play.

Alon. If this prove

A vition of this island, one dear fon

Shall I twice lose.

Scb. A most high miracle!

Fer. Though the feas threaten, they are merciful;

I have curs'd them without cause.

Alon. Now all the bleffings [FERDINAND kneels. Of a glad father compass thee about!

Arife, and fay how thou cam'ft here?

Mira. O! wonder!

How many goodly creatures are there here! How beauteous mankind is! O brave new world,

That has fuch people in't! Pro. 'Tis new to thee.

Alon. What is this maid, with whom thou wast at play? Your eld'st acquaintance cannot be three hours; Is she the goddess that hath sever'd us And brought us thus together?

Fer. Sir, she's mortal;
But, by immortal Providence, she's mine:
I chose her, when I could not ask my father.
For his advice; nor thought, I had one; she Is daughter to this famous duke of Milan,
Of whom so often I have heard renown,
But never saw before; of whom I have
Receiv'd a second life, and second father
This lady makes him to me.

Alon. I am hers:

But, oh, how oddly will it found, that I Must ask my child forgiveness!

Pro. There, Sir, stop;

Let us not burden our remembrance with

An heaviness that's gone.

Gon. I have inly wept,
Or should have spoke ere this. Look down, you gods,
And on this couple drop a blessed crown;
For it is you, that have chalked forth the way
Which brought us hither!

Alon. I fay, Amen, Gonzalo!

Gon. Was Milan thrust from Milan, that his issue Should become kings of Naples? O, rejoice Beyond a common joy; and set it down With gold on lasting pillars: In one voyage Did Claribel her husband find at Tunis; And Ferdinand, her brother, found a wise, Where he himself was lost; Prospero his dukedom, In a poor isse; and all of us, ourselves, When no man was his own.

Alon. Give me your hand:

Let grief and forrow still embrace his heart,
That doth not wish you joy!

Gon. Be't so, Amen!

Re-enter ARIEL, with the Master and Boatswain amazedly following.

O look, Sir, look, Sir, here are more of us! I prophefy'd, if a gallows were on land, 'This fellow could not drown:—Now, blafphemy, 'That fwear'st grace o'erboard, not an oath on shore!

Hast thou no mouth by land? What is the news?

Boats. The best news is, that we have safely found Our king, and company: the next, our ship,—
Which but three glasses since, we gave out split,—
Is tight, and yare, and bravely rigg'd, as when We first put out to sea.

Ari. Sir, all this fervice Have I done fince I went.

Pro. My trickfy spirit!

[Aside.

Aion. These are not natural events; they strengthen, From strange to stranger:—Say, how came you hither?

Boats. If I did think, Sir, if I were well awake,
I'd strive to tell you. We were dead asseep.

I'd ftrive to tell you. We were dead afleep,
And (how, we know not) all clapp'd under hatches,
Where, but even now, with ftrange and feveral noifes
Of roaring, fhricking, howling, gingling chains,
And more diverfity of founds, all horrible,
We were awak'd; ftraightway, at liberty:
Where we, in all her trim, freihly beheld
Our royal, good, and gallant fhip; our mafter
Cap'ring to eye her: On a trice, fo please you,
Even in a dream, where we divided from them,
And were brought moping hither.

Ari. Was't well done?

Pro. Bravely, my diligence. Thou shalt be \{ A\_j

Alon. This is as strange a maze as e'er men trod; And there is in this business more than nature Was ever conduct of: some oracle Must rectify our knowledge.

Pro. Sir, my liege,
Do not infest your mind with beating on
The strangeness of this business; at pick'd leisure,
(Which shall be shortly, single I'll resolve you,
To which you shall seem probable) of every
These happened accidents: till when, he cheerful,
And think of each thing well. Come hither,
spirit;

Set Caliban and his companions free:

[ To ARIEL. ]

Untie the spell. How fares my gracious Sir?

[Aside.

There are yet missing of your company Some few odd lads, that you remember not.

Re-enter ARIEL, driving in CALIBAN, STEPHANO, and TRINCULO, in their stolen Apparel.

Ste. Every man shift for all the rest, and let no man take care for himself; for all is but fortune:—Coragio, bully monster, Coragio!

Trin. If these be true spies which I wear in my head,

here's a goodly fight.

Cal. O Setebos, these be brave spirits, indeed! How fine my master is! I am afraid He will chastise me.

Seb. Ha, ha;

What things are these, my lord Anthonio! Will money buy them?

Ant. Very like; one of them

Is a plain fish, and, no doubt, marketable.

Pro. Mark but the badges of these men, my lords, Then say, if they be true:—This mis-shapen knave,—His mother was a witch; and one so strong That could controul the moon, make slows and ebbs, And deal in her command without her power: These three have robb'd me; and this demi-devil (For he's a bastard one) had plotted with them To make my life: two of these fellows, you Must know and own: this thing of darkness, I Acknowledge mine.

Cal. I shall be pinch'd to death.

Alon. Is not this Stephano, my drunken butler? Seb. He's drunk now: where had he wine?

Alon. And Trinculo is reeling ripe: where should they Find this grand liquor that hath gilded them?—

How cam'st thou in this pickle?

Trin. I have been in such a pickle fince I saw you last, that I fear me, will never out of my bones: I shall not fear sty-blowing.

Seb. Why, how now, Stephano?

Ste. O, touch me not; I am not Stephano, but a cramp.

Pro. You'd be king of the isle, firrah!

Ste. I should have been a fore one then.

Alon. This is a strange thing as e'er I look on.
[Pointing to CALIBAN.

Pro. He is as disproportion'd in his manners, As in his shape:—Go, firrah, to my cell: Take with you your companions; as you look To have my pardon, trim it handsomely.

Cal. Ay, that I will; and I'll be wife hereafter, And feek for grace: What a thrice double ass Was I, to take this drunkard for a god,

And worship this dull fool?

Pro. Go to; away!

Alon. Hence, and bestow your luggage where you found it,

Seb. Or stole it, rather.

Pro. Sir, I invite your highness, and your train, To my poor cell: where you shall take your rest For this one night; which (part of it) I'll waste With such discourse, as, I not doubt, shall make it Go quick away: the story of my life, And the particular accidents gone by, Since I came to this isle: And in the morn, I'll bring you to your ship, and so to Naples, Where I have hope to see the nuptials Of these our dear beloved solemniz'd; And thence retire me to my Milan, where Every third thought shall be my grave.

Alon. I long
To hear the flory of your life, which must
Take the ear strangely,

Pro. I'll deliver all;

And promife you calm feas, aufpicious gales,
And fail fo expeditious that shall catch
Your royal fleet far off.—My Ariel;—chick,—
That is thy charge, then to the elements
Be free, and fare thou well!—Please you, draw near.

[Execut omness.]

## EPILOGUE

Spoken by PROSPERO.

NOW my charmes are all o'erthrown. And what strength I have's mine own, Which is most faint : now, 'tis true, I must be here confined by you, Or fent to Naples: let me not, Since I have my dukedom got, And pardon'd the deceiver, dwell In this bare island, by your spell; But release me from my bands, With the help of your good hands. Gentle breath of yours, my fails Must fill, or else my project fails, Which was to please: Now I want Spirits to enforce, art to enchant: And my ending is despair, Unless I be reliev'd by prayer, Which pierces so, that it affaults Mercy itself, and frees all faults. As you from crimes would pardon'd be, Let your indulgence set me free!

THE END.







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THE

# WINTER'S TALE.

## DRAMATIS PERSONÆ.

## MEN.

LEONTES, King of Sicilia. POLIXENES, King of Bohemia. Mamillius, young Prince of Sicilia. FLORIZEL, Prince of Bohemia. CAMILLO, Antigonus, Sicilian Lords. CLEOMENES, DION, Another Sicilian Lord. ARCHIDAMUS, a Bohemian Lord. Rogero, a Sicilian Gentleman. An Attendant on the young Prince Mamillius. Officers of a Court of Judicature. Old Shepherd, reputed father of Perdita. Clown, bis Son. A Mariner. Gaoler. Servant to the old Shepherd. Autolicus, a Rogue. TIME, as Chorus.

## WOMEN:

HERMIONE, Queen to Leontes.

PERDITA, Daughter to Leontes and Hermione.

PAULINA, Wife to Antigonus.

EMILIA, a Lady.

Two other Ladies.

Mopsa,

Dorcas, Shepherdess.

Satyrs for a Dance, Shepherds, Shepherdesses, [Guards] and Attendants.

Scene, fometimes in Sicilia; sometimes in Bohemia.

#### THE

# WINTER'S TALE.

## ACT I.

SCENE I .- An Antichamber in LEONTES's Palace.

Enter CAMILLO and ARCHIDAMUS.

### Archidamus.

JF you shall chance, Camillo, to visit Bohemia on the like occasion whereon my services are now on foot, you shall fee, as I have faid, great difference betwixt our Bohemia and your Sicilia.

Cam. I think this coming fummer the king of Sicilia means to pay Bohemia the visitation which he justly owes him

Arch. Wherein our entertainment shall shame us we will be justified in our loves; for, indeed—

Cam. Befeech you —

Arch. Verily, I speak it in the freedom of my knowledge: we cannot with fuch magnificence—in so rare—I know not what to fay. -- We will give you fleepy drinks, that your fenses, unintelligent of our insufficience, may, though they cannot praise us, as little accuse us.

Cam. You pay a great deal too dear for what's given freely: Arch. Believe me I speak as my understanding instructs

me, and as mine honesty puts it to utterance.

Cam. Sicilia cannot shew himself over kind to Bohemia: they were trained together in their childhoods, and there rooted betwixt them fuch an affection which cannot choose but branch now. Since their more mature dignities and royal necessities made separation of their society, their encounters, though not personal, have been royally attornied with interchange of gifts, letters, loving embassies, that they have seem'd to be together, though absent: shook hands as over a Vast; and embrac'd, as it were from the ends of opposite winds. The heavens continue their loves!——

Arch. I think there is not in the world either malice or matter to alter it. You have an unspeakable comfort of your young prince Mamillius: it is a gentleman of the

greatest promise that ever came into my note.

Cam. I very well agree with you in the hopes of him: it is a gallant child; one that indeed physics the subject, makes old hearts fresh: they that went on crutches ere he was born desire yet their life to see him a man.

Arch. Would they else be content to die?

Cam. Yes; if there were no other excuse why they should desire to live.

Arch. If the king had no fon they would defire to live on crutches till he had one. [Exeunt.

## SCENE II .- A Room of State.

Enter LEONTES, HERMIONE, MAMILLIUS, POLIXENES, and Attendants.

Pol. Nine changes of the watry star hath been The shepherd's note since we have left our throne Without a burden: time as long again Would be fill'd up, my brother, with our thanks; And yet we should for perpetuity Go hence in debt: and therefore, like a cypher Yet standing in rich place, I multiply With one, we thank you, many thousands more That go before it.

Leo. Stay your thanks awhile, And pay them when you part.

Pol. Sir, that's to-morrow.

I am question'd by my fears of what may chance
Or breed upon our absence; that may blow
No sneaping winds at home to make us say
"This is put forth too truly." Besides, I have stay'd
To tire your royalty.

Leo. We are tougher, brother,

Than you can put us to't. Pol. No longer fray.

Leo. One feven-night longer. Pol. Very footh, to morrow.

Leo. We'll part the time between's then; and in that I'll

no gain faying.

Pel. Press me not, 'befeech you, so;
There is no tongue that moves; none, none i'the world
So soon as your's could win me; so it should now
Were there needs in your request, although
'Twere needs I deny'd it. My affairs
Do even drag me homeward; which to hinder
Were in your love a whip to me; my stay

To you a charge and trouble: to fave both Farewell our brother.

Leo. Tongue-ty'd, our queen? speak you.

Her. I had thought, fir, to have held my peace until You had drawn oaths from him not to flay. You, fir, Charge him too coldly: tell him you are fure All in Bohemia's well: this fatisfaction. The by-gone day proclaim'd; fay this to him the's heat from his half ward.

He's beat from his best ward. Leo. Well said, Hermione.

Her. To tell he longs to fee his fon were strong:

But let him fay so then, and let him go; But let him swear so and he shall not stay; We ll thwack him hence with distaffs.

Yet of your royal refence I'll adventure [To POLIXENES.

The borrow of a week. When at Bohemia You take my lord I'll give you my commission,

To let him there a month behind the geft

Prefix'd for his parting : yet (good deed), Leontes,

I love thee not a jar o'the clock behind What lady the her lord.—You'll stay?

Pol. No, madam.

Her. Nay but you will.

Pol. I may not, verily.

Her. Verily?

You put me of with limber vows: but I,

Tho' you would feek to unsphere the stars with oaths Should yet say, "Sir, no going. Verily,

"You shall not go;" a lady's verily is
As potent as a lord's., Will you go yet?
Force me to keep you as a prisoner.

Force me to keep you as a prisoner,

Not like a guest; so you shall pay your sees When you depart, and save your thanks. How say you,

My prisoner? or my guest? by your dread verily

One of them you shall be.

Pol. Your guest then, madam:
To be your prisoner should import offending;

Which is for me less easy to commit

Than you to punish.

Her. Not your gaoler then,

But your kind hostess. Come, I'll question you Of my lord's tricks and your's when you were boys:

You were pretty lordlings then: Pol. We were, fair queen,

Two lads that thought there was no more behind,

But fuch a day to-morrow as to-day,

And to be boy eternal.

Her. Was not my lord the verier wag o'the two?

Pol. We were as twinn'd lambs that did frisk i'the sun
And bleat the one at the other: what we chang'd
Was innocence for innocence; we knew not
The doctrine of ill-doing; no, nor dream'd
That any did. Had we pursu'd that life
And our weak spirits ne'er been higher rear'd
With stronger blood, we should have answer'd heaven
Boldly, Not guilty; the imposition clear'd,
Hereditary ours

Her. By this we gather You have tript fince.

Pol. O, my most facred lady, Temptations have fince then been born to us: for

In those unfleg'd days was my wife a girl; Your precious self had then not cross'd the eyes

Of my young playfellow.

Her. Grace to boot!

Of this make no conclusion, lest you say
Your queen and I are devils. Yet go on:
The offences we have made you do we'll answer;
If you first sinn'd with us, and that with us
You did continue fault, and that you slipt not
With any but with us.

Leo. Is he won yet? Her. He'll ftay, my lord.

Leo. At my request he would not. Hermione, my dearest, thou ne'er spok'st To better purpose.

Her. Never?

Leo. Never but once.

Her. What? have I twice faid well? when was't before! I prithee, tell me; cram us with praise, and make's As fat as tame things: one good deed dying tongueless Slaughters a thousand waiting upon that. Our praises are our wages. You may ride us With one soft kis a thousand surlongs re With spur we heat an acre. But to the goal: My last good deed was to entreat his stay; What was my first? It has an elder sister, Or I mistake you: O, would her name were Grace! But once before I spoke to the purpose: when? Nay, let me hav't; I long.

Leo. Why, that was when

Three crabbed months had four'd themselves to death Ere I could make thee open thy white hand And clepe thysels my love; then didst thou utter "I am your's for ever!"

Her. It is grace, indeed.

Why, lo you now, I have spoke to the purpose twice; The one for ever earn'd a royal husband;

The other for some while a friend.

[ Aside.

Leo. Too hot, too hot. To mingling friendship far is mingling bloods. I have tremor cordis on me: -my heart dances, But not for joy-not joy-This entertainment May a free face put on; derive a liberty From heartiness, from bounty, fertile bosom, And well become the agent: it may, I grant; But to be padling palms and pinching fingers As now they are; and making practis'd smiles, As in a looking-glass;—and then to sigh as 'twere The mort o'the deer; oh, that is entertainment My bosom likes not, nor my brows.-Mamillius, Art thou my boy!

Mam. Ay, my good lord.

Leo. I'fecks!

Why that's my bawcock, What, hast smutch'd thy nose? They fay it's a copy out of mine, Come, captain, We must be neat; not neat, but cleanly, captain: And yet the steer, the heifer, and the calf, Are all call'd neat. Still virginalling

Observing Polixenes and Hermione.

Upon his palm; -How now, you wanton calf; Art thou my calf?

Mam. Yes, if you will, my lord.

Leo. Thou want'st a rough pash, and the shoots that I have To be full like me:—yet they fay we are Almost as like as eggs; women say so That will say any thing. But were they false As o'er-dy'd blacks, as winds, as waters; false As dice are to be wish'd by one that fixes No bourn 'twixt his and mine; yet were it true To fay this boy were like me. Come, fir page, Look on me with your welkin eye. Sweet villain! Most dear'st! my collop!—can thy dam?—may't be?— Affection; thy intention stabs the centre. Thou dost make possible things not so held! Communicat'st with dreams—(How can this be?) With what's unreal: thou coactive art,

And fellow'st nothing. Then 'tis very credent Thou may'st cojoin with something; and thou dost (And that beyond commission, and I find it), And that to the infection of my brains And hardening of my brows.

Pol. What means Sicilia?

Her. He fomething feems unsettled.

Pol. How, my lord?

Leo. What cheer? how is't with you, best brother?

Her. You look,

As if you held a brow of much distraction.

Are not you mov'd, my lord? Leo. No, in good earnest.

How fometimes nature will betray its folly!
Its tenderness; and make itself a pastime
To harden bosoms! Looking on the lines
Of my boy's face, methought I did recoil
Twenty-three years; and saw myself unbreech'd
In my green velvet coat; my dagger muzzled
Lest it should bite its master and so prove,
As ornament oft does, too dangerous.
How like, methought, I then was to this kernel,
This squash, this gentleman. Mine honest friend,
Will you take eggs for money?

Mam. No, my lord, I'll fight.

Leo. You will —why happy man be his dole!—My brothers.

Are you fo fond of your young prince as we

Do feem to be of ours?

Pol. If at home, fir,

He's all my exercise; my mirth, my matter: Now my sworn friend, and then mine enemy; My parasite, my soldier, statesman, all: He makes a July's day short as December; And with his varying childness cures in me Thoughts that should thick my blood.

I houghts that mould thick my blo

Leo. So stands this 'squire'
Offic'd with me: we two will walk, my lord,
And leave you to your graver steps. Hermione,
How thou lov'st us shew in our brother's welcome.
Let what is dear in Sicily be cheap:
Next to thyself and my young rover, he's
Apparent to my heart.

Her. If you will feek us

We are yours i'the garden. Shall's attend you there?

Leo. To your own bents dispose you; you'll be found,
Be you beneath the sky. I am angling now,

Tho' you perceive me not how I give line; [Aside, observing HER.

Go to, go to; How the holds up the neb, the bill to him! And arms her with the boldness of a wife.

[Exeunt Polix. Her. and Attendance. Manet Leo. MAM. and CAM.

To her allowing husband! Gone already, Inch-thick, knee-deep, o'er head and ears—a fork'd one.— Go play, boy, play: - thy mother plays, and I Play too; but so disgrac'd a part whose issue Will his me to my grave: contempt and clamour Will be my knell. - Go play, boy, play. - There have been, Or I am much deceiv'd, cuckolds ere now; And many a man there is even at this present, Now, while I speak this, holds his wife by the arm, That little thinks she has been fluic'd in his absence, And his pond fish'd by his next neighbour, by Sir Smile, his neighbour: nay, there's comfort in't, Whiles other men have gates, and these gates open'd As mine against their will. Should all despair That have revolted wives, the tenth of mankind Would hang themselves. Physic for't there is none: It is a bawdy planet that will strike Where 'tis predominant; and 'tis powerful, think it From east, west, north, and south. Be it concluded, No barricado for a belly. Know it, It will let in and out the enemy With bag and baggage: many a thousand of us Have the disease and feel't not .- How now, boy? Mam. I am like you, they fay.

Mam. I am like you, they lay.

Leo. Why that's fome comfort.

What, Camillo there!

Cam. Ay, my good lord.

Leo. Go play, Mamillius. Thou'rt an honest man.

Camillo, this great fir will yet stay longer.

Cam. You had much ado to make his anchor hold;

When you cast out it still came home.

Leo. Didst note it

Cam. He would not stay at your petitions; m de His business more material.

Leo. Didst perceive it? They're here with me already; whispering, rounding, Sicilia is a so forth: 'tis far gone

When I shall gust it last. How cam't Camillo, That he did stay?

Cam. At the good queen's entreaty.

Leo. At the queen's be't; good should be pertinent, But so it is, it is not. Was this taken By any understanding pate but thine For thy conceit is foaking, will draw in More than the common blocks: not noted, is't, But of the finer natures? by some severals Of head-piece extraordinary? Lower meffes, Perchance, are to this business purblind: fay?

Cam. Business, my lord, I think most understand

Bohemia stays here longer.

Leo. Ha!

Cam. Stays here longer. Leo. Ay, but why?

Cam. To fatisfy your highness and the entreaties

Of our most gracious mistress.

Leo. Satisfy

The entreaties of your mistres?—Satisfy?— Let that suffice. I have trusted thee, Camillo, With all the nearest things to my heart, as well My chamber-counfels; wherein, priest-like, thou Hast cleans'd my bosom, I from thee departed Thy penitent reform'd: but we have been Deceiv'd in thy integrity, deceiv'd In that which feems fo.

Cam. Be it forbid, my lord!

Leo. To bide upon't; - thou art not honest: or If thou inclin'st that way thou art a coward; Which hoxes honesty behind, restraining From course requir'd. Or else thou must be counted A fervant grafted in my ferious trust And therein negligent: or else a fool That feeft a game play'd home, the rich stake drawn, And tak'ft it all for jeft.

Cam. My gracious lord, I may be negligent, foolish, and fearful; In every one of these no man is free, But that his negligence, his folly, fear, Amongst the infinite doings of the world Sometimes puts forth. In your affairs, my lord, If ever I were wilful-negligent It was my folly; if industriously I play'd the fool, it was my negligence, Not weighing well the end; if ever fearful

To do a thing where I the iffue doubted, Whereof the execution did cry out Against the non-performance, 'twas a fear Which oft infects the wifest: these, my lord, Are such allow'd infirmities that honesty Is never siee of. But, beseeth your grace, Be plained with me; let me know my trespass By its own-visage: if I then deny it, 'Tis more of mine.

Les. Have not you feen, Camillo,
(But that's past doubt: you have, or your eye-glass Is thicker than a cuckold's horn), or heard
(For to a vision so apparent, rumour Cannot be mute), or thought (for cogitation Resides not in that man that does not think it),
My wise is suppery? If thou wilt confess
(Or else be impudently negative,
To have nor eyes, nor ears, nor thought), then say
My wise's a hobby-horse; deserves a name
As rank as any slax wench that puts to
Before her troth-plight say it, and justify it.

Cam. I would not be a stander-by to hear My sovereign mistress clouded so without My present vengeance taken: 'shrew my heart You never spoke what did become you less Than this; which to reiterate were sin

As deep as that tho' true.

Leo. Is whispering nothing?
Is leaning cheek to cheek? is meeting noses?
Kissing with inside lip? stopping the career
Of laughter with a sigh? (a note infallible
Of breaking honesty) horsing foot on foot?
Skulking in corners? wishing clocks more swift?
Hours, minutes? the noon midnight? and all eyes
Blind with the pin and web but theirs, theirs only
That would, unseen, be wicked? Is this nothing?
Why then the world and all that's in't is nothing;
The covering sky is nothing? Bohemia nothing;
My wife is nothing; nor nothing have these nothings
If this be nothing.

Cam. Good, my lord, be cur'd Of this diseas'd opinion, and betimes;

For 'tis most dangerous.

Leo. Say it be, 'tis true, Cam. No, no, my lord. Leo. It is; you lie, you lie, I fay thou lieft, Camillo, and I hate thee; Pronounce thee a gross lout, a mindless flave, Or else a hovering temporizer, that Canst with thine eyes at once see good and evil, Inclining to them both. Were my wise's liver Infected as her life, she would not live The running of one glass.

Cam. Who does infect her?

About his neck, Bohemia; who if I Had fervants true about me, that bare eyes To fee alike mine honour as their profits, Their own particular thrifts, they would do that Which should undo more doing: Ay, and thou His cup-bearer (whom I from meaner form Have bench'd and rear'd to worship, who may'st fee Plainly as heaven sees earth and earth sees heaven, How I am gall'd), thou might'st be spice-a-cup To give mine enemy a lasting wink, Which draught to me were cordial.

Cam. Sir, my lord,
I could do this, and that with no rash portion,
But with a ling'ring dram that should not work,
Maliciously like poison: but I cannot
Believe this crack to be in my dread mistress,

So fovereignly being honourable.

Les. I have lov'd thee.—Make that thy question and go rot! Dost think I am so muddy, so unsettled, To appoint myself in this vexation? Sully The purity and whiteness of my sheets, Which to preserve is sleep: which being spotted Is goads, thorns, nettles, tails of wasps; Give scandal to the blood of the prince, my son, Who I do think is mine, and love as mine, Without ripe moving to't? Would I do this? Could man so blench?

Cam. I must believe you, fir, I do and will setch off Bohemia for't: Provided that when he's remov'd your highness Will take again your queen as your's at first, Even for your son's sake; and thereby for sealing The injury of tongues in courts and kingdoms Known and ally'd to your's.

Leo. Thou dost advise me Even so as I mine own course have set down: I'll give no blemish to her honour, none. Cam. My lord,
Go then; and with a countenance as clear
As friendship wears at feasts, keep with Bohemia,
And with your queen: I am his cup-bearer;
If from me he have wholesome beveridge
Account me not your servant.

Leo. This is all:

Do't, and thou hast one half of my heart; Do't not, and thou split'st thine own.

Cam. I'll do't, my lord.

Leo. I will feem friendly as thou hast advis'd me. [Exit.

Cam. O miferable lady!—But for me,
What case stand I in? I must be the prisoner
Of good Polixenes; and my ground to do't
Is the obedience to a master; one
Who, in rebellion with himself, will have
All that are his so too.—To do this deed
Promotion follows. If I could find example
Of thousands that had struck anoisted kings
And flourish'd after, I'd not do't: but since
Nor brass, nor stone, nor parchment, bears not one;
Let villainy itself forswear't. I must
Forsake the court: to do't or no, is certain
To me a break-neck.—Happy star reign now!
Here comes Bohemia.

## Enter POLIXENES.

Pol. This is strange! Methinks.
My favour here begins to warp. Not speak?—Good day, Cami.lo.

Cam. Hail, mest royal fir!

Pol. What is the news i' the court?

Cam. None rare, my lord.

Pol. The king hath on him fuch a countenance As he had loft some province, and a region Lov'd as he loves himself: even now I met him With customary compliment; when he, Wafting his eyes to the contrary, and falling A lip of much contempt, speeds from me, and So leaves me to consider what is breeding That changes thus his manners.

Cam. I dare not know, my lord.

Pol. How! dare not? do not? Do you know, and dare not? Be intelligent to me 'Tis thereabout:
For, to yourfelf what you do know you must,
And cannot say you dare not. Good Camillo,

Your chang'd complexions are to me a mirror, Which shews me mine chang'd too: for I must be A party in this alteration, finding Myself thus alter'd with it.

Cam. There is a fickness
Which puts some of us in distemper, but
I cannot name the disease, and it is caught

Of you that yet are well.

Pol. How caught of me?

Make me not fighted like the bafilisk:
I have look'd on thousands who have sped the better
By my regard, but kill'd none so. Camillo,
As you are certainly a gentleman, thereto
Clerk-like experienc'd (which no less adorns
Our gentry, than our parents' noble names,
In whose success we are gentle); I beseech you,
If you know aught which does behove my knowledge
Thereof to be inform'd, imprison it not
In ignorant concealment.

Cam. I may not answer.

Pol. A fickness caught of me, and yet I well! I must be answer'd. Dost thou hear, Camillo, I conjure thee by all the parts of man Which honour does acknowledge (whereof the least Is not this suit of mine) that thou declare What incidency thou dost guess of harm Is creeping towards me; how far off, how near, Which way to be prevented if it be, If not how best to bear it.

Cam. Sir, I'll tell you.
Since I am charg'd in honour, and by him
That I think honourable. Therefore mark my counfel,
Which must be even as swiftly follow'd as
I mean to utter it; or both yourself and me
Cry, lost, and so good night.

Pol. On, good Camillo.

Cam. I am appointed Him to murder you.

Pal. By whom, Camillo? Cam. By the king.

Pol. For what?

Cam. He thinks, nay with all confidence he swears As he had seen't, or been an instrument To vice you to't, that you have touch'd his queen Forbiddenly.

Pol. Oh, then my best blood turn
To an insected jelly; and my name
Be yok'd with his that did betray the best!

Turn then my freshest reputation to A savour that may strike the dullest nostril Where I arrive; and my approach be shunn'd, Nay, hated too worse than the great'st insection That e'er was heard or read!

Cam. Swear this though over By each particular star in heaven, and By all their influences, you may as well Forbid the sea for to obey the moon As or by oath remove, or counsel shake, The fabric of his folly whose foundation Is pil'd upon his faith, and will continue The standing of his body.

Pol. How should this grow?

Cam. I know not: but I am fure 'tis fafer to Avoid what's grown than question how 'tis born. If, therefore, you dare trust my honesty, 'That lies inclosed in this trunk, which you Shall bear along impawn'd away to-night. Your followers I will whisper to the business; And will by twos and threes at several posterns Clear them o'the city. For myself I'll put My fortunes to your service, which are here By this discovery lost. Be not uncertain; For, by the honour of my parents, I Have utter'd truth; which if you seek to prove, I dare not stand by; nor shall you be safer Than one condemned by the king's own mouth; Thereon his execution sworn.

Pol. I do believe thee: I faw his heart in's face. Give me thy hand; Be pilot to me and thy places shall Still neighbour mine. My ships are ready, and My people did expect my hence departure Two days ago.—This jealoufy Is for a precious creature: as she's rare, Must it be great; and, as his person's mighty, Must it be violent; and as he does conceive He is dishonour'd by a man which ever Profess'd to him, why his revenges must In that be made more bitter. Fear o'ershades me: Good expedition be my friend, and comfort The gracious queen; part of his theme, but nothing Of his ill-ta'en suspicion! Come, Camillo, I will respect thee as a father if Thou bear'ff my life off hence. Let us avoid.

Cam. It is in mine authority to command The keys of all the posterns: please your highness To take the urgent hour. Come, fir, away.

[ Exeunt.

#### ACT Н.

SCENE I .- The Palace.

Enter HERMIONE, MAMILLIUS, and Ladies.

Hermione.

AKE the boy to you: he fo troubles me, 'Tis past enduring.

1 Lady. Come, my gracious lord,

Shall I be your play-fellow?

Mam. No, I'll none of you.

I Lady. Why; my sweet lord?

Mam. You'll kiss me hard, and speak to me as if I were a baby still. I love you better.

2 Lady. And why fo, my lord?

Mam. Not for because

Your brows are blacker (yet black brows, they fay, Become some women best; so that there be not Too much hair there, but in a femicircle, Or a half moon made with a pen).

2 Lady. Who taught you this?

Mam. I learn'd it out of women's faces: Pray now, What colour are your eye-brows.

I Lady. Blue, my lord.

Mam. Nay, that's a mock: I've feen a lady's nofe That has been blue, but not her eye-brows.

2 Lady. Hark ye;

The queen, your mother, rounds apace: we shall Present our services to a fine new prince One of these days; and then you'll wanton with us, If we would have you.

2 Lady. She is spread of late

Into a goodly bulk; good time encounter her!

Her. What wisdom stirs amongst you? Come, fir, now I am for you again. Pray you fit by us And tell us a tale.

Mam. Merry or fad shall it be? Her. As merry as you will.

Mam. A sad tale's best for winter: I have one of sprights and goblins.

Her. Let's have that, good fir.

Come on, fit down. Come on, and do your best To fright me with your sprights; you're powerful at it. Mam. There was a man-

Her. Nay, come, fit down; then on.

Man. Dwelt by a churchyard :- I will tell it foftly: You crickets shall not hear it.

Her. Come on then, and give't me in mine ear.

Enter LEONTES, ANTIGONUS, and Lords.

Leo. Was he met there? his train? Camillo with him?

Lord. Behind the tuft of pines I met them; never

Saw I men fcour so on their way: I ey'd them

Even to their thips.

Leo. How bleft am I

In my just censure! in my true opinion! Alack, for leffer knowledge !—How accurs'd In being so blest! There may be in the cup A spider steep'd, and one may drink, depart, And yet partake no venom, for his knowledge Is not infected! but if one present The abhorr'd ingredient to his eye, make known How he hath drunk, he cracks his gorge, his fides, With violent hefts; -I have drunk and feen the spider. -Camillo was his help in this, his pander: There is a plot against my life, my crown; All's true that is mistrusted: that false villian Whom I employ'd was pre-employ'd by him: He hath discover'd my design, and I Remain a pinch'd thing; yea, a very trick For them to play at will. How came the posterns So eafily open?

Lord. By his great authority, Which often hath no less prevail'd than so

On your command.

Leo. I know't too well.

Give me the boy; [To HERMIONE.] I am glad you did not nurse him;

Though he does bear fome figns of me, yet you Have too much blood in him.

Her. What is this; fport?

Leo. Bear the boy hence, he shall not come about her; Away with him; and let her sport herself With that she's big with! for it is Polixenes Has made her swell thus.

Her. But I'd fay he had not; And I'll be fworn you would believe my faying, Howe'er you lean to the nayward.

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Leo. You, my lords,
Look on her, mark her well; be but about
To fay fhe is goodly lady, and
The justice of your hearts will thereto add,
'Tis pity she' not honest, honourable;
Praise her but for this her without-door form
(Which on my faith deserves high speech), and straight
The shrug, the hum, or ha—these petty brands
That calumny doth use. Oh, I am out—
That mercy does; for calumny will sear
Virtue itself.—These shrugs, these hums, and ha's,
When you have said she's goodly, come between,
Ere you can say she's honest. But be it known
(From him that has most cause to grieve it should be)
See's an adultress.

Her. Should a villain fay fo,
The most replenished villain in the world,
He were as much more villain. You, my lord,
Do but mistake.

Les. You have mistook, my lady, Polizenes for Leontes. O thou thing Which I'll not call a creature of thy place, Lest barbarism, making me the precedent, Should a like language use to all degrees, And mannerly distinguishment leave out Betwixt the prince and beggar!—I have said She's an adultres;—I have said with whom; More, she's a traitor; and Camillo is A federary with her; and one that knows What she should shame to know herself But with her most vile principal, that she's A bed-swerver, even as bad as those That vulgars give bold st titles; ay, and prive To this their late escape.

Her. No, by my life,
Privy to none of this. How will this grieve you
When you shall come to clearer knowledge that
You have thus publish'd me; Gentle my lord,
You scarce can right me thouroughly then, to say
You did mistake.

Leo. No, if I mistake
In these foundations which I build upon,
The centre is not big enough to bear.
A school-boy's top. Away with her to prison;
He who shall speak for her is far off guilty,
But that he speaks.

Her. There's some ill planet reigns:
I must be patient till the heaven's look
With an aspect more favourable. Good, my lords,
I am not prone to weeping as our sex
Com nouly are, the want of which vain dew,
Perchance, shill dry your pities but I have
That honourable grief log'd here, which burns
Worse than tears drown: 'Beseech you all, my lords,
With thought so qualified as your charities
Shall best instruct you, measure me; and so
The wing's will be personn'd!

Leo. Shall I be heard?

Her. Who is't that goes with me? befeech your highnes, My women may be with me; for, you fee, My plight requires it Do not weep, good fools, [To her Ladies. There is no cause: when you shall know your mistress Hath deserv'd prison then abound in tears As I come out: this action I now go on Is for my better grace. Adieu, my lord, I never wish'd to see you sorry; now, I trust, I shall —My women—come; you have leave.

Leo. Go, do our bidding, hence. [Exit Queen guarded, Lord. 'Beseech your highness, call the queen again.

Ant. Be certain what you do, fir, lest your justice Prove violence, in the which three great ones suffer;

Yourfelf, your queen, your fon.

Lord. For her, my lord,
I dare my life lay down, and will do't, fir,
Please you to accept it, that the queen is spotless
I'the eyes of heaven, and to you; I mean
In this which you accuse her.

Ant. If it prove
She's otherwise, I'll keep my stables where
I lodge my wise; I'll go in couples with her;
That when I feel and see her, no further trust her;
For every inch of woman in the world,
Ay, every dram of woman's flesh is false
If she be.

Leo. Hold your peace. Lord. Good, my lord.

Ant. It is for you we fpeak, not for ourselves: You are abus'd, and by some putter on That will be damn'd for't; would I knew the villain, I would land-damn him: Be she honour-flaw'd, I have three daughters, the eldest is eleven,

C 2

The second and the third nine, and some five; If this prove true they'll pay for't; ——By mine honour, I'll geld 'em all: fourteen they shall not see To bring salse generations: they are coheirs, And I had rather glib myself than they Should not produce fair issue.

Leo. Cease; no more: You smell this business with a sense as cold As is a dead man's nose: I see't and seel't, As you seel doing thus; and see withal

The instruments that feel. [Striking his Brows.

Ant. If it be fo

We need no grave to bury honesty; 'There's not a grain of it the face to sweeten Of the whole dungy earth.

Leo. What, lack I credit?

Lord I had rather you did lack, than I, my lord, Upon this ground; and more it would content me To have her honour true than your suspicion, Be blam'd for't how you might.

Leo. Why what need we

Commune with you of this? but rather follow Our forceful infligation? Our prerogative Calls not your counfels, but our natural goodness Imparts this; which if you (or flupified Or feeming fo in skill) cannot or will not Relish as truth, like us, inform yourselves, We need no more of your advice; the matter, The loss, the gain, the ord'ring on't, is all Properly ours.

Ant. And I wish, my liege, You had only in your filent judgment try'd it Without more overture.

Leo. How could that be?

Either thou art most ignorant by age,
Or thou wert born a fool. Camillo's slight
Added to their familiarity
(Which was as gross as ever touch'd conjecture,
'That lack'd fight only, nought for approbation,
But only seeing all other circumstances
Made up to the deed), do push on this proceeding:
Yet, for a greater confirmation
(For in an act of this importance 'twere
Most piteous to be wild), I have dispatch'd in post
To facred Delphos, to Apollo's temple,
Cleomenes and Dion, whom you know

Of stusted sufficiency. Now, from the oracle They will bring all; whose spiritual counsel had Shall stop or spur me. Have I done well?

Lord. Well done, my lord.

Les. Though I am fatisfy'd and need no more Than what I know, yet that the oracle Give rest to the minds of others; such as he Whose ignorant credulity will not Come up to the truth. So have we thought it good From our free person she should be confined; Lest that the treacnery of the two field hence Be lest her to persorm. Come, follow us, We are to speak in public: for this business Will raise us all.

Ant [Alide.] To laughter, as I take it, If the good truth were known.

[ Exeunt.

# SCENE II .- A Prison.

## Enter PAULINA and Gentleman.

Paul. The keeper of the prison—call to him; [Ex. Gent. Let him have knowledge who I am. Good lady! No court in Europe is too good for thee; What dost thou then in prison? Now, good fir.

Re-enter Gentleman with the Gaoler.

You know me, do you not?

Gael. For a worthy lady,
And one whom I much honour.

Paul. Pray you then Conduct me to the queen.

Gaol. I may not, madam; to the contrary

I have express commandment.

Paul. Here's ado,
To lock up honesty and honour from
The access of gentle visitors! Is it lawful,
Pray you, to see her women? any of them?
Emilia?

Gaoler. So please you, madam, To put apart these you attendants, I Shall bring Emilia forth.

Paul. I pray you now Call her. Withdraw yourselves.

Excunt Genta

Gaol. And, madam, I must Be present at your conference.

Paul. Well; be it so, prithee. Here is such ado [Ex. Guel.

To make no stain a stain as passeth colouring.

## Enter EMILIA

Dear gentlewoman, how fares our gracious lady?

Emil. As well as one fo great and fo forlorn

May hold together. On her frights and griefs
(Which never tender lady hath borne greater),
She is fomething before her time deliver'd.

Paul. A boy?

Emil. A daughter; and a goodly babe, Lusty, and like to live. The queen receives Much comfort in't: says, My poor prijoner,

I am as innocent as you.

Paul. I dare be sworn;
These dangerous unsafe lunes o'the king, beshrew them, He must be told on't, and he shall: the office Becomes a woman best; I'll take't upon me. If I prove honey-mouth'd let my tongue blister; And never to my red-look'd anger be The trumpet any more. Pray you, Emilia, Commend my best obedience to the queen: If she dares trust me with her little babe I'll shew't the king, and undertake to be Her advocate to th' loudest. We do not know How he may soften at the sight o'the child: The silence often of pure innocence Persuades when speaking fails.

Emil. Most worthy madam,
Your honour and your goodness is so evident.
That your free undertaking cannot miss. A thriving issue: there is no lady living. So meet for this great errand. Please your ladyship. To visit the next room, I'll presently. Acquaint the queen of your most noble offer; Who but to day hammer'd of this design, But durft not tempt a minister of honour;

Left the should be deny'd. Paul. Tell her, Emilia,

I'll use that tongue I have; if wit flow from it As boldness from my bosom let it not be doubted I shall do good.

Emil. No be you bleft for it!
I'll to the queen: please you come something nearer.

Gaol. Madam, if't please the queen to send the babe I know not what I shall incur to pass it,

Having no warrant.

Paul. You need not fear it, fir:
The child was prisoner to the womb; and is
By law and process of great nature thence
Freed and entranchis'd; not a party to
The anger of the king; nor guilty of,
If any be, the traspass of the queen.

Gaol. I do believe it.

Paul Do not you fear; upon mine honour I Will fland betwixt you and danger.

[Exeunt.

# SCENE III .- Changes to the Pulace.

Enter LEONTES, ANTIGONUS, Loras, and other Attendants;

Leo. Nor night nor day no rest:—It is but weakness. To bear the matter thus; mere weakness, if
The cause were not in being;—part o'the cause,
She, the adultress;—for the harlot king
Is quite beyond mine arm, out of the blank
And level of my brain, plot-proof: but she
I can hook to me: say that she were gone,
Given to the fire, a moiety of my rest
Might come to me again. Who's there?

Enter an Attendant.

Atten. My lord!

Lco. How does the boy?

Atten. He took good rest to-night; 'tis hop'd His sickness is discharg'd.

Leo. To see his nobleness!

Conceiving the dishonour of his mother
He straight declin'd, droop'd, took it deeply,
Fasten'd and fix'd the shame on't in himself,
Threw off his spirit, his appetite, his sleep,
And downright languish'd, Leave me folely; go, Ex. Attent
See how he fares.—Fy, fy! no thought of him;
The very thought of my revenges that way
Recoil upon me; in himself too mighty,
And in his parties, his alliance—let him be
Until a time may serve. For present vengeance
Take it on her. Camillo and Polixenes
Laugh at me, make their pastime at my forrow;

C 4

They should not laugh if I could reach them; nor Shall she within my power.

#### Enter PAULINA with a Child.

Lord. You must not enter.

Paul. Nay, rather, good my lord, be second to me: Fear you his tyrannous passion more, alas! Than the queen's life? a gracious innocent soul, More free than he is jealous.

Ant. That's enough.

Atten. Madam, he hath not flept to-night; commanded None should come at him.

Paul. Not so hot, good fir;

I come to bring him fleep. 'Tis fuch as you That creep like shadows by him, and do sigh At each his needless heavings;—such as you Nourish the cause of his awaking: I Do come with words as med'cinal as true; Honest as either; to purge him of that humour That presses him from sleep.

Leo. What noise there, ho?

Paul. No noise, my lord, but needful conference. About some gossips for your highness.

Leo. How!

Away with that audacious lady.—Antigonus, I charg'd thee that the should not come about me, I knew she would.

Ant. I told her so, my lord, On your displeasure's peril, and on mine, She should not visit you.

Leo. What can'ff not rule her?

Paul. From all dishonesty he can; in this (Unless he take the course that you have done, Commit me for committing honour), trust it He shall not rule me.

Ant. Lo you now; you hear!
When she will take the rein I let her run,
But she'll not stumble.

Paul. Good my liege, I come—And, I befeech you, hear me, who profess Myfelf your loyal fervant, your phyfician, Your most obedient counsellor; yet that dares Less appear to in comforting your evils Than such as most feems your's. I say I come From your good queen.

Leo. Good queen!

Paul. Good queen, my lord, good queen! I say good queen; And would by combat make her good, to were I A man the worst about you.

Leo. Force her hence.

Paul. Let him that makes but trifles of his eyes
First hand me. On mine own accord I'll off,
But first I'll do my errand — The good queen,
For she is good, hath brought you forth a daughter:
Here'tis, commends it to your bleffing. [Laying down the Child.,
Lee. Out!

A mankind witch! Hence with her out o'the door :—
A most intelligencing bawd!

Faul. Not so:

I am as ignorant in that as you In so entitling me; and no less honest Than you are mad; which is enough, I'll warrant, As this world goes to pass for honest.

Les Traitors!
Will you not push her out? Give her the bastard. [To ANT. Thou detard, thou art woman-tir'd; unroosted By thy dame Partlet here. Take up the bastard, Take't up, I say; give't to thy crone.

Paul. For ever

Unvenerable be thy hands, if thou Tak'st up the princess by that forced baseness Which he has put upon't!

Leo. He dreads his wife!

Paul. So I would you did; then 'twere past all doubt You'd call your children your's

Leo. A nest of traitors !

Ant. I am none, by this good light.

Paul. Nor I; nor any
But one that's here, and that's himself:—For he
The facred honour of himself, his queen's,
His hopeful son's, his babe's betrays to flander,
Whose sting is sharper than the sword's, and will not
(For as the case now stands, it is a curse
He cannot be compell'd to't) once remove
The root of his opinion, which is rotten
As ever oak or stone was sound.

Leo. A callet

Of boundless tongue; who late hath beat her husband, And now baits me.—This brat is none of mine, It is the iffue of Polixenes.—
Hence with it; and, together with the dam, Commit them to the fire.

Paul. It is your's;

And, might we lay the old proverb to your charge, So like you 'tis the worfe. Benold, my lords, Altho' the print be little, the whole matter And copy of the father: eye, nofe, lip, The trick of his frown, his forehead, nay the valley, The pretty dimples of his chin and cheek, his tmiles, The very mould and frame of nand, nail, finger. And thou, good goddefs Nature, which haft made it So like to him that got it, if thou haft The ordering of the mind too, 'mongst all colours No yellow in't, lest the suspect, as he does, Her children not her husband's!

Leo. A gross hag!

And, lozel, thou art worthy to be hang'd

That wilt not flay her tongue.

Ant. Hang all the husbands

That cannot do that feat, you'll leave yourfelf Hardly one subject.

Leo. Once more, take her hence.

Paul. A most unworthy and unnatural lord Can do no more,

Leo. I'll have thee burnt.

Paul. I care not;

It is an heretic that makes the fire,
Not she which burns in't. I'll not call you tyrant;
But this most cruel usage of your queen
(Not able to produce more accusation
Than your own weak-hing'd fancy) something savours
Of tyranny, and will ignoble make you,
Yea, scandalous to the world.

Leo. On your allegiance Out of the chamber with her. Were I tyrant Where were her life? The durst not call me so If she did know me one. Away with her,

Paul. I pray you do not push me, I'll be gone.

Look to your babe, my lord, 'tis your's: Jove send her
A better guiding spirit!—What need these hands?

You that are thus so tender o'er his sollies
Will never do him good, not one of you.

So so; sarewell; we are gone.

Lest Thou, traitor, half fet thy wife on to this.—
My child! away with't! Even thou, that half
A heart fo tender o'er it; take it hence
And fee it influntly confum'd with fire;
Even thou, and none but thou. Take it up flraight;

Within this hour bring me word it is done (And by good testimony), or I'll seize thy life With what thou else call'st thine. If thou resuse, And witt encounter with my wrath, say so; The bastard brains with these my proper hands Shall I dash out. Go, take it to the fire, For the u sett'st on thy wise.

Ant, I did not, fir:

These lords, my noble fellows, if they please Can clear me in't.

Lord. We can. My royal liege, He is not guilty of her coming hither.

Leo. You are liars all.

Lord. 'Befeech your highness give us better credit:
We have always truly serv'd you; and befeech you
So to esteem of us: And on our knees we beg
(As recompense of our dear services
Past and to come) that you do change this purpose
Which being so herrible, so bloody, must

Lead on to some foul issue. We all kneel— [They kneel, Leo I am a feather for each wind that blows:

Shall I live on to fee this baftard kneel And call me father? better burn it now Than curfe it then. But be it; let it live:

-It shall not neither .- You, fir, come you hither :

[To ANTIGONUS.

You that have been so tenderly officious With lady Margery, your midwise, there, To save this battard's life (for 'tis a bastard So sure as this beard's grey), what will you adventure To save this brat's life?

Ant. Any thing my lord, my lord, That my ability may undergo, And nobleness impose: at least, thus much; I'll pawn the little blood which I have left To save the innocent: any thing possible.

Leo. It shall be possible; swear by this sword

Thou wilt perform my bidding.

Ant. I will my lord.

Lec. Mark and perform it; (seeft thou? for the sail Of any point in't shall not only be Death to thyself, but to thy lewd-tongu'd wise, Whom for this time we pardon. We enjoin thee, As thou art liege man to us, that thou carry This semale bastard hence, and that thou bear it To some remote and desart place quite out

Of our dominions; and that there thou leave it, Without more mercy to its own protection And favour of the climate. As by strange fortune It came to us, I do in justice charge thee On thy foul's peril, and thy body's torture, That thou commend it strangely to some place Where chance may nurse or end it. Take it up.

Ant. I swear to do this; tho' a present death Had been more merciful. Come on, poor babe: Some powerful spirit instruct the kites and ravens To be thy nurses! Wolves and bears, they fay, Casting their savageness aside, have done Like offices of pity .- Sir, be prosperous In more than this deed does require! and bleffing Against this cruelty fight on thy side. Poor thing, condemn'd to loss! [ Exit with the Child.

Leo. No; I'll not rear Another's issue.

Enter a Messenger.

Mess. Please your highness, posts From those you sent to the oracle are come An hour fince. Cleomenes and Dion, Being well arriv'd from Delphos, are both landed. Hasting to the court.

Lord. So please you, fir, their speed

Hath been beyond account. Leo. Twenty-three days They have been absent: 'Tis good speed, foretels The great Apollo fuddenly will have The truth of this appear. Prepare you, lords; Summon the session that we may arraign Our most disloyal lady: for, as she hath Been publickly accused, so shall she have A just and open trial. While she lives My heart will be a burden to me. Leave me, [ Exeunt feverally. And think upon my bidding.

## ACT III,

SCENE I .- A Part of Sicily, near the Sea-side. Enter CLEOMENES and DION, with Attendants.

Cleomenes.

THE climate's delicate; the air most sweet; Fertile the isle; the temple much furpassing The common praise it bears.

Dian. I shall report,
For most it caught me, the celestial habits
(Methinks I so should term them, and the reverence
Of the grave wearers. O, the facrifice!
How ceremonious, solemn, and unearthly
It was i'the offering!

Cleo. But of all, the burst And the ear deas'ning voice o'the oracle, Kin to Jove's thunder, so surpris'd my sense That I was nothing.

Dion. If the event o'the journey Prove as fuccesful to the queen (O be't fo!) As it hath been to us, rare, pleasant, speedy, The time is worth the use on't.

Cieo. Great Apollo
Turn all to the best! These proclamations
So forcing faults upon Hermione,
I little like.

Dion. The violent carriage of it
Will clear or end the business. When the oracle
(Thus by Apollo's great divine seal'd up)
Shall the contents discover, something rare
Even then will rush to knowledge.—Go—fresh horses;—
And gracious be the issue.

[Execunt.]

# SCENE II .-- A Court of Justice.

LEONTES, Lords, and Officers, appear properly feated.

Leo. This fession (to our great grief we pronounce), Even pushes 'gainst our heart. The party try'd, The daughter of a king; our wise, and one Of us too much belov'd.—Let us be clear'd Of being tyrannous, fince we so openly Proceed in justice; which shall have due course Even to the guilt or the purgation.—Produce the prisoner.

Offi. It is his highness' pleasure that the queen Appear in person here in court.—Silence.

HERMIONE is brought in guarded; PAULINA and Ladies attending.

Leo . Read the indistment.

Offi. "Hermione, queen to the worthy Leontes. king of Sicilia, thou art here accused and arraigned of high treason

"in committing adultery with Polixenes, king of Bohemia; and conspiring with Camillo to take away the life of our fovereign lord the king, thy royal husband; the pretence whereof being by circumstances partly laid open, thou, Hermione, contrary to the faith and allegiance of a true subject, didst counsel and aid them for their better safety to sty away by night."

Her. Since what I am to fay must be but that Which contradicts my accufation; and The testimony on my part no other But what comes from myfelf; it shall scarce boot me To fay, Not guilty: mine integrity Being counted falsehood, shall, as I express it, Be so receiv'd. But thus—if powers divine Behold our human actions, as they do, I doubt not then but innocence shall make False accusation blush, and tyranny Tremble at patience:—You, my lord, best knows Who least will feem to do so, my past life Hath been as continent, as chafte, as true As I am now unhappy; which is more Than history can pattern, though devis'd And play'd to take spectators. For behold me A fellow of the royal bed, which owe A moiety of the throne, a great king's daughter, The mother to a hopeful prince here standing To prate and talk for life and honour 'fore Who please to come and hear. For life, I prize it As I weigh grief which I would spare: for honour, \*Tis a derivative from me to mine, And only that I stand for. I appeal. To your own conscience, sir, before Polixenes Came to your court how I was in your grace, How merited to be fo: Since he came, With what encounter fo uncurrent I Have strain'd to appear thus? if one jot beyond The bounds of honour, or in act or will That way inclining, hard'ned be the hearts Of all that hear me, and my near'st of kin Cry, Fy, upon my grave! Leo. I ne'er heard vet That any of those bolder vices wanted Less impudence to gainfay what they did Than to perform it first.

Her. That's true enough; Though 'tis a faying, fir not due to me.

Les. You will not own it. Her. More than mistress of

Her. More than mistress of
What comes to me in name of fault, I must not
At all acknowledge. For Polixenes
(With whom I am accus'd), I do confess
I lov'd him as in honour he requir'd,
With such a kind of love as might become
A lady like me; with a love even such,
So, and no other, as yourself commanded;
Which not to have done I think had bin in me
Both disobedience and ingratitude
To you, and towards your friend, whose love had spoke
Even since it could speak, from an infant, freely
That it was your's. Now, for conspiracy
I know not how it talkets, though it be dish'd

For me to try how: all I know of it
Is, that Camillo was an honest man,
And why he left your court the gods themselves
(Wotting no more than I) are ignorant.

Leo. You know of his departure, as you know What you have underta'en to do in his absence.

Her. Sir,

You speak a language that I understand not: My life stands in the level of your dreams,

Which I'll lay down.

Leo. Your actions are my dreams;
You had a bastard by Polixenes,
And I but dream'd.—As you were past all shame
(Those of your fact are so), so past all truth;
Which to deny concerns more than avails: for as
Thy brat hath been cast out, like to itself,
No father owning it (which is, indeed,
More criminal in thee than it), so thou
Shalt feel our justice, in whose easiest passage
Look for no less than death.

Her. Sir, spare your threats;
The bug which you would fright me with I seek. To me can life be no commodity;
The crown and comfort my life, your favour,
I do give lost, for I do seel it gone,
But know not how it went. My second joy,
The first-fruits of my body, from his presence
I am barr'd like one insectious. My third comfort,
Starr'd most unluckily, is from my breast

The innocent milk in its most innocent mouth Hal'd out to murder; myself on every post Proclaim'd a strumpet; with immodest hatred The childbed privilege deny'd which 'longs To women of all fashion. Lastly, hurried Here to this place i'the open air before I have got strength of limit. Now, my liege, Tell me what bleffings I have here alive That I should fear to die? Therefore proceed: But yet hear this; mistake me not; -- No life I prize it not a straw: but for mine honour (Which I would free), if I should be condemn'd Upon furmifes (all proofs fleeping elfe But what your jealousies awake), I tell you, \*Tis rigour and not law. Your honour's all, I do refer me to the oracle; Apollo be my judge.

## Enter DION and CLEOMENES.

Lord. This your request

Is altogether just; therefore bring forth,

And in Apollo's name, his oracle.

Her. The emperor of Russia was my father: Oh, that he were alive and here beholding His daughter's trial! that he did but see The flatness of my misery; yet with eyes Of pity, not revenge!

Offi. You here shall swear upon the sword of justice, That you Cleomenes and Dion have Been both at Delphos, and from thence have brought This seal'd-up oracle, by the hand deliver'd Of great Apollo's priest; and that since then You have not dar'd to break the holy seal,

Nor read the secrets in't.

Cleo. Dion. All this we fwear. Leo. Break up the feals and read.

Offi "Hermione is chaste, Polixenes blameles, Camillo a true subject, Leontes a jealous tyrant, his innocent babe truly begotten; and the king shall live without an heir if

" that which is lost be not found."

Lords. Now bleffed be the great Apollo!

Her. Praised !

Leo. Hast thou read the truth?

Offi. Ay, my lord, even so as it is here set down. Loo. There is no truth at all i'the oracle;

The fession shall proceed! this is mere falsehood.

#### Enter Servant.

Ser. My lord the king, the king !---

Len. What is the business?

Ser. O fir, I shall be hated to report it. The prince your son with mere conceit and sear Of the queen's speed is gone.

Leo. How! gone?

Ser. Is dead.

Leo. Apollo's angry; and the heavens themselves Do strike at my injustice.—How now, there?

HERMIONE faints.

Paul. This news is mortal to the queen: look down And fee what death is doing.

Leo. Take her hence;

Her heart is but o'ercharg'd; the will recover.

[Exeunt PAULINA and Ladies, with HERMIONE.

I have too much believ'd'mine own suspicion:-Befeech you tenderly apply to her Some remedies for life.—Apollo, pardon My great prophaneness 'gainst thine oracle! I'll reconcile me to Polixenes; New woo my queen; recall the good Camillo, Whom I proclaim a man of truth, of mercy: For, being transported by my jealousies To bloody thoughts and to revenge, I chose Camillo for the minister to poison My friend Polixenes; which had been done, But that the good mind of Camillo tardy'd My swift command; tho' I with death, and with Reward, did threaten and encourage him, Not doing it, and being done: he (most humane, And fill'd with honour), to my kingly guest Unclasp'd my practise; quit his fortunes here, Which you knew great, and to the certain hazard

Enter PAULINA.

Paul. Woe the while!
O, cut my lace, lest my heart cracking it
Break too!

Of all incertainties himself commended,
No richer than his honour. How he glisters
Through my dark rust! and how his piety

Does my deeds make the blacker!

Lord. What fit is this, good lady?

D

Paul. What studied torments, tyrant hast for me? What wheels? racks? fires? What flaying? boiling burning.

In leads, or oils? what old or newer torture Must I receive, whose every ward deserves To taste of thy most worst? Thy tyranny Together working with thy jealousies, Fancies too weak for boys, too green and idle For girls of nine! O, think what they have done, And then run mad indeed, stark mad; for all Thy by-gone fooleries were but spices of it. That thou betray'dst Polixenes, 'twas nothing; That did but shew thee of a fool inconstant, And damnable ungrateful: nor was't much, Thou would'st have poison'd good Camillo's honour, To have him kill a king: poor trespasses, More monstrous standing by: whereof I reckon The casting forth to crows thy baby-daughter To be, or none, or little; tho' a devil Would have shed water out of fire ere don't: Nor is't directly laid to thee, the death Of the young prince; whose honourable thoughts (Thoughts high for one fo tender) cleft the heart That could conceive a gross and foolish fire Blemish'd his gracious dam: this is not, no. Laid to thy answer. But the last—O lords, When I have faid, cry woe! the queen, the queen, The sweetest, dearest, creature's dead; and vengeance for't Not dropt down yet.

Lord. The higher powers forbid!

Paul. I fay fhe's dead; I'll fwear't: if word nor oath

Prevail not, go and fee: if you can bring Tincture or luftre in her lip or eye, Heat outwardly, or breath within, I'll ferve you As I would do the gods. But, O thou tyrant! Do not repent these things; for they are heavier Than all thy woes can stir: therefore betake thee To nothing but despair. A thousand knees Ten thousand years together naked, fasting Upon a barren mountain, and still winter In storm perpetual, could not move the gods To look that way thou wert.

Leo. Go on, go on; Thou canst not speak too much: I have deserv'd All tongues to talk their bitterest.

Lord. Say no more;

Howe'er the business goes you have made fault I'the boldness of your speech:

Paul. I am forry for't: All faults I make when I shall come to know them I do repent. Alas! I have shew'd too much The rathness of a woman: he is touch'd To the noble heart.—What's gone; and what's past help. Should be past grief. Do not receive affiction At my petition, I befeech you; rather Let me be punish'd that have minded you Of what you should forget. Now, good my liege, Sir, royal fir, forgive a foolish woman; The love I bore your queen-lo; fool again! I'll speak of her no more, nor of your children; I'll not remember you of my own lord, Who is lost too. Take your patience to you And I'll fay nothing.

Leo. Thou didst speak but well When most the truth; which I receive much better Than to be pitied of thee. Prithee bring me To the dead bodies of my queen and fon: One grave shall be for both. Upon them shall The causes of their death appear unto Our shame përpetual. Once a day I'll visit The chapel where they lie, and tears shed there Shall be my recreation. So long as nature Will bear up with this exercise, So long I daily vow to use it. Come.

And lead me to these forrows.

Exeunt.

# SCENE III .- Bohemia. A defert Country near the Seas

Enter ANTIGONUS with a Child, and a Mariner.

Ant. Thou art perfect then our ship hath touch'd upon The deferts of Bohemia?

Mar. Ay, my lord; and fear We have landed in an ill time; the skies look grimly. And threaten present blusters. In my conscience

The heavens with that we have in hand are angry, And frown upon us.

Ant. Their facred wills be done ! Go, get aboard; Look to thy bark: I'll not be long before A call upon thee.

Mar. Make your best haste, and go not Too far i'the land: 'tis like to be loud weather: Besides, this place is samous for the creatures Of prey that keep upon't.

Ant. Go thou away; I'll follow instantly.

Mar. I am glad at heart to be so rid o'the business. [Exit.

Ant. Come, poor babe, I have heard
But not believ'd the spirits of the dead
May walk again: if such thing be thy mother
Appear'd to me last night; for ne'er was dream
So like a waking. To me comes a creature,
Sometimes her head on one side, some another,
I never saw a vessel of like forrow
So sill'd and so becoming: in pure white robes
Like very sanctity she did approach
My cabin where I lay: thrice bow'd before me,
And, gasping to begin some speech, her eyes
Became two spouts: the sury spent, anon
Did this break from her: "Good Antigonus,
"Since sate against thy better disposition
"Hath made thy person for the thrower-out

"Hath made thy person for the thrower-out of my poor babe according to thine oath,

" Places remote enough are in Bohemia,

" There weep, and leave it crying; and, for the babe

" Is counted lost for ever, Perdita,

"I prithee call't. For this ungentle business,
"Put on thee by my lord, thou ne'er shalt see
"Thy wise Paulina more." And so with shrieks
She melted into air. Affrighted much,
I did in time collect myself, and thought
This was so, and no slumber. Dreams are toys;
Yet for this once, yea, superstitiously
I will be squar'd by this. I do believe
Hermione hath suffer'd death, and that
Apollo would, this being indeed the issue
Of king Polixenes, it should here be laid,

Of its right father. Bloffom, speed thee well!

Either for life or death, upon the earth

[Laying down the Child

There lie; and there thy character; there these;

[Laying down a Bundle.

Which may, if fortune please, both breed thee, pretty one, And still rest thine.—The storm begins;—Poor wretch, That for the mother's fault art thus expos'd To loss, and what may follow l—Weep I cannot,

But my heart bleeds: and most accurs'd am I
To be by oath enjoin'd to this.—Farewell!
The day frowns more and more; thou art like to have
A lullaby too rough: I never saw
The heavens so dim by day. A savage clamour!—
Well may I get aboard.—This is the chaise,
I am gone for ever.

[Exit, pursued by a Bear.

# Enter an old Shepherd.

Shep. I would there were no age between ten and three and twenty, or that youth would fleep out the rest; for there is nothing in the between but getting wenches with child, wronging the ancientry, ftealing, fighting.-Hark you now!-Would any but these boil'd brains of nine-teen, and two and twenty hunt this weather? They have fcar'd away two of my best sheep, which I fear the wolf will fooner find than the mafter: if any where I have them 'tis by the fea-fide brouzing of ivy. Good luck, an't be thy will; what have we here? [ Taking up the Child. ] Mercy on's a barne; a very pretty barne! A boy, or a child, I wonder! A pretty one, a very pretty one. Sure fome 'scape; tho' I am not bookish, yet I can read waiting-gentlewoman in the 'scape. This has been some stair-work, some trunk-work, fome behind-door work: they were warmer that got this than the poor thing is here. I'll take it up for pity: yet I'll tarry till my fon come; he hollow'd but even now. Whoa. ho hoa!

## Enter Clown.

Clo. Hilloa, loa!

Shep. What art so near? If thou'lt see a thing to talk on when thou art dead and rotten, come hither. What ail'st

thou, man?

Clo. I have feen two fuch fights by fea and by land, but I am not to fay it is the fea, for it is now the fky; betwixt the firmament and it you cannot thrust a bodkin's point.

Shep. Why, boy, how is it?

Cho. I would you did but fee how it chafes, how it rages, how it takes up the shore: but that's not the point. Oh, the most piteous cry of the poor souls! sometimes to see 'em and not to see 'em; now the ship boring the moon with her main-mast, and anon swallow'd with yest and rost as you'd thrust a cork into a hogshead. And then for the land service—To see how the bear tore out his shoulder-bone; how he cry'd to me for help, and said his name was Antigo-

nus, a nobleman. But to make an end of the ship, to see how the sea slap-dragon'd it. But first how the poor souls roar'd and the sea mock'd them; and how the poor gentleman roar'd and the bear mock'd him; both roaring louder than the sea or weather.

Shep. 'Name of mercy, when was this, boy?

Ch. Now, now; I have not wink'd fince I saw these fights; the men are not yet cold under water; nor the bear half din'd upon the gentleman; he's at it now.

Shep. Would I had been by to have help'd the old man. Clo. I would you had been by the ship side to have help'd her; there your charity would have lack'd footing. [Aside.

Shep. Heavy matters! heavy matters! but look thee here, boy. Now blefs thyfelf; thou meet'ft with things dying, I with things new-born. Here's a fight for thee, look thee. a bearing-cloth for a 'fquire's child! Look thee here, take up, take up, boy; open't, fo, let's fee; it was told me I should be rich by the fairies. This is some changeling.—Open't; what's within, boy!

Clo. You're a made old man; if the fins of your youth are

forgiven you you're well to live. Gold! all gold.

Shep. This is fairy gold, boy, and will prove for Up with it, keep it close; home, home, the next way. We are lucky, boy; and to be so still requires nothing but secrety. Let my sheep go. Come, good boy, the next way home.

Cla Go you the next way with your findings; I'll go fee if the bear be gone from the gentleman, and how much he eath eaten; they are never curft but when they are hungry. If there he any of him left I'll bury it.

If there be any of him left I'll bury it.

Shep. That's a good deed. If thou may'st discern by that which is lest of him what he is, setch me to the fight of him

Ch. Marry, will I; and you shall help to put him i'the

ground.

Shep. 'Tis a lucky day, boy, and we'll do good deeds on't

# A C T IV.

# Enter TIME as Chorus Time.

That please some, try all, both joy and terror
Of good and bad, that make and unfold error
Now take upon me, in the name of Time
To use my wings. Impute it not a crime

To me, or my swift passage, that I slide O'er fixteen years and leave the growth untry'd Of that wide gap; fince it is in my power To o'erthrow law, and in one felf-born hour To plant and o'er whelm custom. Let me pass The fame I am, ere ancient order was Or what is now receiv'd. I witness to The times that brought them in; so shall I do To the freshest things now reigning, and make stale The gliftering of this present, as my tale Now feems to it. Your patience this allowing, I turn my glass, and give my scene such growing As you had flept between. Leontes leaving The effects of his fond jealounes; so grieving That he shuts up himself. Imagine me, Gentle spectators, that I now may be In fair Bohemia; and remember well, I mention here a fon o'the king's, which Florizel I now name to you; and with speed so pace To speak of Perdita now grown in grace Equal with wond'ring. What of her enfues I list not prophecy. But let Time's news Be known when 'tissbrought forth : - A shepherd's daughter, And what to her adheres, which follows after, Is the argument of Time: Of this allow If ever you have spent time worse ere now: If never, yet that Time himfelf doth fay He wishes earnestly you never may. [ Exit.

# SCENE I .- The Court of Bohemia.

## Enter POLIXENES and CAMILLO.

Pol. I pray thee, good Camillo, be no more importunate; 'tis a fickness denying thee any thing, a death to grant this.

Cam. It is fifteen years fince I faw my country: though I have for the most part been aired abroad, I desire to lay my wones there. Besides, the penitent king, my master, hath sent for me; to whose feeling forrows I might be some allay, or I o'erween to think so, which is another spur to my departure.

Pol. As thou lov'st me, Camillo, wipe not out the rest of thy services by leaving me now. The need I have of thee

thine own goodness hath made: better not to have had thee than thus to want thee. Thou having made me businesses which none without thee can sufficiently manage, must either stay to execute them thyself or take away with thee the very fervices thou hast done; which if I have not enough confider'd (as too much I cannot) to be more than thankful to thee shall be my study, and my profit therein the heaping friendships. Of that fatal country Sicilia pray thee speak no more; whose very naming punishes me with the remembrance of that penitent, as thou call'ft him, and reconciled king, my brother; whose loss of his most precious queen and children are even now to be fresh lamented. Say to me when faw'ft thou the prince Florizel my fon? Kings are no less unhappy their issue not being gracious, than they are in losing them when they have approved their virtues.

Cam. Sir, it is three days fince I faw the prince: What his happier affairs may be are to me unknown; but I have miffingly noted, he is of late much retired from court, and is less frequent to his princely exercises than formerly he hath

appeared.

Pol. I have considered so much, Camillo, and with some care, so far that I have eyes under my service which look upon his removedness; from whom I have this intelligence, that he is seldom from the house of a most homely shepherd; a man they say that from very nothing, and beyond the imagination of his neighbours, is grown into an unspeakable estate.

Cam. I have heard, fir, of fuch a man, who hath a daughter of most rare note; the report of her is extended more

than can be thought to begin from such a cottage.

Pol. That's likewise a part of my intelligence. But I fear the angle that plucks our son thither. Thou shalt accompany us to the place; where we will, not appearing what we are, have some question with the shepherd, from whose simplicity I think it not uneasy to get the cause of my son's resort thither. Prithee be my present partner in this business, and lay aside all thoughts of Sicilia.

Cam. I willingly obey your command.

Pol. My best Camillo! We must disguise ourselves. [Exeunt.

# SCENE II. - Changes to the Country.

Enter Autolicus singing.

When daffodils begin to peer
With hey! the doxy over the dale,
Why then comes in the fiveet o'the year,
For the red blood reigns in the winter pale,
The white sheet bleaching on the hedge,
With hey! the sweet birds, O how they sing!
Doth set my pugging tooth on edge:
For a quart of ale is a dish for a king.
The lark that tirra-lirra chaunts,
With key! with hey! the thrush and the jay;
Are summer songs for me and my aunts,
While we lie tumbling in the boy.

I have ferv'd prince Florizel, and in my time wore threepite! but now I am out of fervice.

But shall I go mourn for that, my dear?
The pale moon shines by night;
And when I wander here and there,
I then do go most right.
If tinkers may have leave to live,
And hear the sow-skin hidget,
Then my account I well may give,
And in the stocks avouch it,

My traffick is sheets; when the kite builds look to lesser linen. My father nam'd me Autolicus, who being as I am, litter'd under Mercury, was likewise a snapper-up of unconsider'd trisses. With die and drab I purchas'd this caparison: and my revenue is the filly cheat. Gallows and knock are too powerful on the highway; beating and hanging are terrors to me: for the life to come I sleep out of the thoughts of it.—A prize! a prize!

## Enter Clown.

Ch. Let me fee—Every eleven weather tods; every tod yields pound and odd shilling: fifteen hundred shorn, what comes the wool to?

Aut. If the spring hold, the cock's mine— [Aside. Clo. I cannot do't without compters.—Let me see, what am I to buy for our sheep-shearing seast? three pound of sugar, five pound of currants; rice—what will this sister of

mine do with rice? but my father hath made her mistress of the feast, and she lays it on. She hath made me four and twenty nosegays for the shearers; threeman-song-men all, and very good ones, but they are most of means and bases; but one puritan among them, and he sings psalms to horn-pipes. I must have suffron to colour the warden-pies, mace—dates—none, that's out of my note; nutmegs, seven; a race or two of ginger, but that I may beg; four pound of prunes, and as many raisins o'the sun.

Aut. Oh, that ever I was born! Groveling on the Ground.

Clo. I 'the name of me-

Aut. Oh, help me, help me! pluck but off these rags, and then, death, death?

Clo. Alack, poor foul! thou haft need of more rags to lay

on thee, rather than have these off.

Aut. Oh, fir the loathsomeness of them offends me more than the stripes I have received, which are mighty ones and millions.

Clo. Alas, poor man! a million of beating may come to

a great matter.

Aut. I am robb'd, fir, and beaten; my money and apparel ta'en from me, and these detestable things put upon me.

Clo. What, by a horseman or a footman? Aut. A footman, sweet sir, a footman.

Cio. Indeed! he should be a footman by the garments he hath left with thee; if this be a horsman's coat it hath seen very hot service. Lend me thy hand. I'll help thee. Come, lend me thy hand.

[Helping him up.

Aut. Oh! good fir, tenderly, oh!

Clo. Alas, poor foul!

Ant. O, good fir, foftly, good fir: I fear fir, my shoulder-blade is out.

Clo. How now? canft ftand?

Aut. Softly, dear fir; good fir; foftly; you ha' done me a charitable office.

Clo. Dost lack any money? I have a little money for thee.
Aut. No, good sweet sir; no, I beseech you sir. I have a
kinsman not past three quarters of a mile hence, unto whom
I was going; I shall there have money or any thing I want.
Offer me no money, I pray you, that kills my heart.

Clo. What manner of fellow was he that robb'd you?

Aut. A fellow, fir, that I have known to go about with trol-my-dames. I knew him once a fervant of the prince. I cannot tell, good fir, for which of his virtuous it was, but he was certainly whipt out of the court.

Oh. His vices, you would fay; there's no virtue whipt out o'the court; they cherish it to make it stay there, and

yet it will no more but abide.

Aut. Vices I would fay, fir. I know this man well: he hath been fince an ape-bearer; then a process-server, a bailiff; then he compass'd a motion of the prodigal fon, and married a tinker's wife within a mile where my land and living lies; and having flown over many knavesh professions, he settled only in a rogue; some call him Autolicus.

Clo. Out upon him, prig! for my life, prig; he haunts

wakes, fairs, and bear-baitings.

Aut. Very true, fir; he, fir, he; that's the rogue that put me into this apparel.

Clo. Not a more cowardly rogue in all Bohemia: if you

had but look'd big, and spit at him, he'd have run,

Aut. I must confess to you, sir, I am no fighter; I am false at heart that way, and that he knew, I warrant him.

Clo. How do you now?

Aut. Sweet, fir, much better than I was; I can stand and walk: I will even take my leave of you and pace foftly to wards my kinsman's.

Ch. Shall I bring thee on thy way?
Aut. No, good-fac'd fir; no, fweet fir.

Clo. Then farewell; I must go to buy spices for our sheep-shearing.

Aut. Prosper you, sweet sir!—Your purse is not hot enough to purchase your spice. I'll be with you at your sheep shearing too. If I make not this cheat bring out another and the shearers prove sheep, let me be unroll'd, and my name put into the book of virtue!

Jog on, jog on, the footpath way, And merrily hent the stile-a: A merry heart goes all the day, Your sud tires in a mile-a.

# SCENE III. - A Shepherd's Cot.

# Enter FLORIZEL and PERDITA.

Flo. These your unusual weeds to each part of you Do give a life; no shepherdess, but Flora Peering in April's front. This your sheep-shearing Is as the meeting of the petty gods, And you the queen on't.

Per. Sir, my gracious lord,
To chide at your extremes it not becomes me;
Oh pardon that I name them; your high felf
The gracious mark o'the land, you have obscur'd
With a swain's wearing; and me, poor lowly maid,
Most goddes-like prank'd up. But that our feasts
In every mess have folly and the feeders
Digest it with a custom; I should blush
To see you so attired; sworn, I think,
To show myself a glass,

Flo. I bless the time

When my good falcon made her flight across

Thy father's ground.

Per. Now Jove afford you cause!
To me the difference forges dread; your greatness Hath not been us'd to sear. Even now I tremble To think your father by some accident Should pass this way as you did: Oh the sates! How would he look to see his work so noble Vilely bound up! What would he say? Or how Should I in these my borrow'd flaunts behold The sternness of his presence!

Flo. Apprehend
Nothing but jollity. The gods themselves,
Humbling their deities to love, have taken
The shapes of beasts upon them. Jupiter
Became a bull, and bellowed; the green Neptune
A ram, and bleated; and the fire-rob'd god,
Golden Apollo, a poor humble swain,
As I seem now. Their transformations
Were never for a piece of beauty rarer,
Nor in a way so chaste; since my desires
Run not before mine honour; nor my lusts
Burn hotter than my faith.

Per. O but, dear fir,
Your refolution cannot hold when 'tis
Oppos'd, as it must be, by the power o'the king.
One of these two must be necessities
Which then will speak, that you must change this purpose.
Or I my life.

Flo. Thou dearest Perdita, With these forc'd thoughts, I prithee, darken not The mirth o'the seast; or I'll be thine, my fair, Or not my father's. For I cannot be Mine own, nor any thing to any, if

I be not thine. To this I am most constant,

Tho' destiny say No.—Be merry, gentle; Strangle such thoughts as these with any thing That you behold the while. Your guests are coming; Lift up your countenance, as it were the day Of celebration of that nuptial which We two have sworn shall come.

Per. O lady fortune, Stand you auspicious!

Enter Shepherd, Clown, Mopsa, Dorcas, Servants; with Polixenes and Camillo difguifed.

Flo. See, your guests approach:

Address yourself to entertain them sprightly,

And let's be red with mirth.

Shep. Fy, daughter! when my old wife liv'd, upon This day she was both pantler, butler, cook; Both dame and fervant; welcom'd all, ferv'd all; Would fing her fong, and dance her turn: now here At upper end o'the table, now i'the middle; On his shoulder and his; her face o'fire With labour; and the thing she took to quench it She would to each one fip. You are retir'd As if you were a feasted one, and not The hostess of the meeting. Pray you bid These unknown friends to us welcome; for it is A way to make us better friends more known. Come, quench your blushes; and present yourself That which you are, mistress o'the feast. Come on. And bid us welcome to your sheep-shearing, As your good flock shall prosper.

Per. Sir, welcome; [To Pol. and Cam. It is my father's will I should take on me
The hostessship o'the day. You're welcome, fir!
Gime me those flowers there, Dorcas.—Reverend firs,
For you there's rosemary and rue, these keep
Seeming and savour all the winter long.
Grace and remembrance be unto you both,

And welcome to our shearing.

Pol. Shepherdess

(A fair one are you), well you fit our ages

With flowers of winter.

Per. Sir, the year growing ancient,
Not yet on fummer's death, nor on the birth
Of trembling winter, the fairest flowers o'the season
Are our carnations and streak'd gillislowers,
Which some call nature's bastards; of that kind

Our rustic garden's barren; and I care not To get slips of them.

Pol. Wherefore, gentle maiden,

Do you neglect them?

Per. For I have heard it faid There is an art which in their piedness shares With great creating nature.

Pol. Say there be:

Yet nature is made better by no mean,
But nature makes that mean; so over that art
Which you say adds to nature, is an art
That nature makes. You see, sweet maid, we marry
A gentler sycon to the wildest stock;
And make conceive a bark of baser kind
By bud of nobler race. This is an art
Which does mend nature, change it rather; but
The art itself is nature,

Per. So it is.

Pol. Then make your garden rich in gillyflowers, And do not call them baftards.

Per. I'll not put

The dibble in the earth to fet one flip of them;
No more than, were I painted, I would wish
This youth should say 'twere well, and only therefore
Desire to breed by me.—Here's flowers for you;
Hot lavender, mints, savoury, marjorum,
The marigold that goes to bed with the sun,
And with him rises, weeping. These are flowers
Of middle summer, and I think they are given
To men of middle age. You are very welcome.

Cam. I should leave grazing were I of your flock

And only live by gazing.

Per. Out, alas!
You'd be so lean that blasts of January

Would blow you through and through. Now, my fairest friend,

I would I had some flowers o'the spring that might Become your time of day; and your's and your's, That wear upon your virgin-branches yet Your maidenheads growing. O Proserpina, For the flowers now that frighted thou let'st fall From Dis's waggon! dasfodils
That come before the swallow dares, and take The winds of march with beauty: violets dim, But sweeter than the lids of Juno's eyes, Or Cytheria's breath; pale primroses

That die unmarried ere they can behold Bright Phæbus in his strength (a malady Most incident to maids), gold oxlips, and The crown imperial, lilies of all kinds, The sleur-de-lis being one. O, these I lack To make you garlands of; and, my sweet friend, To strow him o'er and o'er.

Flo. What? like a corfe?

Per. No, like a bank for love to lie and play on; Not like a corse: or if—not to be buried But quick, and in mine arms. Come, take your flowers; Methinks I play as I have seen them do In Whitsun pastorals: sure this robe of mine

Does change my disposition. Flo. What you do

Still betters what is done. When you fpeak, fweet I'd have you do it ever; when you fing I'd have you buy and fell fo; fo give alms; Pray fo; and, for the ordering of your affairs, To fing them too. When you do dance, I wish you A wave o'the fea, that you might ever do Nothing but that: move still, still fo, And own no other function. Each your doing, So fingular in each particular Crowns what you're doing in the present deeds, That all your acts are queens.

Per. O Doricles,

Your praises are too large: but that your youth And the true blood, which peeps forth fairly through it, Do plainly give you out an unstain'd shepherd; With wisdom I might fear, my Doricles You woo'd me the false way.

Flo. I think you have

As little skill to fear as I have purpose To put you to't. But, come; our dance, I pray: Your hand, my Perdita: so turtles pair That never meant to part.

Per. I'll swear for 'em.

Pol. This is the prettieft low-born lass that ever Ran on the greensward; nothing she does or seems But smacks of something greater than hersels, Too noble for this place.

Cam. He tells her fomething
That makes her blood look out. Good footh, she is
The queen of curds and cream.

Glo. Come on, strike up.

Dor. Mopsa must be your mistress: marry; garlic To mend her kiffing with.

Mop. Now in good time!

Clo. Not a word, a word; we stand upon our manners. Come, strike up.

## Here a dance of Shepherds and Shepherdesses.

Pol. Pray, good shepherd, what fair swain is this

Who dances with your daughter?

Shep. They call him Doricles; and he boasts himself To have a worthy feeding: but I have it Upon his own report, and I believe it. He looks like footh; he fays he loves my daughter: I think fo too; for never gaz'd the moon Upon the water as he'll stand and read, As 'twere my daughter's eyes: and, to be plain, I think there is not half a kiss to choose Who loves another best.

Pol. She dances featly.

Shep. So she does any thing: though I report it, That should be filent. If young Doricles Do light upon her she shall bring him that Which he not dreams of.

### Enter a Servant

Ser. O, master if you did but hear the pedlar at the door you would never dance again after a tabor and pipe: no, the bagpipe could not move you; he fings feveral tunes faster than you'll tell money; he utters them as if he had eaten ballads, and all men's ears grew to his tunes.

Clo. He could never come better; he shall come in: I love a ballad but even too well, if it be a doleful matter merrily fet down, or a very peafant thing indeed, and fung la-

mentably

Ser. He hath fongs for men or women of all fizes; no milliner can fo fit his customers with gloves; he has the prettieft love-fongs for maids: fo, without bawdry (which is strange), with such delicate burdens of dil-do's and fadings: jump her and thump her: and where some stretch-mouth'd rascal would, as it were, mean mischief, and break a foul gap into the matter, he makes the maid to answer, Whoop, do me no harm, good man; puts him off, flights him with Whoop, do me no harm, good man.

Pol. This is a brave fellow.

Cle. Believe me thou talkest of an admirable conceited

fellow. Has he any unbraided wares?

Ser. He hath ribbons of all the colours i'the rainbow; points more than all the lawyers in Bohemia can learnedly handle, though they come to him by the gross; inkles, caddiffes, cambrics, lawns: why, he fings them over as they were gods and goddess: you would think a smock were a she-angel, he so chaunts to the sleeve-band and the work about the square on't.

Cho. Prithee bring him in, and let him approach finging. Per. Forewarn him that he use no scurrilous words in

his tunes.

Clo. You have of the pedlars that have more in 'em than you'd think, fifter.

Per. Ay, good brother; or go about to think.

# Enter Autolicus singing.

Lawn as white as driven snow.
Cyprus black as e'er was crow;
Gloves as sweet as damask roses,
Masks for faces and for noses;
Bugle bracelets, necklace amber,
Perfume for a lady's chamber;
Golden quoifs and stomachers
For my lads to give their dears;
Pins and poking-sticks of steel,
What maids lack from head to heel;
Come buy of me, come; come buy, come buy,
Buy lads, or else your lasses cry:
Come buy, &c.

Clo. If I were not in love with Mopfa thou should'st take no money of me; but being enthrall'd as I am, it will also be the bondage of certain ribbons and gloves.

Mop. I was promif'd them against the feast, but they

come not too late now.

Dor. He hath promis'd you more than that, or there be liars.

Mop. He hath paid you all he promis'd you; 'may be he has paid you more, which will shame you to give him again.

Clo. Is there no manners left among maids? will they wear their plackets where they should wear their faces? Is there not milking-time, when you are going to bed, or kill-hole, to whistle off these secrets; but you must be tittle-

E

tattling before all our guests? 'Tis well they are whisperding. Clamour your tongues, and not a word more.

Mop. I have done. Come, you promis'd me a tawdry

lace and a pair of sweet gloves.

Clo. Have I not told thee how I was cozen'd by the way,

and lost all my money?

Aut. And indeed, fir, there are cozeners abroad; therefore

it behoves men to be wary.

Clo. Fear not thou, man; thou shalt lose nothing here.

Aut. I hope so fir; for I have about me many parcels of charge.

Clo. What hast here, ballads?

Mep. Pray now buy some; I love a ballad in print, or a

life; for then we are fure they are true.

Aut. Here's one to a very doleful tune, how an usurer's wife was brought to-bed with twenty money-bags at a burden, and how she long'd to eat adders' heads and toads carbonado'd.

Mop. Is it true, think you?

Aut. Very true, and but a month old.

Dor. Bless me from marrying an usurer.

Aut. Here the midwife's name to it, one mistress Taleporter, and five or fix honest wives that were present. Why should I carry lies abroad?

Mop. Pray you now, buy it.

Clo. Come on, lay it by; and let's first see more ballads;

we'll buy the other things anon.

Aut. Here's another ballad of a fish that appeared upon the coast on Wednesday the fourscore of April, forty thousand fathoms above water, and sung this ballad against the hard hearts of maids: it was thought she was a woman, and was turn'd into a cold fish, for she would not exchange flesh with one that lov'd her. The ballad is very pitiful, and as true.

Dor. Is it too true, think you?

Aut. Five justices' hands at it, and witnesses more than my pack will hold.

Clo. Lay it by too: Another.

Aut. This is a merry ballad, but a very pretty one.

Mop, Let's have fome merry ones.

Aut. Why, this is a passing merry one, and goes to the tune of Two maids wooing a man: there's scarce a maid westward but she sings it; 'tis in request, I can tell you.

Mop. We can both fing it; if thou wilt bear a part thou

shalt hear; 'tis in three parts.

Dor. We had the tune on't a month ago.

Aut. I can bear my part; you must know 'tis my occupation: have at it with you.

#### SONG:

A. Get you hence, for I must go Where it fits not you to know. D. Whither ? M. O whither ? D. Whither ? M. It becomes thy oath full well, Thou to me thy secrets tell. D. Me too, let me go thither.

M. Or thou gost to the grange or mill; D. If to either thou do'ft ill. A. Neither. D. What neither? A. Neither. D. Thou hast sworn my love to be. M. Thou hast sworn it more to me : Then, whither go'ft? fay, whither?

Clo. We'll have this fong out anon by ourselves my father and the gentleman are in fad talk, and we'll not trouble them: come, bring away the pack after me. Wenches, I'll buy for you both. Pedlar, let's have the first choice. Follow me girls. [ Aside.

Aut. And you shall pay well for 'em.

Will you buy, any tape, Or lace for your cape, My dainty duck, my dear-a? And filk and thread. And toys for your head Of the new'st and fin'st, fin'st wear-a? Come to the pedlar, Money's a medlar. That doth utter all men's wear-a.

[Exit Clown, AUTOLICUS, DORCAS and MOPSA]

#### Enter a Servant:

Ser. Master, there are three carters, the shepherds, three neat-herds, and three swine-herds, that have made themselves all, men of hair; they call themselves saltiers; and they have a dance, which the wenches fay is a gallimaufry of gambos, because hey are not in't; but they themselves

are o'the mind, if it be not too rough for some that know little but bowling, it will please plentifully.

Shep. Away! we'll have none on't; here has been too much homely foolery already. I know, fir, we weary you.

Pol. You weary those that refresh us. Pray let's see these

four-threes of herdimen.

Ser. One three of them, by their own report, fir; hath danc'd before the king; and not the worst of the three but jumps twelve soot and a half by the square.

Shep. Leave your prating; fince these good men are

pleas'd let them come in; but quickly now.

Ser. Why they flay at door, fir.

# Here a dance of Twelve Satyrs.

Pol. [Afide.] O, father! you'll know more of that here-

Is it not too far gone?—'Tis time to part them.—
He's fimple and tells much.—How now? fair shepherd?
Your heart is full of something that doth take
Your mind from feasting. Sooth, when I was young,
And handed love as you do, I was wont
To load my she with knacks; I would have ransack'd
The pedlar's filken treasury, and have pour'd it
To her acceptance; you have let him go,
And nothing marted with him. If your lass
Interpretation should abuse, and call this
Your lack of love or bounty, you were straited
For a reply, at least, if you make a care
Of happy holding her.

Flo. Old fir, I know
She prizes not such trisses as these are;
The gifts she looks from me are pack'd and lock'd
Up in my heart; which I have given already,
But not deliver'd. O, hear me breathe my life
Before this ancient sir, who it should seem
Hath sometime lov'd! I take thy hand; this hand
As soft as dove's down, and as white as it
Or Ethiopian's tooth, or the fann'd snow
That's bolted by the northern blast twice o'er.

Pol. What follows this?
How prettily the young twain feems to wash
The hand was fair before!—I have put you out:

But to your protestation; let me hear What you profess.

Flo. Do, and be witness to't.

Pol. And this my neighborour too?

Flo. And he and more
Than he, and men; the earth and heavens, and all:
That were I crown'd the most imperial monarch
Thereof most worthy; were I the fairest youth
That ever made eye swerve; had force and knowledge
More than was ever man's, I would not prize them
Without her love: for her employ them all;
Commend them and condemn them to her service,
Or to their own perdition.

Pol. Fairly offer'd.

Cam. This shews a found affection.

Shep. But, my daughter, Say you the like to him? Per. I cannot speak

So well, nothing so well; no, nor mean better. By the pattern of my own thoughts I cut out

The purity of his.

Shep. Take hands, a bargain;
And, friends unknown, you shall bear witness to it;
I give my daughter to him, and will make
Her portion equal his.

Flo. O, that must be

I'the virtue of your daughter: one dead I shall have more than you can dream of yet; Enough then for your wonder. But come on; Contract us 'fore these witnesses.

Shep. Come, your hand; And daughter, your's.

Pol. Soft, swain, awhile; befeech you,

Have you a father?

Flo. I have; but what of him?

Pol. Knows he of this?

Flo. He neither does nor shall.

Fol. Methinks a father

Is at the nuptial of his son a guest
That best becomes the table: pray you, once more,
Is not your father grown incapable
Of reasonable affairs? is he not stupid
With age and altering rheums? Can he speak? hear?
Know man from man? dispute his own estate?
Lies he not bed-rid? and, again, does nothing
But what he did being childish?

Flo. No, good fir;

He has his health and ampler strength, indeed, Than must have of his age.

E 3

Pol. By my white beard You offer him, if be so, a wrong Something unfilial: Reason, my son, Should choose himself a wife; but as good reason, The father (all whose joy is nothing else But fair posterity) should hold some counsel In fuch a business.

Flo. I yield all this; But, for some other reasons, my grave sir, Which 'tis not fit you know, I not acquaint My father of this business.

Pol. Let him know't. Flo. He shall not.

Pol. Prithee let him. Flo. No; he must not.

Shep. Let him, my fon; he shall not need grieve At knowing of thy choice.

Flo. Come, come, he must not:

Mark our contract.

Pol. Mark your divorce, young fir, [Discovering himself. Whom fon I dare not call; thou art too base To be acknowledg'd. Thou a sceptre's heir That thus affect'st a sheephock! Thou old traitor! I am forry that by hanging thee I can but Shortten thy life one week. And thou, fresh piece Of excellent witchcraft, who of force must know The royal fool thou cop'st with—

Shep. O, my heart!

Pol. I'll have thy beauty scratch'd with briars and made More homely than thy state. For thee, fond boy, If I may ever knew thou dost but figh, That thou no more shalt never see this knack (as never I mean thou shalt), we'll bar thee from succession; Not hold thee our blood, no, not our kin Far than Deucalian off. Mark thou my words. Follow us to the court. Thou churl, for this time, Tho' full of our displeasure, yet we free thee From the dead blow of it. And you, enchantment, Worthy enough a herdsman; yea him too, That makes himself, but for our honour therein, Unworthy thee; if ever henceforth thou These rural latches to his entrance open, Or hoop his body more with thy embraces, I will devise a death as cruel for thee As thou art tender to it. Per. Even here undone

[Exit.

I was not much affear'd; for once or twice I was about to speak, and tell him plainly The self-same sun that shines upon his court Hides not his visage from our cottage, but Looks on alike. Wilt please you, sir, be gone?

[To FLORIZEL.

I told you what would come of this. 'Beseech you Of your own state take care—this dream of mine—Being now awake I'll queen it no inch farther, But milk my ewes and weep.

Cam. Why, how now, father?

Speak, ere thou diest.

Shep. I cannot speak, nor think,

Nor dare to know that which I know. O, fir,

You have undone a man of fourfcore three
That thought to fill his grave in quiet; yea,
To die upon the bed my father dy'd,

To lie close by his honest bones; but now Some hangman must put on my shroud, and lay me

Where no priest shovels in dust.—O cursed wretch!

That knew'st this was the prince, and would'st adventure To mingle faith with him. Undone! undone! If I might die within this hour I have liv'd

To die when I desire.

[Exit.

Flo. Why look you so upon me?
I am but sorry, not affear'd; delay'd,
But nothing alter'd; what I was I am;
More straining on for Pucking back, not following

My leash unwillingly.

Cam. Gracious my lord,
You know your father's temper; at this time
He will allow no fpeech (which I do guess
You do not purpose to him), and as hardly
Will he endure your fight as yet I fear;
Then, till the fury of his highness settle,

Come not before him.

Flo. I not purpose it.

I think, Camillo——

Cam. Even he, my lord.

Per. How often have I told you 'twould be thus !
How often faid my dignity would last
But till 'twere known!

Flo. It cannot fail but by The violation of my faith, and then

E 4

Let Nature crush the sides o'the earth together, And mar the seeds within!—Lift up thy looks— From my succession wipe me, father! I Am heir to my affection.

Cam. Be advis'd.

Flo. I am, and by my fancy; if my reason Will thereto be obedient I have reason; If not, my senses better pleas'd with madness, Do bid it welcome.

Cam. This is desperate, Sir.

Flo. So call it; but it does fulfil my vow: I needs must think it honesty. Camillo, Not for Bohemia nor the pomp that may Be thereat glean'd; for all the fun fees, or The close earth wombs, or the profound seas hide In unknown fathoms, will I break my oath To this my fair belov'd; therefore, I pray you, As you have ever been my father's friend, When he shall miss me (as in faith I mean not To fee him any more), cast your good counsels Upon his passion; let myself and fortune Tug for time to come. This you may know. And so deliver, I am put to sea. With her whom her I cannot hold on shore: And, most opportune to our need, I have A vessel rides fast by, but not prepar'd For this defign. What course I mean to hold Shall nothing benefit your knowledge, nor Concern me the reporting.

Cam. O, my lord!

I would your spirit were easier for advice,
Or stronger for your need.

[To CAMILLO:

Cam. [Afide.] He's irremoveable,
Refolv'd for flight: Now were I happy if
His going I could frame to ferve my turn;
Save him from danger, do him love and honour;
Purchase the fight again of dear Sicilia
And that unhappy king, my master, whom
I so much thirst to see.

Flo. Now, good Camillo
I am fraught with curious business, that
I leave out ceremony.

Cam Sir, I think

You have heard of my poor fervices, i'the love That I have born your father?

Flo. Very noble Have you deserv'd: it is my father's music To speak your deeds; not little of his care To have them recompens'd as thought on.

CaB. Well, my lord, If you may please to think I love the king;

And, through him, what is nearest to him, which is Your gracious felf, embrace but my direction: (If your more panderous and fettled project May fuffer alteration) on mine honour, I'll point you where you shall have such receiving As shall become your highness: where you may Enjoy your mistress; from the whom I see There's no disjunction to be made, but by (As heavens foresend!) your ruin. Marry her; And with my best endeavours in your absence, Your discontenting father I will strive

To qualify, and bring him up to liking, Flo. How, Camillo,

May this, almost a miracle be done? That I may call thee fomething more than man, And after that trust to thee.

Cam. Have you thought on A place whereto you'll go? Flo. Not any yet:

But as the unthought accident is guilty
To what we wildly do, fo we profess
Ourselves the slaves of change and si Ourselves the slaves of chance, and slies
Of every wind that blows Of every wind that blows.

Cam. Then lift to me.

This follows. If you will not change your purpose But undergo this flight! make for Sicilia; And there present yourself, and your fair princess (For fo I fee she must be), 'fore Leontes. She shall be habited as it becomes The partner of your bed. Methinks I see Leontes opening his free arms and weeping
His welcome forth: asks thee, the son, forgiveness, As 'twere i'the father's person: kisses the hands Of your fresh princess: o'er and o'er divides him, 'Twixt his unkindness, and his kindness; the one He chides to hell, and bids the other grow Faster than thought or time.

Flo. Worthy Camillo, What colour for my visitation shall I Hold up before him?

Cam. Sent by the king your father
To greet him, and to give him comforts. Sir,
The manner of your bearing towards him, with
What you, as from your father, shall deliver,
Things known betwixt us three, I'll write you down:
The which shall point you forth at every sitting
What you must say; that he shall not perceive
But that you have your father's bosom there,
And speak his very heart.

Flo. I am bound to you: There is some sap in this.

Cam. A course more promising
Than a wild dedication of yourselves
To unpath'd waters, undream'd shores; most certain
To miseries enough: no hope to help you;
But, as you shake off one, to take another;
Nothing so certain as your anchors; who
Do their best office, if they can but stay you
Where you'll be loth to be. Besides, you know,
Prosperity's the very bond of love;
Whose fresh complexion and whose heart together
Affliction alters.

Per One of these is true: I think affliction may subdue the cheek, But not take in the mind.

Cam. Yea, say you so!

There shall not, at your father's house, these seven years, Be born another such.

Flo. My good Camillo, She is as forward of her breeding as

She is i'the rear of birth.

Gam. I cannot fay 'tis pity
She lacks inftructions; for the feems a miftrefs
To most that teach.

Per. Your pardon, sir, for this:

I'll blush you thanks.

Flo. My prettiest Perdita.—
But, oh, the thorns we stand upon! Camilso, Preserver of my father, now of me;
The medicine of our house! how shall we do? We are not furnish'd like Bohemia's son;
Nor shall appear in Sicily——

Cam. My lord, Fear none of this: I think you know my fortunes Do all lie there: it shall be so my care To have you royally appointed, as if The scene, you play, were mine. For instance, sir, That you may know you shall not want; one word-They talk aside.

#### Enter AUTOLICUS.

Aut. Ha, ha! what a fool Honesty is ! and Trust, his fworn brother, a very fimple gentleman! I have fold all my trumpery; not a counterfeit stone, not a ribbon, glass pomander, brooch, table-book, ballad, knife, tape, glove shoe-tie, bracelet, horn-ring, to keep my pack from fasting: they throng who should buy first; as if my trinkets had been, hallowed, and brought a benediction to the buyer: by which means I saw whose purse was best in picture; and, what I saw, to my good use I remember'd. My Clown (who wants but fomething to be a reasonable man) grew so in love with the wenches' fong, that he would not ftir his pettitoes till he had both tune and words; which so drew the rest of the head to me, that all their other fenses stuck in ears: you might have pinch'd a placket, it was fenfeless; 'twas nothing to geld a codpiece of a purse; I would have filed keys off that hung in chains: no hearing, no feeling, but my fir's fong, and admiring the nothing of it. So that, in this of lethargy, I pick'd and cut most of their festival purses: and had not the old man come in with a whoo-bub against his daughter and the king's fon, and fcar'd my choughs from the chaff, had not left a purse alive in the whole army.

[CAM. FLO. and PER. come forward.

Cam. Nay, but my letters by this means being there,

So foon as you arrive, shall clear that doubt.

Flo. And those that you'll procure from king Leontes—

Cam. Shall fatisfy your father.

Per. Happy be you;

All that you speak shews fair.

We'll make an instrument of this; omit

Nothing may give us aid.

Aut. If they have overheard me now-why hanging. Cam. How now, good fellow, why shak'st thou so; Fear not, man; here's no harm intended to thee.

Aut. I am a poor fellow, fir.

Cam. Why, be so still; here's nobody will steal that from thee; yet for the outlide will of thy poverty we must make an exchange: therefore, discase thee instantly, thou must think there's necessity in't, and change garments with this gentlemen: Though the pennyworth, on his side be the worst, yet hold thee, there's fome boot.

Aut. I am a poor fellow, fir:—I know ye well enough

Cam. Nay, prithee, dispatch: the gentleman is half flead already.

Aut. Are you in earnest, sir?—I smell the trick of it.—
[Asides

Flo. Difpatch, I prithee.

Aut. Indeed, I have had earnest; but I cannot with con-

Cam. Unbuckle, unbuckle.
Fortunate mistress—let my prophecy
Come home to you!—you must retire yourself
Into some covert: take your sweetheart's hat
And pluck it o'er your brows; mussle your face;
Dismantle you; and as you can, disliken
The truth of you own seeming; that you may,
For I do sear eyes over you, to ship-board
Get undescry'd.

Per. I fee the play so lies That I must bear a part. Cam. No remedy——

Have you done there?

Flo. Should I now meet my father

He would not call me fon.

Cam. Nay, you shall have no hat: Come, lady, come.—Farewell, my friend.

Aut. Adieu, fir.

Flo. O Perdita, what have we twain forgot?

Pray you, word.

Cam. What I do next shall be to tell the king Of this escape, and whither they are bound: Wherein my hope is, I shall so prevail To force him after: in whose company I shall review Sicilia: for whose sight I have a woman's longing.

Flo. Fortune speed us!-

Thus we fet on, Camillo, to the fea-fide.

[Exit FLO. with PER.

Cam. The swifter speed the better. [Exite Aut. I understand the business; I hear it: To have an open ear, a quick eye, and a nimble hand, is necessary for a cutpurse; a good nose is requitable also, to smell out work for the other senses. I see this is the time that the unjust man doth thrive. What an exchange had this been without boot? what a boot is here with this exchange? Sure the gods do this year connive at us, and we may do any thing

[ Afide .

extempore. The prince himself is about a piece of iniquity; stealing away from his father, with his clog at his heels. If I thought it were not a piece of honesty to acquaint the king withal, I would do't: I hold it more knavery to conceal it; and therein am I constant to my profession.

## Enter Clown and Shepherd.

Aside, aside; -here's more matter for a hot brain: Every lane's end, every shop, church, session, hanging, yields a careful man work.

Clo. See, see; what a man you are now! there is no other way, but to tell the king she's a changeling, and none of

your flesh and blood.

Shep. Nay, but hear me. Clo. Nay, but hear me. Shep. Go to then.

Clo. She being none of your flesh and blood, your flesh and blood has not offended the king; and so your flesh and blood is not to be punish'd by him. Shew those things you found about her; those secret things, all but what she has with her: This being done, let the law go whistle; I warrant you.

Shep. I will tell the king all, every word; yea, and his son's pranks too; who, I may fay, is no honest man neither to his father nor to me, to go about to make me the king's

brother-in-law.

Clo. Indeed! brother-in-law was the farthest off you could have been to him; and then your blood had been the dearer, by I know how much an ounce.

Aut. Very wisely; puppies! Shep. Well; let us to the king: there is that in this farthel

will make him fcratch his beard.

Aut. I know not what impediment this complaint may be to the flight of my master.

Clo 'Pray heartily he be at the palace.

Aut. Though I am not naturally honest, I am so sometimes by chance.-Let me pocket up my pedlar's excrement. How now, ruftics? whither are you bound?

Ship. To the palace, an it like your worship.

Aut. Your affairs there?—what? with whom? the condition of that farthel? the place of your dwelling? your names? your age? of what baving, breeding, and any thing that is fitting for to be known? discover.

Clo. We are but plain fellows, fir.

Aut. A lie; you are rough and hairy: Let me have no

lying; it becomes none but tradesmen, and they often give us soldiers the lie: but we pay them for it with stamped coin, not stabbing steel; therefore they do not give us the lie.

Clo. Your worship had like to have given us one, if you

had not taken yourself with the manner.

Shep. Are you a courtier, an't like you, fir?

Aut. Whether it like me, or no, I am a courtier. See'st thou not the air of the court in these enfoldings? hath not my gait in it the measure of the court? receives not thy nose court-odour from me? reslect I not on thy baseness, court-contempt? Think'st thou, for that I infinuate or toze from thee thy business, I am therefore no courtier? I am courtier cap-à-pe; and one that will either push on or pluck back thy business there: whereupon I command thee to open thy affair.

Shep. My business, sir, is to the king.
Aut. What advocate hast thou to him?

Shep. I know not, an't like you.

Clo. Advocate's the court-word for a pheafant; fay you have none.

Shep. None, fir: I have no pheafant, cock nor hen.

Aut. How blefs'd are we, that are not fimple men!

Yet nature might have made me as these are,

Therefore I will not disdain.

Clo. This cannot be but a great courtier.

Shep. His garments are rich, but he wears them not

handsomely.

Clo. He feems to be the more noble in being fantastical. A great man, I'll warrant; I know by the picking on's teeth.

Aut. The farthel there? wat's i'the farthel?

Wherefore that box?

Shep. Sir, there lies such secrets in this farthel and box, which none must know but the king; and which he shall know within this hour, If I may come to the speech of him.

Aut. Age, thou hast lost thy labour.

Shep. Why, fir?

Aut. The king is not at the palace: he is gone aboard a new ship, to purge melancholy and air himself: For if thou be'ft capable of things serious, thou must know the king is full of grief.

Shep. So 'tis said, fir, about his son that should have

married a shepherds daughter.

Aut. If that shepherd be not in hand-fast, let him sly; the curses he shall have, the tortures he shall feel, will break the back of man, the heart of monster.

Ch. Think you fo, fir?

Aut. Not he alone shall suffer what wit can make heavy, and vengeance bitter; but those that are germane to him; tho' removed fifty times, shall all come under the hangman: which tho' it be great pity, yet it is necessary. An old sheep-whistling rogue, a ram-tender, to offer to have his his daughter come into grace! some say, he shall be ston'd; but that death is too soft for him, say I. Draw our throne into a sheep-cote! all deaths are too sew, the sharpest too easy.

Clo. Has the old man e'er a son, sir, do you hear, an't

like you, fir?

Aut. He has a fon, who shall be flay'd alive; then, 'nointed over with honey, set on the head of a wasps nest; then stand till he be three quarters and a dram: then recover'd again with aquavitæ, or some other hot insusion: then, raw as he is, and in the hottest day prognostication prolaims, shall he be set against a brick wall, the sun looking with a southward eye upon him; where he is to behold him with slies blown to death. But what talk we of these traitorly rascals, whose miseries are to be smil'd at, their offences being so capital ( Tell me (for you seem to be honest plain men), what you have to the king: being something gently consider'd, I'll bring you where he is aboard, tender your persons to his presence, whisper him in your behalfs; and if it be in man, besides the king to effect your suits, here is a man shall do it.

Clo. He feems to be of great authority: close with him, give him gold; and though authority be a stubborn bear, yet he is oft led by the nose with gold: shew the inside of your purse to the outside of his hand, and no more ado. Remember, ston'd and slav'd alive—

Shep. An't please you, sir, to undertake the business for us, here is that gold I have: I'll make it as much more, and

leave this young man in pawn till I bring it you.

Aut. After I have done what I promife?

Shep. Ay, fir.

Aut. Well, give me the moiety. Are you a party in this business?

Clo. In some fort, sir: but though my case be a pitiful one, I hope I shall not be slay'd out of it.

Aut. Oh, that's the case of the shepherd's son :- Hang

him, he'll be made an example.

Ch. Comfort, good comfort: We must to the king, and shew our strange sights: he must know, 'tis none of your daughter, nor my sister; Sir, I will give you as much as

this old man does, when the business is perform'd; and re-

main, as he fays, your pawn till it be brought you.

Aut. I will trust you. Walk before toward the sea-side, go on the right hand; I will but look upon the hedge, and follow you.

Clo. We are bless'd in this man, as I may say, even bless'd. Shep. Let's before, as he bids us: he provided to do us good.

[Exeunt Shep. and Clo.

Aut. If I had a mind to be honest, I see Fortune would not suffer me; she drops booties in my mouth. I am courted now with a double occasion; gold, and a means to do the prince my master good; which, who knows how that may turn to my back advancement: I will bring these two moles, these blind ones, aboard him: if he think it sit to shore them again, and that the complaint they have to the king concerns him nothing, let him call me rogue, for being so far officious; for I am proof against that title, and what shame else belongs to't: To him will I present them, there may be matter in it.

#### ACT V.

SCENE I .- Changes to Sicilia.

Enter Leontes, Cleomenes, Dion, Paulina, & Servants.

#### Cleomenes.

SIR, you have done enough, and have perform'd A faint-like forrow: no fault could you make Which you have not redeem'd; indeed paid down More penitence than done trefpass. At the last, Do, as the heavens have done, forget your evil; With them, forgive yourself.

Leo. Whilst I remember
Her, and her virtues, I cannot forget
My blemishes in them; and so still think of
The wrong I did myself: which was so much,
That heirless it hath made my kingdom; and
Destroy'd the sweet'st companion that e'er man
Bred his hopes out of.

Paul. True, too true, my lord:
If one by one you wedded all the world,
Or from the all that are took fomething good
To make a perfect woman, she you kill'd
Would be unparallel'd.

Leo. I think fo. Kill'd!
She I kill'd! I did fo: but thou ffrik'st me
Sorely to say I did; it is as bitter
Upon my tongue as in my thought. Now, good now,
Say so but seldom.

Cleo. Not at all, good lady; You might have spoke a thousand things, that would Have done in time more benefit, and grac'd Your kindness better.

Paul. You are one of those Would have him wed again.

Dion. If you would not fo,
You pitty not the state, nor the remembrance
Of his most sovereign name; consider little
What dangers (by his highness' fail of issue)
May drop upon his kingdom, and devour
Uncertain lookers-on. What were more holy
Than to rejoice the former queen is well?
What holier, than, for royalty's repair,
For present comfort, and for suture good,
To bless the bed of majesty again
With a sweet fellow to't?

Paul. There is none worthy
Respecting her that's gone. Besides, the gods
Will have sulfill'd their secret purposes:
For has not the divine Apollo said,
Is't not the tenour of his oracle
That king Leontes shall not have an heir,
Till his lost child be found? which that it shall,
Is all as monstrous to our human reason,
As my Antigonus to break his grave,
And come again to me; who, on my life,
Did perish with the infant. 'Tis your counsel,
My lord should to the heavens be contrary;
Oppose against their wills.—Care not for issue;

[To the Kine,

The crown will find an heir. Great Alexander Left his to the worthieft; so his successor Was like to be the best.

Leo. Good Paulina,
Who hast the memory of Hermione,
I know, in honour: O, that ever I
Had squar'd me to thy counsel! then, even now
I might have look'd upon my queen's sull eyes;
Have taken treasure from her lips!

F

Paul. And left them

More rich for what they yielded.

Leo. Thou speak'st truth.

No more such wives; therefore no wise: one worse, And better us'd, would make her sainted spirit Again possess her corps; and on this stage (Where we offend her now) appear soul-vext, And begin, Why to me?

Paul. Had she such power,

She had just cause.

Leo. She had; and would incense me

To murder her I married.

Paul. I should so,

Were I the ghost that walk'd; I'd bid you mark Here eye; and tell me, for what dull part in't You chose her; then I'd shriek, that even your ears Should rift to hear me; and the words that follow'd Should be, Remember mine.

Leo. Stars, ftars !

And all eyes else dead coals. Fear thou no wife, I'll have no wife, Paulina.

Paul. Will you swear

Never to marry, but by my free leave?

Leo. Never, Paulina; so be bless'd my spirit!

Paul. Then, good my lords, bear witness to his oath.

Cleo. You tempt him over-much.

Paul. Unless another,

As like Hermione as is her picture,

Affront his eye.

Cleo. Good madam, pray have done.

Paul. Yet, if my lord will marry—If you will, fir; No remedy, but you will; give me the office To choose you a queen: she shall not be so young As was your former; but she shall be such, As, walk'd your first queen's ghost, it shall take joy To see her in your arms.

Leo. My true Paulina,

We shall not marry 'till thou bid'st us.

Paul. That

Shall be when your first queen's again in breath: Never 'till then.

### Enter a Gentleman.

Gent. One that gives out himself prince Florizel, Son of Polixenes, with his princes (she The fairest I have yet beheld), desires

Access to your high presence.

Leo. What with him? he comes not Like to his father's greatnes: his approach, So out of circumstance, and sudden, tells us 'Tis not a visitation fram'd, but forc'd By need and accident. What train?

Gent. But few, And those but mean.

Leo. His princess, say you with him?

Gent. Ay; the most peerless piece of earth, I think,

That e'er the fun shone bright on.

Paul. Oh Hermione,

As every present time doth boast itself
Above a better, gone; so must thy grave
Give way to what's seen now. Sir, you yourself
Have said, and writ so (but your writing now
Is colder than that theme); she had not been,
Nor was she to be equall'd; thus your verse
Flow'd with her beauty once; 'tis shrewdly ebb'd,
To say you have seen a better

To fay, you have seen a better.

Gent. Pardon, madam;
The one I have almost forgot (your pardon);
The other, when she has obtain'd your eye,
Will have your tongue too. This is a creature,
Would she begin a sect, might quench the zeal
Of all professors esse; make proselytes
Of whom she but bid follow.

Paul. How? not women?

Gent. Women will love her, that she is a woman More worth than any man; men, that she is The rarest of all women.

Leo. Go, Cleomenes;

Yourself, affisted with your honour'd friends,

[Exit Cleomenes.

Bring them to our embracement. Still 'tis strange

He thus should steal upon us.

Paul. Had our prince

(Jewel of children) seen this hour, he had pair'd Well with this lord; there was not full a month

Between their births.

Leo. Prithee, no more; cease; thou know'st He dies to me again when talk'd of. Sure, When I shall see this gentleman, thy speeches Will bring me to consider that which may Unsurnish me of reason. They are come.

F 2

Enter FLORIZEL, PERDITA, CLEOMENES, and others.

Your mother was most true to wedlock, prince; For she did print your royal father off, Conceiving you. Were I but twenty-one, Your father's image is so hit in you, His very air, that I should call you brother, As I did him; and speak of something wildly By us perform'd before. Most dearly welcome, As your fair princess, goddess.—oh! alas! I lost a couple, that 'twixt heaven and earth Might thus have stood begetting wonder, as You, gracious couple, do! and then I lost (All mine own folly) the society, Amity too of your brave father; whom, Though bearing misery, I desire my life Once more to look on.

Flo. Sir, by his command
Have I here touch'd Sicilia; and from him
Give you all greetings that a king, a friend,
Can fend his brother: and, but infirmity
(Which waits upon worn times) hath fomething feiz'd,
His wish'd ability, he had himself
The lands and waters 'twixt your throne and his
Meassur'd, to look upon you, whom he loves
(He bade me say so) more than all the sceptres,

And those that bear them, living.

Leo. Oh, my brother!
(Good gentleman) the wrongs I have done thee stire Afresh within me; and these thy offices. So rarely kind, are as interpreters. Of my behind-hand slackness! Welcome hither, As is the spring to the earth. And hath he too Expos'd this paragon to the fearful usage, At least, ungentle, of the dreadful Neptune, To greet a man not worth her pains; much less The adventure of her person?

Flo. Good my lord, She came from Libya.

Leo. Where the warlike Smalus, That noble honour'd lord, is fear'd and lov'd?

Flo. Most royal fir, from thence; from him, whose daughter

His tears proclaim'd his parting with her: thence (A prosperous south-wind friendly) we have cross'd, To execute the charge my father gave me,

For vifiting your highness: my best train I have from your Sicilian shores dismiss'd; Who for Bohemia bend, to signify Not only my success in Libya, sir, But my arrival and my wife's in safety Here, where we are.

Leo. The bleffed gods
Purge all infection from our air, whilst you
Do climate here! You have a holy father,
A graceful gentleman; against whose person,
So sacred as it is, I have done sin;
For which the heavens, taking angry note,
Have left me issueless; and your father's bless'd
(As he from heaven merits it) with you,
Worthy his goodness. What might I have been,
Might I a son and daughter now have look'd on,
Such goodly things as you!

#### Enter a Lord.

Lord. Most noble sir,
That which I shall report will bear no credit,
Where not the proof so high. Please you, great sir,
Bohemia greets you from himself, by me;
Desires you to attach his son, who has,
His dignity and duty both cast off,
Fled from his father, from his hopes, and with
A shepherd's daughter.

Leo. Where's Bohemia? speak!
Lord. Here in your city; I now came from him.
I speak amazedly: and it becomes
My marvel, and my message. To your court
Whilst he was hast'ning (in the chase, it seems,
Of this fair couple), meets he on the way
The sather of his seeming lady, and
Her brother, having both their country quitted
With this young prince.

Flo. Camillo has betray'd me; Whose honour and whose honesty, till now Endur'd all weathers.

Lord. Lay't fo to his charge; He's with the king your father. Leo. Who, Camillo?

Lord. Camillo, fir; I spake with him; who now Has these poor men in question. Never saw I

Wretches so quake: they kneel, they kiss the earth; Forswear themselves as often as they speak:
Bohemia stops his ears, and threatens them
With divers deaths, in death.

Per. Oh, my poor father!——
The heaven fets spies upon us, will not have
Our contract celebrated.

Leo, You are marry'd?

Flo. We are not, fir, nor are we like to be; The stars, I see, will kiss the valleys first; The odds for high and low's alike.

Leo. My lord,

Is this the daughter of a king?

Flo. She is,

When once she is my wife.

Les. That once, I fee, by your good father's speed, Will come on very slowly. I am forry (Most forry), you have broken from his liking, Where you were ty'd in duty: and as forry Your choice is not so rich in worth as beauty, That you might well enjoy her.

Flo. Dear, look up:

Though fortune, visible an enemy,
Should chase us, with my father; power no jot
Hath she to change our loves. 'Beseech you, sir,
Remember, since you ow'd no more to time
Than I do now: with thought of such affections
Step forth mine advocate. At your request,
My father will grant precious things as trisses.

Leo. Would he do fo, I'd beg your precious mistress,

Which he counts but a trifle.

Paul. Sir, my liege, Your eye hath too much youth in't: not a month Fore your queen dy'd, she was more worth such gazes Than what you look on now.

Leo. I thought of her

Even in these looks I made.—But your petition

[To FLORIZEL.

Is yet unanswered: I will to your father;
Your honour not o'erthrown by your desires,
I am friend to them and you; upon which errand
I now go toward him; therefore, follow me,
And mark what way I make. Come, good my lord.

[Exeunt.

## SCENE II .- The fame.

### Enter AUTOLICUS, and a Gentleman.

Aut. 'Beseech you, fir, were you present at this rela-

I Gent. I was at the opening of the farthel, heard the old shepherd deliver the manner how he found it: whereupon, after a little amazedness, we were all commanded out of the chamber. Only this, methought I heard the shepherd say, he found the child.

Aut. I would most gladly know the issue of it.

Gent. I make a broken delivery of the business; but the changes I perceived in the king and Camillo were very notes of admiration; they seem'd almost, with staring on one another, to tear the cases of their eyes. There was speech in their dumbness, language in their very gesture; they look'd as they had heard of a world ransom'd, or one destroy'd; a notable passion of wonder appear'd in them; but the wisest beholder, that knew no more but seeing, could not say if the importance were joy or sorrow; but in the extremity of the one it must needs be.

### Enter another Gentleman.

Here comes a gentleman that haply knows more. The news,

Rogero?

2 Gent. Nothing but bonfires. The oracle is fulfill'd; the king's daughter is found: fuch a deal of wonder is broken out within this hour, that ballad-makers cannot be able to express it.

#### Enter another Gentleman.

Here comes the lady Paulina's steward; he can deliver you more. How goes it now, fir? This news, which is call'd true, is so like an old tale, that the verity of it is in strong

suspicion. Has the king found his heir?

3 Gent. Most true; if ever truth were pregnant by circumstances. That which you hear you'll swear you see, there is such unity in the proofs. The mantle of queen Hermoine; her jewel about the neck of it; the letters of Antigonus found with it, which they know to be his chracter; the majesty of the creature in resemblance of the mo-

F 4

ther; the affection of nobleness, which nature shews above her breeding; and many other evidences, proclaim her, with all certainty, to be the king's daughter. Did you see the meeting of the two kings?

2 Gent. No.

3 Gent. Then have you lost a fight which was to be seen, cannot be spoken of. There might you have beheld one joy crown another; so, and in such manner, that it seem'd sorrow wept to take leave of them; for their joy waded in tears. There was casting up of eyes, holding up of hands; with countenance of such distraction, that they were to be known by garment, not by favour. Our king, being ready to leap out of himself for joy of his found daughter, as if that joy were now become a loss, cries, Oh, thy mother! thy mother! then asks Bohemia forgiveness; then embraces his son-in-law; then again worries he his daughter, with clipping her. Now he thanks the old shepherd, who stands by like a weather-beaten conduit of many kings' reigns. I never heard of such another encounter, which lames report to follow it, and undoes description to do it.

2 Gent. What, pray you, became of Antigonus, that

carry'd hence the child

3 Gent. Like an old tale still, which will have matters to rehearse though credit be assep, and not an ear open, he was torn to pieces with a bear: this avouches the shepherd's son, who has not only his innocence, which seems much to justify him, but a handkerchief and rings of his that Paulina knows.

I Gent. What became of his bark and his followers?

3 Gent. Wreck'd the same instant of their master's death and in the view of the shepherd; so that all the instruments, which aided to expose the child, were even then lost; when it was found. But, Oh, the noble combat that, 'twixt joy and forrow, was fought in Paulina! She had one eye declin'd for the loss of her husband; another elevated that the gracle was sulfill'd. She lifted the princess from the earth, and so locks her in embracing, as if she would pin her to her heart, that she might no more be in danger of losing.

I Gent. The dignity of this act was worth the audience of

kings and princes: for by fuch was it acted.

3 Gent. One of the prettiest touches of all, and that which angled for mine eyes (caught the water, though not the fish), was, when at the relation of the queen's death, with the manner how she came by it (bravely confess'd and lamented by the king), how attentiveness wounded his daughter; till, from one fign of dolour to another, she did,

with an alas! I would fain fay bled tears; for I am fure my heart wept blood. Who was most marble there changed colour; fome swooned, all forrowed: if all the world could have seen it, the woe had been universal.

1 Gent. Are they returned to the court?

3 Gent. No: the princes, hearing of her mother's statue, which is in the keeping of Paulina, a piece many years in doing, and now newly perform'd by that rare Italian master, Julio Romano, who, had he himself eternity, and could put breath into his work, would beguile Nature of her custom, so persectly he is her ape; he so near to Hermione hath done Hermione, that, they say, one would speak to her, and stand in hope of answer. Thither with all greediness of affection are they gone; and there they intend to sup.

2 Gent. I thought she had some great matter there in hand; for she hath privately twice or thrice a-day, ever since the death of Hermione, visited that removed house. Shall we

thither, and with our company piece the rejoicing?

I Gent. Who would be thence, that has the benefit of access? Every wink of an eye some new grace will be born: our absence makes us unthrifty to our knowledge. Let's along,

Aut. Now, had I not the dash of my former life in me, would preferment drop on my head. I brought the old man and his son aboard the prince; told him, I heard them talk of a farthel, and I know not what; but he at that time overfond of the shepherd's daughter (so he then took her to be). who began to be much sea-sick, and himself little better, extremity of weather continuing, this mystery remained undiscovered. But 'tis all one to me; for had I been the finder out of this secret, it would not have relished among my other discredits.

## Enter Shepherd and Clown.

Here come those I have done good to against my will, and already appearing in the blossoms of their fortune.

Shep. Come, boy; I am pest more children; but thy sons

and daughters will be all gentlemen born.

Clo. You are well met, fir: you denied to fight with me this other day, because I was no gentleman born: see you these clothes? Say you see them not, and think me still no gentleman born. You were best say these robes are not gentleman born. Give me the lie; do; and try whether I am not gentleman born.

Aut. I know you are now, fir, a gentleman born.

Clo. Ay, and have been so any time these four hours.

Shep. And so have I, boy.

Clo. So you have: but I was a gentleman born before my father: for the king's fon took me by the hand, and called me brother; and then the two kings call'd my father, brother; and then the prince my brother, and the princes my sister, call'd my father, father; and so we wept; and there was the first gentleman-like tears that ever we shed.

Shep. We may live, fon, to shed many more.

Clo. Ay; or else 'twere hard luck, being in so preposterous

estate as we are.

Aut. I humbly befeech you, fir, to pardon me all the faults I have committed to your worship, and to give me your good report to the prince my master.

Shep. 'Prithee, fon, do; for we must be gentle now we

are gentlemen.

Clo. Thou wilt amend thy life?

Aut. Ay, an it like your good worship.

Clo. Give me thy hand: I will swear to the prince thou art as honest a true sellow as any in Bohemia.

Shep. You may say it, but not swear it.

Clo. Not swear it, now I am a gentleman? Let boors and franklins say it, I'll swear it.

Shep. How if it be false, fon?

Clo. If it be ne'er so false, a true gentleman may swear it, in the behalf of his friend: And I'll swear to the prince, thou art a tall sellow of thy hands, and that thou wilt not be drunk; but I know thou art no tall sellow of thy hands, and that thou wilt be drunk; but I'll swear it: and I would thou would'st be a tall sellow of thy hands.

Aut. I will prove so, fir, to my power.

Clo. Ay, by any means prove a tall fellow: if I do not wonder how thou dar'ft venture to be drunk, not being a tall fellow, trust me not. Hark! the kings and the princese, our kindred, are going to see the queen's picture. Come, follow us: we'll be thy good masters.

## SCENE III.—Paulina's House.

Enter LEONTES, POLIXENES, FLORIZEL, PERDITA, CA-MILLO, PAULINA, Lords, and Attendants.

Leo. O grave and good Paulina, the great comfort That I have had of thee!

Paul. What, fovereign fir,

I did not well, I meant well: All my services You have paid home: but that you have vouchsaf'd, With your crown'd brother, and these your contracted Heirs of your kingdoms, my poor house to visit, It is a surplus of your grace, which never My life may last to answer.

Leo. O Paulina,

We honour you with trouble: But we came
To fee the statue of our queen.—Your gallery
Have we pass'd through, not without much content
In many singularities; but we saw not
That which my daughter came to look upon,
The statue of her mother.

Paul. As she liv'd peerless,
So her dead likeness, I do well believe,
Excels whatever yet you look'd upon,
Or hand of man hath done; therefore I keep it
Lonely apart. But here it is: prepare
To see the life as lively mock'd, as ever
Still sleep mock'd death: behold, and say, 'tis well.

[PAULINA draws a curtain, and discovers a statue. I like your filence, it the more shews off Your wonder; but yet speak:—First you, my liege,

Comes it not fomething near?

Leo. Her natural posture! Chide me, dear stone; that I may say, indeed, Thou art Hermione: or rather, thou art she In thy not chiding; for she was as tender As infancy and grace. But yet, Paulina, Hermione was not so much wrinkled; nothing So aged, as this seems.

Pol. Oh, not by much.

Paul. So much the more our carver's excellence, Which lets go by fome fixteen years, and makes her As she liv'd now.

Leo. As now she might have done So much to my good comfort, as it is Now piercing to my soul. Oh, thus she stood, Even with such life of majesty (warm life, As now it coldly stands), when first I woo'd her! I am asham'd.—Does not the stone rebuke me, For being more stone than it? Oh, royal piece, There's magic in thy majesty, which has My evils conjur'd to remembrance, and From my admiring daughter took the spirits, Standing, like stone, with thee!

Per. And give me leave,
And do not fay, 'tis superstition, that
I kneel, and then implore her blessing.—Lady,
Dear queen, that ended when I but began,
Give me that hand of yours, to kiss.
Paul. Oh, patience—

The statue is but newly fix'd the colour's

Not dry.

Cam. My lord, your forrow was too fore laid on, Which fixteen winters cannot blow away, So many fummers dry: fcarce any joy Did ever fo long live: no forrow But kill'd itself much sooner.

Pol. Dear my brother,

Let him that was the cause of this have power To take off so much grief from you, as he Will piece up in himself.

Paul. Indeed, my lord,

If I had thought the fight of my poor image Would thus have wrought you (for the stone is mine) I'd not have shew'd it.

Leo. Do not draw the curtain.

Paul. No longer shall you gaze on't, lest your fancy May think anon it moves.

Leo. Let be, let be.

Would I were dead, but that methinks already— What was he that did make it? See, my lord, Would you not deem it breath'd? and that those veins Did verily bear blood?

Pol. Masterly done:

The very life feems warm upon her lip.

Leo. The fixure of her eye has motion in't, As we were mock'd with art.

Paul. I'll draw the curtain:

My lord's almost so far transported, that He'll think anon it lives.

Leo. O sweet Paulina,

Make me to think so twenty years together: No settled senses of the world can match The pleasure of that madness. Let's alone.

Paul. I am forry, fir, I have thus far stirr'd you; but

I could afflict you further. Leo. Do, Paulina:

For this affliction has a taste as sweet
As any cordial comfort. Still, nethinks,
There is an air comes from her. What s

There is an air comes from her. What fine chifel

Could ever yet cut breath? let no man mock me, For I will kiss her.

Paul. Good my lord, forbear: The ruddiness upon her lip is wet;

You'll mar it if you kiss it; stain your own With oily painting. Shall I draw the curtain?

Leo. No, not these twenty years.

Per. So long could I Stand by, a looker on. Paul. Either forbear,

Quiet presently the chapel, or resolve you For more amazement; if you can behold it, I'll make the statute move indeed, descend And take you by the hand: but then you'll think, Which I protest against, I am affisted

By wicked powers.

Leo. What you can make her do, I am content to look on; what to speak, I am content to hear; for 'tis as easy To make her speak as move.

To make her speak as mov

Paul. It is requir'd,
You do awake your faith: Then all stand still,
Or those that think it is unlawful business
I am about, let them depart.

Leo. Proceed; No foot shall stir.

Paul. Music, awake her; strike! [Music.
'Tis time; descend; be stone no more: approach,
Strike all that look upon with marvel. Come,
I'l fill your grave up: stir; nay, come away;
Bequeath to death your numbness, for from him
Dear life redeems you. You perceive she stirs;
[Hermione comes down.

Start not; her actions shall be holy, as You hear my spell is lawful: do not shun her Until you see her die again; for then

You kill her double. Nay, present your hand; When she was young, you woo'd her; now in age

Is she become the suitor.

Leo. Oh, she's warm!

If this be magic, let it be an art

Lawful as eating.

Pol. She embrages him.

[ Embracing her.

Cam. She hangs about his neck; If she pertain to life, let her speak too.

Pol. Ay, and make it manifest where she has liv'd,

Or how stol'n from the dead! Paul. That she is living,

Were it but told you, should be hooted at Like an old tale; but it appears she lives, Though yet she speak not. Mark a little while. Please you to interpose, fair madam; kneel, And pray your mother's blessing.—Turn, good lady, Our Perdita is found.

[Presenting PERDITA, who kneels to HERMIONE.

Her. You gods, look down,

And from your facred vials pour your graces
Upon mine daughter's head! Tell me, mine own,
Where hast thou been preserv'd? where liv'd? how found
Thy father's court? for thou shalt hear that I,
Knowing by Paulina that the oracle
Gave hope thou wast in being, have preserv'd

Myself to see the issue.

Paul. There's time enough for that;
Left they defire, upon this push, to trouble
Your joys with like relation. Go together,
You precious winners all; your exultation
Partake to every one: I, an old turtle,
Will wing me to some wither'd bough; and there
My mate, that's never to be found again,
Lament till I am lost.

Leo. O peace, Paulina!
Thou shouldst a husband take by my consent,
As I by thine a wife. This is a match,
And made between's by vows. Thou hast found mine;
But, how is to be question'd; for I saw her,
As I thought, dead; and have in vain said many
A prayer upon her grave. I'll not seek far
(For him, I partly know his mind) to find thee
An honourable husband. Come, Camillo,
And take her by the hand; whose worth and honesty
Is richly noted, and here justify'd
By us, a pair of kings. Let's from this place.—
What!—Look upon my brother?—Both your pardons
That e'er I put between your holy looks
My ill suspicion.—This, your son-in-law,

And son unto the king, who, heaven's directing, Is troth-plight to your daughter.—Good Paulina, Lead us from hence; where we may leisurely Each one demand, and answer to his part Perform'd in this wide gap of time, since first We were dissever'd. Hastily lead away.

[Exeunt omnes:

THE END.











# TWO GENTLEMEN

OF

# VERONA.

### DRAMATIS PERSONÆ.

### MEN.

Duke of MILAN, Father to Silvia.

VALENTINE, PROTHEUS, the two Gentlemen.
PROTHEUS, ANTHONIO, Father to Protheus.

THURIO, a foolish Rival to Valentine.
EGLAMOUR, Agent for Silvia in her Escape.
Host, where Julia lodges in Milan.
Outlaws.

Speed, a Clownish Servant to Valentine.
LAUNCE, the like to Protheus.
PANTHINO, Servant to Anthonio.

### WOMEN.

JULIA, a Lady of Verona, beloved of Protheus.
SILVIA, the Duke of Milan's Daughter, beloved of Valentine.
LUCETTA, Waiting-woman to Julia.

Servants, Musicians.

Scene, sometimes in Verona, sometimes in Milan, and on the Frontiers of Mantua.

# TWO GENTLEMEN

O F

# VERONA.

# A C T I. SCENE I. An open Place in Verona. Enter VALENTINE and PROTHEUS.

Valentine.

EASE to persuade, my loving Protheus;
Home-keeping youth have ever homely wits:
Wer't not affection chains thy tender day
To the sweet glances of thy honour'd love,
I rather would intreat thy company,
To see the wonders of the world abroad,
Than, living dully sluggardiz'd at home,
Wear out thy youth with shapeless idleness.
But, since thou lov'st, love still, and thrive therein,
Even as I would, when I to love begin.

Pro. Wilt thou be gone? Sweet Valentine, adieu! Think on thy Protheus, when thou haply feeft Some rare note-worthy object in thy travel; Wish me partaker in thy happiness When thou dost meet good hap; and, in thy danger, If ever danger do environ thee, Commend thy grievance to my holy prayers, For I will be thy bead's-man, Valentine.

Val. And on a love-book pray for my success.

Pro. Upon some book I love, I'll pray for thee.

Val. That's on some shallow story of deep love,
How young Leander cross'd the Hellespont.

Pro. That's a deep flory of a deeper love; For he was more than over shoes in love.

A 2

Val. 'Tis true; for you are over boots in love, And yet you never fwom the Hellespont.

Pro. Over the boots! nay, give me not the boots.

Val. No, I will not; for it boots thee not.

Pro. What?

Val. To be in love where fcorn is bought with groans; Coy looks, with heart-fore fighs; one fading moment's mirth,

With twenty watchful, weary, tedious nights: If haply won, perhaps a haples gain; If lost, why then a grievous labour won; However, but a folly bought with wit, Or else a wit by folly vanquished.

Pro. So, by your circumstance, you call me fool. Val. So, by your circumstance, I fear, you'll prove.

Pro. 'Tis love you cavil at; I am not love.

Val. Love is your master, for he masters you;

And he that is fo yoked by a fool

Methinks should not be chronicled for wife.

Pro. Yet writers say, As in the sweetest bud
The eating canker dwells, so eating love
Inhabits in the finest wits of all.

Val. And writers fay, As the most forward bud Is eaten by the canker ere it blow,
Even so by love the young and tender wit
Is turn'd to folly; blasting in the bud,
Losing his verdure even in the prime,
And all the fair effects of future hopes.
But wherefore waste I time to counsel thee
That art a votary to fond defire?
Once more adieu! My father at the road
Expects my coming, there to see me shipp'd.

Pro. And thither will I bring thee, Valentine.
Val. Sweet Protheus, no; now let us take our leave.

At Milan let me hear from thee by letters, Of thy fuccess in love, and what news else Betideth here in absence of thy friend; And I likewise will visit thee with mine.

Pro. All happiness bechance to thee in Milan! Val. As much to you at home; and so farewell! [Exit.

Pro.

Pro. He after honour hunts, I after love; He leaves his friends to dignify them more; I leave myself, my friends, and all for love. Thou, Julia, thou hast metamorphos'd me; Made me neglect my studies, lose my time, War with good counsel, fet the world at nought; Made wit with musing weak, heart sick with thought.

#### Enter SPEED.

Speed. Sir Protheus, save you! Saw you my master? Pro. But now he parted hence to embark for Milan. Speed. Twenty to one then he is shipp'd already; And I have play'd the sheep in losing him.

Pro. Indeed, a sheep doth very often stray,

An if the shepherd be a while away.

Speed. You conclude that my master is a shepherd then, and I a sheep?

Pro. I do.

Speed. Why then my horns are his horns, whether I wake or fleep.

Pro. A filly answer, and fitting well a sheep.

Speed. This proves me still a sheep. Pro. True; and thy master a shepherd.

Speed. Nay, that I can deny by a circumstance.

Pro. It shall go hard but I'll prove it by another. Speed. The shepherd seeks the sheep, and not the sheep the shepherd; but I seek my master, and my master seeks

not me; therefore I am no sheep.

Pro. The sheep for fodder follows the shepherd, the shepherd for the food follows not the sheep; thou for wages followest thy master, thy master for wages followest not thee; therefore thou art a sheep.

Speed. Such another proof will make me cry baâ.

Pro. But dost thou hear? gav'st thou my letter to Julia? Speed. Ay, fir; I, a lost mutton, gave your letter to her, a lac'd mutton; and she, a lac'd mutton, gave me, a lost mutton, nothing for my labour.

Pro. Here's too small a pasture for such a store of

Speed. If the ground be overcharged, you were best ftick her.

Pro. Nay, in that you are a stray; 'twere best pound you.

Speed. Nay, fir, less than a pound shall serve me for

carrying your letter.

Pro. You mistake; I mean the pound, a pinfold. Speed. From a pound to a pin? fold it over and over, 'Tis threefold too little for carrying a letter to your lover.

Pro. But what faid she? did she nod? [SPEED nods.

Speed. I.

Pro. Nod, I? why that's noddy.

Speed. You mistook, fir; I said she did nod; and you ask me if she did nod; and I said I.

And that fet together is - noddy.

Speed. Now you have taken the pains to fet it together, take it for your pains.

Pro. No, no, you shall have it for bearing the letter. Speed. Well, I perceive I must be fain to bear with you.

Pro. Why, fir, how do you bear with me?

Speed. Marry, fir, the letter very orderly; having nothing but the word noddy for my pains.

Pro. Beshrew me but you have a quick wit.

Speed. And yet it cannot overtake your flow purse.

Pro. Come, come, open the matter in brief:

What faid she?

Speed. Open your purse, that the money and the matter may be both at once deliver'd.

Pro. Well, fir, here is for your pains: What faid she?

Speed. Truly, fir, I think you'll hardly win her.

Pro. Why? Could'st thou perceive so much from her? Speed. Sir, I could perceive nothing at all from her; no, not fo much as a ducket for delivering your letter; and being so hard to me that brought your mind, I fear she'll prove as hard to you in telling her mind. Give her no token but stones, for she's as hard as steel.

Pro. What! faid she nothing?

Speed. No, not so much as—take this for thy pains. testify your bounty, I thank you, you have testern'd me; in requital whereof henceforth carry your letters yourself; and fo, fir, I'll commend you to my mafter.

Pro.

Pro. Go, go, be gone to fave your ship from wreck, Which cannot perish, having thee aboard, Being destin'd to a drier death on shore:—
I must go send some better messenger;
I fear my Julia would not deign my lines,
Receiving them from such a worthless post.

[Exeunt severally.

# SCENE II. Changes to Julia's Chamber. Enter Julia and Lucetta.

Jul. But fay, Lucetta, now we are alone, Would'st thou then counsel me to fall in love?

Luc. Ay, madam; so you stumble not unheedfully.

Jul. Of all the fair refort of gentlemen, That every day with parle encounter me, In thy opinion which is worthiest love?

Jul. Please you repeat their names, I'll shew my mind

According to my shallow simple skill.

Jul. What think'st thou of the fair Sir Eglamour?
Luc. As of a knight well spoken, neat and fine;

But, were I you, he never should be mine.

Jul. What think'st thou of the rich Mercatio?
Luc. Well of his wealth; but of himself, so, so.
Jul. What think'st thou of the gentle Protheus?
Luc. Lord, lord! to see what folly reigns in us!

Jul. How now! what means this passion at his name? Luc. Pardon, dear madam; 'tis a passing shame

That I, unworthy body as I am,

Should censure thus on lovely gentlemen.

Jul. Why not on Protheus as of all the rest?
Luc. Then thus—of many good, I think him best.

Jul. Your reason?

Luc. I have no other but a woman's reason;

I think him fo, because I think him so.

Jul. And would'ft thou have me cast my love on him? Luc. Ay, if you thought your love not cast away.

ful. Why, he of all the rest hath never mov'd me. Luc. Yet he of all the rest I think best loves ye.

Jul. His little speaking shews his love but small. Luc. Fire, that is closest kept, burns most of all.

Jul.

They do not love that do not fhew their love. Ful.

Oh! they love least that let men know their love. Luc.

Jul. I would I knew his mind. Peruse this paper, madam. Luc.

To Julia—Say, from whom? That the contents will shew. Ful. Luc.

'Jul. Say, fay; who gave it thee?
Luc. Sir Valentine's page; and fent, I think, from Protheus:

He would have given it you, but I, being in the way, Did in your name receive it; pardon the fault, I pray.

Jul. Now, by my modesty, a goodly broker! Dare you prefume to harbour wanton lines? To whisper and conspire against my youth? Now, trust me, 'tis an office of great worth, And you an officer fit for the place. There, take the paper, see it be return'd; Or else return no more into my fight.

Luc. To plead for love deferves more fee than hate.

Jul. Will ye be gone?
Luc. That you may ruminate. Exit. Jul. And yet I would I had o'erlook'd the letter.

It were a shame to call her back again, And pray her to a fault for which I chid her. What fool is she, that knows I am a maid, And would not force the letter to my view? Since maids, in modesty, say No to that Which they would have the profferer construe Ay. Fie, fie! how wayward is this foolish love, That, like a testy babe, will scratch the nurse, And prefently, all humbled, kifs the rod! How churlishly I chid Lucetta hence, When willingly I would have had her here! How angrily I taught my brow to frown, When inward joy enforc'd my heart to smile! My penance is to call Lucetta back, And ask remission for my folly past: What ho! Lucetta!

Re-enter LUCETTA. Luc. What would your ladyship? Is it near dinner-time?

Luc. I would it were;

That you might kill your stomach on your meat,

And not upon your maid. Jul. What is't that you

Took up so gingerly? Luc. Nothing.

Jul. Why didst thou stoop then?

Luc. To take a paper up that I let fall. Jul. And is that paper nothing?

Luc. Nothing concerning me.

Ful. Then let it lie for those that it concerns, Luc. Madam, it will not lie where it concerns,

Unless it have a false interpreter.

Jul. Some love of yours hath writ to you in rhime.

Luc. That I might fing it, madam, to a tune:

Give me a note; your ladyship can set.

Jul. As little by fuch toys as may be possible;

Best sing it to the tune of Light o' love. Luc. It is too heavy for so light a tune.

Yul. Heavy! belike it hath some burden then.

Luc. Ay; and melodious were it, would you fing it.

Jul. And why not you? Luc. I cannot reach so high.

Jul. Let's see your song :- How now, minion? Luc. Keep tune there still, so you will sing it out:

And yet, methinks, I do not like this tune.

Ful. You do not?

Luc. No, madam, it is too sharp. Jul. You, minion, are too faucy. Luc. Nay, now you are too flat,

And mar the concord with too harsh a descant: There wanteth but a mean to fill your fong.

Jul. The mean is drown'd with your unruly base.

Luc. Indeed, I bid the base for Protheus.

Jul. This babble shall not henceforth trouble me. Here is a coil with protestation! Tears it.

Go, get you gone; and let the papers lie: You would be fingering them, to anger me.

Luc. She makes it strange; but she would be best pleas'd

To be so anger'd with another letter.

[Exit. Fnl.

Ful. Nay, would I were so anger'd with the same ! Oh hateful hands, to tear fuch loving words! Injurious wasps, to feed on such sweet honey, And kill the bees that yield it, with your stings! I'll kiss each several paper for amends. Look, here is writ—kind Julia;—unkind Julia! As in revenge of thy ingratitude, I throw thy name against the bruising stones, Trampling contemptuously on thy disdain. Look, here is writ—love-wounded Protheus:— Poor wounded name! my bosom, as a bed, Shall lodge thee, till thy wound be throughly heal'd; And thus I fearch it with a fovereign kifs. But twice or thrice was Protheus written down: Be calm, good wind, blow not a word away, Till I have found each letter in the letter, Except mine own name; that some whirlwind bear Unto a ragged, fearful-hanging rock, And throw it thence into the raging fea! Lo, here in one line is his name twice writ-Poor forlorn Protheus, passionate Protheus, To the sweet Julia; -that I'll tear away; And yet I will not, fith fo prettily He couples it to his complaining names: Thus will I fold them one upon another; Now kifs, embrace, contend, do what you will.

### Re-enter LUCETTA.

Luc. Madam, dinner's ready, and your father stays.

Jul. Well, let us go.

Luc. What, shall these papers lie like tell-tales here? Ful. If thou respect them, best to take them up.

Luc. Nay, I was taken up for laying them down:

Yet here they shall not lie for catching cold.

ful. I fee you have a month's mind to them.
Luc. Ay, madam, you may fay what fights you fee;

I fee things too, although you judge I wink.

Jul. Come, come, will't please you go?

[Exeunt.

SCENE

# SCENE III. Anthonio's House.

Enter Anthonio and Panthino.

Ant. Tell me, Panthino, what fad talk was that Wherewith my brother held you in the cloifter?

Pant. 'Twas of his nephew Protheus, your fon.

Ant. Why, what of him?

Pant. He wonder'd that your lordship
Would suffer him to spend his youth at home;
While other men, of slender reputation,
Put forth their sons to seek preferment out:
Some to the wars, to try their fortune there;
Some, to discover islands far away;
Some, to the studious universities.
For any, or for all these exercises,
He said that Protheus, your son, was meet;
And did request me, to importune you
To let him spend his time no more at home,
Which would be great impeachment to his age,
In having known no travel in his youth.

Ant. Nor need'st thou much importune me to that Whereon this month I have been hammering. I have consider'd well his loss of time; And how he cannot be a perfect man, Not being try'd, and tutor'd in the world: Experience is by industry achiev'd, And perfected by the swift course of time: Then, tell me, whither were I best to send him?

Pant. I think your lordship is not ignorant, How his companion, youthful Valentine, Attends the emperor in his royal court.

Ant. I know it well.

Pant. 'Twere good I think your lordship sent him thither:

There shall he practise tilts and tournaments, Hear sweet discourse, converse with noblemen; And be in eye of every exercise Worthy his youth and nobleness of birth.

Ant. I like thy counsel; well hast thou advis'd: And, that thou may'ft perceive how well I like it.

The

The execution of it shall make known; Even with the speediest expedition

I will dispatch him to the emperor's court.

Pant. To-morrow, may it please you, Don Alphonso, With other gentlemen of good esteem, Are journeying to salute the emperor, And to commend their service to his will.

Ant. Good company; with them shall Protheus go: And, in good time—now will we break with him.

### Enter PROTHEUS.

Pro. Sweet love! fweet lines! fweet life!
Here is her hand, the agent of her heart;
Here is her oath for love, her honour's pawn:
Oh! that our fathers would applaud our loves,
To feal our happiness with their consents!
Oh heavenly Julia!

Ant. How now? what letter are you reading there? Pro. May't please your lordship, 'tis a word or two

Of commendation sent from Valentine, Deliver'd by a friend that came from him.

Ant. Lend me the letter; let me fee what news.

Pro. There is no news, my lord; but that he writes

How happily he lives, how well belov'd, And daily graced by the emperor;

Wishing me with him, partner of his fortune,

Ant. And how stand you affected to his wish: Pro. As one relying on your lordship's will,

And not depending on his friendly wish.

Ant. My will is something forted with his wish:

Muse not that I thus suddenly proceed; For what I will, I will, and there an end. I am resolv'd that thou shalt spend some time

With Valentine in the emperor's court; What maintenance he from his friends receives.

Like exhibition thou shalt have from me. To-morrow be in readiness to go:

Excuse it not, for I am peremptory.

Pro. My lord, I cannot be so soon provided;

Please you, deliberate a day or two.

Ant. Look, what thou want'st shall be sent after thee:

[Exeunt.

No more of stay; to-morrow thou must go.— Come on, Panthino; you shall be employ'd

To hasten on his expedition. [Ex. Ant. and Pant. Pro. Thus have I shunn'd the fire, for fear of burning; And drench'd me in the sea, where I am drown'd: I fear'd to shew my father Julia's letter, Lest he should take exceptions to my love; And with the vantage of mine own excuse Hath he excepted most against my love.

Oh, how this fpring of love refembleth

The uncertain glory of an April day;

Which pow they all the beauty of the form

Which now shews all the beauty of the sun,
And by and by a cloud takes all away!

### Re-enter Panthino.

Pant. Sir Protheus, your father calls for you; He is in haste, therefore, I pray you, go.

Pro. Why, this it is! my heart accords thereto; And yet a thousand times it answers, No.

### ACT II.

SCENE I. Changes to Milan.

An Apartment in the Duke's Palace. Enter VALENTINE and Speed.

### Speed.

SIR, your glove.

Val. Not mine; my gloves are on.

Speed. Why then this may be your's; for this is but one.

Val. Ha! let me fee: ay, give it me, it's mine:— Sweet ornament, that decks a thing divine! Ah, Silvia! Silvia!

Speed. Madam Silvia! madam Silvia!

Val. How now, firrah?

Speed. She is not within hearing, fir. Val. Why, fir, who bad you call her?

Speed. Your worship, sir, or else I mistook.

Val. Well, you'll still be too forward.

Speed. And yet I was last chidden for being too slow.

12

Val. Go to, sir; tell me, do you know madam Silvia?

Speed. She that your worship loves?

Val. Why, how know you that I am in love?

Speed. Marry, by these special marks: First, you have learn'd, like Sir Protheus, to wreath your arms like a male-content; to relish a love song, like a Robin-red-breast; to walk alone, like one that had the pestilence; to sigh, like a school-boy that had lost his A. B. C; to weep, like a young wench that had buried her grandam; to fast, like one that takes diet; to watch, like one that fears robbing; to speak puling, like a beggar at Hallowmas. You were wont, when you laugh'd, to crow like a cock; when you walk'd, to walk like one of the lions; when you fasted, it was presently after dinner; when you look'd sadly, it was for want of money: and now you are metamorphos'd with a mistress, that, when I look on you, I can hardly think you my master.

Val. Are all these things perceiv'd in me? Speed. They are all perceiv'd without ye.

Val. Without me? they cannot.

Speed. Without you? nay, that's certain; for, without you were so simple, none else would: but you are so without these sollies, that these sollies are within you, and shine through you like the water in an urinal, that not an eye that sees you but is a physician to comment on your malady.

Val. But, tell me, do'ft thou know my lady Silvia? Speed. She that you gaze on so as she fits at supper? Val. Hast thou observ'd that? even she I mean.

Speed. Why, fir, I know her not.

Val. Dost thou know her by my gazing on her, and yet know'ft her not?

Speed. Is she not hard favour'd, sir? Val. Not so fair, boy, as well-favour'd.

Speed. Sir. I know that well enough.

Val. What dost thou know?

Speed. That she is not so fair, as (of you) well-favour'd. Val. I mean that her beauty is exquisite, but her favour infinite.

Speed. That's because the one is painted, and the other out of all count.

Val.

Val. How painted? and how out of count?

Speed. Marry, fir, fo painted, to make her fair, that no man counts of her beauty.

Val. How esteem'st thou me? I account of her beauty.

Speed. You never saw her since she was deform'd.

Val. How long hath she been deform'd?

Speed. Ever fince you lov'd her.

Val. I have lov'd her ever fince I faw her; and still I fee her beautiful.

Speed. If you love her, you cannot see her.

Val. Why?

Speed. Because love is blind. O, that you had mine eyes; or your own eyes had the lights they were wont to have when you chid at Sir Protheus for going ungarter'd!

Val. What should I see then?

Speed. Your own present folly, and her passing deformity: for he, being in love, could not see to garter his hose; and you, being in love, cannot see to put on your hose.

Val. Belike, boy, then you are in love; for last morning

you could not see to wipe my shoes.

Speed. True, fir; I was in love with my bed: I thank you, you fwing'd me for my love, which makes me the bolder to chide you for your's.

Val. In conclusion, I stand affected to her.

Speed. I would you were fet, so your affection would cease.

Val. Last night she enjoin'd me to write some lines to one she loves.

Speed. And have you?

Val. I have.

Speed. Are they not lamely writ?

Val. No, boy, but as well as I can do them:—
Peace, here she comes.

### Enter SILVIA.

Speed. Oh, excellent motion! Oh, exceeding puppet! now will he interpret to her.

Val. Madam and mistress, a thousand good-morrows. Speed. Oh! 'give ye good even! here's a million of manners.

Sil. Sir Valentine and servant, to you two thousand.

Speed. He should give her interest; and she gives it him.

Val. As you enjoin'd me, I have writ your letter Unto the fecret nameless friend of your's; Which I was much unwilling to proceed in, But for my duty to your ladyship.

Sil. I thank you, gentle fervant: 'tis very clerkly done.

Val. Now trust me, madam, it came hardly off; For, being ignorant to whom it goes,

I writ at random very doubtfully.

Sil. Perchance you think too much of so much pains?

Val. No, madam; so it stead you, I will write, Please you command, a thousand times as much:

And yet—

Sil. A pretty period! Well, I guess the sequel; And yet I will not name it:—and yet I care not;— And yet take this again;—and yet I thank you; Meaning hencesorth to trouble you no more.

Speed. And yet you will; and yet another yet. [Aside. Val. What means your ladyship? do you not like it?

Sil. Yes, yes! the lines are very quaintly writ: But fince unwillingly, take them again; Nay, take them.

Val. Madam, they are for you.

Sil. Ay, ay; you writ them, fir, at my request; But I will none of them; they are for you: I would have had them writ more movingly.

Val. Please you, I'll write your ladyship another. Sil. And when its writ, for my sake read it over:

And, if it please you, so; if not, why, so.

Val. If it please me, madam? what then?

Sil. Why, if it please you, take it for your labour;

And so good-morrow, servant.

Speed. O jest unseen, inscrutable, invisible,

As a nose on a man's face, or a weathercock on a steeple!

My master sues to her, and she hath taught her suitor,

He being her pupil, to become her tutor.

O, excellent device! was there ever heard a better?

That my mafter, being the scribe, to himself should write

Val. How now, fir? what are you reasoning with your-felf?

Speed. Nay, I was rhiming: 'tis you that have the reason.

Val. To do what?

Speed. To be a spokesman from madam Silvia.

Val. To whom;

Speed. To yourself: why, she wooes you by a figure.

Val. What figure?

Speed. By a letter, I should say.

Val. Why, she hath not writ to me?

Speed. What need she, when she made you write to yourself? Why, do you not perceive the jest?

· Val. No, believe me.

Speed. No believing you indeed, fir: But did you perceive her earnest?

Val. She gave me none, except an angry word.

Speed. Why, she hath given you a letter. Val. That's the letter I writ to her friend.

Speed. And that letter hath fhe deliver'd, and there an end.

Val. I would it were no worse.

Speed. I'll warrant you 'tis as well:

For often you have writ to her; and she in modesty,
Or else for want of idle time, could not again reply;
Or fearing else some messenger, that might her mind discover,
Herself hath taught her love himself to write unto her lover.—
All this I speak in print; for in print I sound it.—
Why muse you, sir? 'tis dinner time.

Val. I have din'd.

Speed. Ay, but hearken, fir: though the cameleon love can feed on the air, I am one that am nourish'd by my victuals, and would fain have meat: oh, be not like your mistress!—be moved! be moved!

# SCENE II. JULIA's House at Verona.

Enter PROTHEUS and JULIA.

Pro. Have patience, gentle Julia. Ful. I must, where is no remedy.

Pro. When possibly I can, I will return.

Ful. If you turn not, you will return the sooner: Keep this remembrance for thy Julia's fake.

Giving a Ring.

Pro. Why then we'll make exchange; here, take you this.

Jul. And feal the bargain with a holy kifs. Pro. Here is my hand for my true constancy; And when that hour o'er-flips me in the day Wherein I figh not, Julia, for thy fake, The next ensuing hour some foul mischance Torment me for my love's forgetfulness! My father stays my coming; answer not; That tide is now: nay, not thy tide of tears; The tide will flay me longer than I should: [Exit JULIA. Julia, farewel.-What! gone without a word? Ay, so true love should do: it cannot speak; For truth hath better deeds than words to grace it.

### Enter PANTHINO.

Pan. Sir Protheus, you are staid for. Pro. Go; I come, I come:-Alas! this parting strikes poor lovers dumb. [Exeunt.

#### SCENE III. A Street.

### Enter LAUNCE, leading a Dog.

Laun. Nay, 'twill be this hour ere I have done weeping; all the kind of the Launces have this very fault: I have receiv'd my proportion, like the prodigious fon, and am going with Sir Protheus to the imperial's court. I think Crab my dog be the fourest natur'd dog that lives: my mother weeping, my father wailing, my fifter crying, our maid howling, our cat wringing her hands, and all our house in a great perplexity, yet did not this cruel-hearted cur shed one tear: he is a stone, a very pebble-stone, and has no more pity in him than a dog: a Jew would have wept to have feen our parting; why, my grandam having no eyes, look you, wept herfelf blind at my parting. Nay, I'll shew you the manner of it: This shoe is my father; no, this left shoe is my father; -no, no, this left shoe is my mother; -nay, that cannot be so neither; -yes, it is fo.

fo, it is so; it hath the worser sole: this shoe, with the hole in it, is my mother, and this my father; a vengeance on't! there 'tis: now, sir, this staff is my sister; for, look you, she is as white as a lily, and as small as a wand: this hat is Nan, our maid; I am the dog:—no, the dog is himfelf, and I am the dog—oh, the dog is me, and I am my-self; ay, so, so. Now come I to my father; Father, your blessing; now should not the shoe speak a word for weeping; now should I kiss my father; well, he weeps on: now come I to my mother;—oh! that she could speak now like a wood woman!—well, I kiss her;—why there 'tis; here's my mother's breath up and down: now come I to my sister; mark the moan she makes: now the dog all this while sheds not a tear, nor speaks a word; but see how I lay the dust with my tears.

### Enter PANTHINO.

Pan. Launce, away, away, aboard; thy mafter is shipp'd, and thou art to post after with oars. What's the matter? why weep'st thou, man? Away, ass; you will lose the tide if you tarry any longer.

Laun. It is no matter if the ty'd were lost; for it is the

unkindest ty'd that ever any man ty'd.

Pan. What's the unkindest tide?

Laun. Why, he that's ty'd here; Crab, my dog.

Pan. Tut, man, I mean thou'lt lose the flood; and, in losing the flood, lose thy voyage; and, in losing thy voyage, lose thy master; and, in losing thy master, lose thy fervice; and, in losing thy fervice—Why dost thou stop my mouth?

Laun. For fear thou should'st lose thy tongue.

Pan. Where should I lose my tongue?

Laun. In thy tale. Pan. In thy tail?

Laun. Lose the tide, and the voyage, and the master, and the service, and the tide? Why, man, if the river were dry, I am able to fill it with my tears; if the wind were down, I could drive the boat with my sighs.

Pan. Come, come away man; I was fent to call thee.

Laun. Sir, call me what thou dar'ft.

Pan. Wilt thou go? Laun. Well, I will go.

[Exeunt.

SCENE IV. Milan. An Apartment in the Duke's Palace. Enter VALENTINE, SILVIA, THURIO, and SPEED.

Sil. Servant-Val. Mistress.

Speed. Master, Sir Thurio frowns on you,

Val. Ay, boy, it's for love.

Speed. Not of you.

Val. Of my mistress then.

Speed. 'Twere good you knock'd him.

Sil. Servant, you are fad.

Val. Indeed, madam, I feem fo.

Thu. Seem you that you are not?

Val. Haply I do.

Thu. So do counterfeits.

Val. So do you.

Thu. What seem I, that I am not?

Val. Wife.

Thu. What instance of the contrary

Val. Your folly.

Thu. And how quote you my folly? Val. I quote it in your jerkin.

Thu. My jerkin is a doublet.

Val. Well, then I'll double your folly.

Thu. How?

Sil. What! angry, Sir Thurio: do you change colour? Val. Give him leave, madam; he is a kind of cameleon. Thu. That hath more mind to feed on your blood than

live in your air.

Val. You have faid, fir.

Thu. Ay, fir, and done too, for this time.

Val. I know it well, fir; you always end ere you begin, Sil. A fine volley of words, gentlemen, and quickly fhot off.

Val. 'Tis indeed, madam; we thank the giver.

Sil. Who is that, fervant?

Value for you gave the fire

Val. Yourself, sweet lady; for you gave the fire: Sir Thurio borrows his wit from your ladyship's looks, and spends what he borrows kindly in your company.

Thu. Sir, if you spend word for word with me, I shall

make your wit bankrupt.

Val. I know it well, fir; you have an exchequer of words, and, I think, no other treasure to give your followers; for it appears by their bare liveries that they live by your bare words.

Sil. No more, gentlemen, no more; here comes my

father.

### Enter the Duke.

Duke, Now, daughter Silvia, you are hard befet, Sir Valentine, your father's in good health:
What fay you to a letter from your friends
Of much good news?

Val. My lord, I will be thankful To any happy messenger from thence.

Duke. Know you Don Anthonio, your countryman? Val. Ay, my good lord, I know the gentleman To be of worth, and worthy estimation,

And not without defert so well reputed.

Duke. Hath he not a fon?

Val. Ay, my good lord; a fon that well deserves. The honour and regard of such a father.

Duke. You know him well?

Val. I knew him as myself; for from our infancy We have convers'd and spent our hours together; And though myself have been an idle truant, Omitting the sweet benefit of time, To clothe mine age with angel-like perfection, Yet hath Sir Protheus, for that's his name, Made use and fair advantage of his days; His years but young, but his experience old; His head unmellow'd, but his judgment ripe; And, in a word (for far behind his worth. Come all the praises that I now bestow), He is complete in feature and in mind, With all good grace to grace a gentleman.

Duke. Beshrew me, sir; but, if he make this good, He is as worthy for an empress' love, As meet to be an emperor's counsellor. Well, sir; this gentleman is come to me With commendation from great potentates; And here he means to spend his time a while:

I think 'tis no unwelcome news to you.

Val. Should I have wish'd a thing, it had been he. Duke. Welcome him then according to his worth; Silvia, I speak to you; and you, Sir Thurio:—
For Valentine I need not 'cite him to it:

I'll fend him hither to you presently. [Exit Duke.

Val. This is the gentleman I told your ladylhip Had come along with me, but that his miftress Did hold his eyes lock'd in her cryftal looks.

Sil. Belike that now she hath enfranchis'd them

Upon some other pawn for fealty.

Val. Nay, fure I think she holds them prisoners still. Sil. Nay, then he should be blind; and, being blind,

How could he fee his way to feek out you?

Val. Why, lady, love hath twenty pair of eyes. Thu. They fay that love hath not an eye at all. Val. To fee such lovers, Thurio, as yourself; Upon an homely object love can wink.

### Enter PROTHEUS.

Sil. Have done, have done; here comes the gentleman. Val. Welcome, dear Protheus!—Mittrefs, I befeech you

Confirm his welcome with some special favour.

Sil. His worth is warrant for his welcome hither,

If this be he you oft have wish'd to hear from.

Val. Mistress, it is: sweet lady, entertain him To be my fellow-fervant to your ladyship.

Sil. Too low a mistress for so high a servant.

Pro. Not so, sweet lady; but too mean a servant

To have a look of fuch a worthy mistress. Val. Leave off discourse of disability:

Sweet lady, entertain him for your fervant.

Pro. My duty will I boast of, nothing else. Sil. And duty never yet did want his meed:

Servant, you are welcome to a worthless miffress.

Pro. I'll die on him that fays so but yourself.

Sil. That you are welcome?

Pro. No; that you are worthless.

### Enter Servant.

Ser. Madam, my lord, your father, would speak with you.

Sil. I'll wait upon his pleasure. [Exit Serv.] Come, Sir Thurio,

Go with me: - Once more, new fervant, welcome: I'll leave you to confer of home affairs; When you have done, we look to hear from you.

Pro. We'll both attend upon your ladyship.

[Exeunt SILVIA and THURIO.

Fal. Now, tell me, how do all from whence you came? Pro. Your friends are well, and have them much commended.

Val. And how do your's? Pro. I left them all in health.

Val. How does your lady? and how thrives your love?

Pro. My tales of love were wont to weary you;

I know you joy not in a love-discourse.

Val. Ay, Protheus, but that life is alter'd now; I have done penance for contemning love; Whose high imperious thoughts have punish'd me With bitter fasts, with penitential groans, With nightly tears, and daily heart-fore fighs; For, in revenge of my contempt of love, Love hath chac'd fleep from my enthralled eyes, And made them watchers of mine own heart's forrow. O, gentle Protheus! love's a mighty lord, And hath so humbled me, as I confess There is no woe to his correction, Nor, to his fervice, no fuch joy on earth! Now no discourse except it be of love; Now can I break my fast, dine, sup, and sleep, Upon the very naked name of love.

Pro. Enough; I read your fortune in your eye:

Was this the idol that you worship so?

Val. Even she; and is she not a heavenly faint?

Pro. No; but she is an earthly paragon.

Val. Call her divine.

Pro. I will not flatter her.

Val. O, flatter me! for love delights in praise. Pro. When I was fick you gave me bitter pills; And I must minister the like to you.

Val. Then speak the truth by her; if not divine,

Yet let her be a principality, Sovereign to all the creatures on the earth.

Pro. Except my mistress. Val. Sweet, except not any;

Except thou wilt except against my love:

Pro. Have I not reason to prefer my own?

Val. And I will help thee to prefer her too: She shall be dignified with this high honour—

To bear my lady's train; lest the base earth Should from her vesture chance to steal a kis, And, of so great a favour growing proud, Disdain to root the summer-swelling slower, And make rough winter everlastingly.

Pro. Why, Valentine, what braggardism is this? Val. Pardon me, Protheus; all I can is nothing To her, whose worth makes other worthies nothing;

She is alone.

Pro. Then let her alone.

Val. Not for the world: why, man, she is mine own; And I as rich in having such a jewel As twenty seas, if all their fand were pearl, The water nectar, and the rocks pure gold. Forgive me that I do not dream on thee, Because thou sees me doat upon my love. My foolish rival, that her father likes Only for his possessions are so huge, Is gone with her along; and I must after; For love, thou know'st, is full of jealousy.

Pro. But the loves you?

Val. Ay, and we are betroth'd; nay more, our marriage hour,

With all the cunning manner of our flight, Determin'd of: how I must climb her window; The ladder made of cords; and all the means Plotted and 'greed on for my happiness. Good Protheus, go with me to my chamber, In these affairs to aid me with thy counsel.

Pro. Go on before; I shall inquire you forth: I must unto the road, to disembark
Some necessaries that I needs must use;

And then I'll presently attend you.

Val. Will you make haste? Pro. I will.—

[Exit VAL.

Even as one heat another heat expels, Or as one nail by strength drives out another, So the remembrance of my former love Is by a newer object quite forgotten. Is it mine eye, or Valentino's praise, Her true perfection, or my false transgression, That makes me, reasonless, to reason thus? She's fair; and so is Julia, that I love; -That I did love, for now my love is thaw'd; Which, like a waxen image 'gainst a fire, Bears no impression of the thing it was. Methinks my zeal to Valentine is cold, And that I love him not as I was wont. O! but I love his lady too, too much; And that's the reason I love him so little. How shall I doat on her with more advice, That thus without advice begin to love her? 'Tis but her picture I have yet beheld, And that hath dazzled so my reason's light: But when I look on her perfections, There is no reason but I shall be blind. If I can check my erring love I will; If not, to compass her I'll use my skill.

[Exit.

### SCENE V. A Street.

### Enter SPEED and LAUNCE.

Speed. Launce! by mine honesty, welcome to Milan. Laun. Forswear not thyself, sweet youth; for I am not welcome. I reckon this always—that a man is never undone till he be hang'd; nor never welcome to a place till some certain shot be paid, and the hostess say, welcome.

Speed. Come on, you madcap, I'll to the alehouse with you presently; where, for one shot of five pence, thou shalt have five thousand welcomes. But, sirrah, how did thy master part with madam Julia?

Laun. Marry, after they clos'd in earnest, they parted

very fairly in jest.

Speed.

Speed. But shall she marry him?

Laun. No.

Speed. How then? Thall he marry her?

Laun. No, neither.

Speed. What, are they broken?

Laun. No, they are both as whole as a fish.

Speed. Why then, how stands the matter with them?

Laun. Marry, thus; when it stands well with him, it

stands well with her.

Speed. What an ass art thou? I understand thee not. Laun. What a block art thou that thou canst not? My staff understands me.

Speed. What thou fay'st?

Laun. Ay, and what I do too: look thee, I'll but lean, and my staff understands me.

Speed. It stands under thee, indeed.

Laun. Why, stand-under and understand is all one.

Speed. But tell me true, will't be a match?

Laun. Ask my dog; if he say ay, it will; if he say no, it will; if he shake his tail, and say nothing, it will.

Speed. The conclusion is then, that it will.

Laun. Thou shalt never get such a secret from me but by a parable.

Speed. 'Tis well that I get it fo. But, Launce, how fay'ft thou that thy master is become a notable lover?

Laun. I never knew him otherwise.

Speed. Than how?

Laun. A notable lubber, as thou reportest him to be. Speed. Why, thou whoreson as, thou mistakest me.

Laun. Why, fool, I meant not thee; I meant thy master.

Speed. I tell thee my master is become a hot lover.

Laun. Why, I tell thee I care not though he burn himfelf in love. If thou wilt go with me to the alehouse, so; if not, thou art an Hebrew, a Jew, and not worth the name of a Christian.

Speed. Why?

Laun. Because thou hast not so much charity in thee as to go to the alchouse with a Christian: wilt thou go?

Speed. At thy service?

[Execut.]

SCENE

### SCENE VI.

Enter PROTHEUS.

Pro. To leave my Julia, shall I be forsworn: To love fair Silvia, thall I be forfworn; To wrong my friend, I shall be much forfworn; And even that power, which gave me first my oath. Provokes me to this threefold perjury. Love bade me fwear, and love bids me forfwear; O, sweet-suggesting love! if thou hast sinn'd, Teach me, thy tempted subject, to excuse it. At first I did adore a twinkling star, But now I worship a celestial sun. Unheedful vows may heedfully be broken; And he wants wit that wants refolved will To learn his wit to exchange the bad for better. Fie, fie, unreverend tongue! to call her bad, Whose sovereignty so oft thou hast preferr'd With twenty thousand soul-confirming oaths. I cannot leave to love, and yet I do; But there I leave to love, where I should love. Julia I lose, and Valentine I lose: If I keep them, I needs must lose myself; If I lose them, this find I by their loss, For Valentine, myself; for Julia, Silvia. I to myself am dearer than a friend; For love is still more precious in itself: And Silvia, witness heaven that made her fair! Shews Julia but a fwarthy Ethiope. I will forget that Julia is alive, Remembering that my love to her is dead; And Valentine I'll hold an enemy, Aiming at Silvia as a sweeter friend. I cannot now prove constant to myself, Without some treachery us'd to Valentine.-This night he meaneth with a corded ladder To climb celestial Silvia's chamber window; Myself in counsel his competitor: Now presently I'll give her father notice Of their difguifing, and pretended flight; Who, all enrag'd, will banish Valentine;

For Thurio, he intends, shall wed his daughter: But, Valentine being gone, I'll quickly cross, By some sly trick, blunt Thurio's dull proceeding. Love, lend me wings to make my purpose swift, As thou hast lent me wit to plot this drift!

[Exit-

## SCENE VII. Julia's House in Verona.

## Enter Julia and Lucetta.

Jul. Counsel, Lucetta; gentle girl, assist me! And, even in kind love, I do conjure thee—Who art the table wherein all my thoughts Are visibly character'd and engrav'd—To lesson me; and tell me some good mean, How, with my honour, I may undertake A journey to my loving Protheus.

Luc. Alas! the way is wearifome and longful. A true-devoted pilgrim is not weary To measure kingdoms with his feeble steps; Much less shall the that hath love's wings to fly; And when the flight is made to one so dear, Of such divine perfection, as Sir Protheus.

Luc. Better forbear till Protheus make return. Ful. Oh! know'st thou not his looks are my foul's

food?
Pity the dearth that I have pined in,
By longing for that food fo long a time.
Didft thou but know the inly touch of love,
Thou would'ft as foon go kindle fire with fnow
As feek to quench the fire of love with words.

Luc. I do not feek to quench your love's hot fire; But qualify the fire's extreme rage,

Lest it should burn above the bounds of reason.

Jul. The more thou damm'st it up, the more it burns: The current that with gentle murmur glides, Thou know'st, being stopp'd, impatiently doth rage; But, when his fair course is not hindered, He makes sweet music with the enamell'd stones, Giving a gentle kiss to every sedge He overtaketh in his pilgrimage;

8

And so by many winding nooks he strays, With willing sport, to the wild ocean. Then let me go, and hinder not my course: I'll be as patient as a gentle stream, And make a passime of each weary step, Till the last step have brought me to my love; And there I'll rest; as, after much turmoil, A blessed soul doth in Elysium.

Luc. But in what habit will you go along?
Jul. Not like a woman; for I would prevent
The loose encounters of lascivious men:
Gentle Lucetta, fit me with such weeds

As may befer fome well-reputed page.

Luc. Why then your ladyship must cut your hair.

Jul. No, girl; Pll knit it up in filken strings,

With twenty odd-conceited true-love knots; To be fantastic may become a youth Of greater time than I shall shew to be:

Luc. What fashion, madam, shall I make your breeches? Jul. That fits as well as—"tell me, good my lord, "What compass will you wear your farthingale?" Why, even that fashion thou best lik'st, Lucetta.

Luc. You must needs have them with a cod-piece,

Jul. Out, out, Lucetta! that will be ill-favour'd. Luc. A round hose, madam, now's not worth a pin, Unless you have a cod-piece to stick pins on.

Jul. Lucetta, as thou lov'st me, let me have What thou think'st meet, and is most mannerly: But tell me, wench, how will the world repute me For undertaking so unstaid a journey? I fear me it will make me scandaliz'd.

Luc. If you think so, then stay at home, and go not.

Jul. Nay, that I will not.

Luc. Then never dream on infamy, but go. If Protheus like your journey when you come, No matter who's difpleas'd when you are gone: I fear me he will scarce be pleas'd withal.

Jul. That is the least, Lucetta, of my fear ;

A thousand oaths, an ocean of his tears,

And

And instances as infinite of love, Warrant me welcome to my Protheus.

Luc. All these are servants to deceitful men. Jul. Base men, that use them to so base effect! But truer stars did govern Protheus' birth: His words are bonds, his oaths are oracles; His love sincere, his thoughts immaculate; His tears pure messengers sent from his heart; His heart as far from fraud as heaven from earth.

Luc. Pray heaven he prove fo, when you come to him! Jul. Now, as thou lov'ft me, do him not that wrong,

To bear a hard opinion of his truth:
Only deferve my love by loving him;
And prefently go with me to my chamber
To take a note of what I fland in need of,
To furnish me upon my longing journey.
All that is mine I leave at thy dispose,
My goods, my lands, my reputation;
Only, in lieu thereof, dispatch me hence.
Come, answer not, but to it presently;
I am impatient of my tarrience.

[ Exeunt.

### ACT III.

SCENE I. The Duke's Palace in Milan.

Enter Duke, THURIO, and PROTHEUS.

Duke.

SIR Thurio, give us leave, I pray, a while; We have some secrets to confer about.

Exit THURIO,

Now tell me, Protheus, what's your will with me?

Pro. My gracious lord, that which I would discover,
The law of friendship bids me to conceal:
But, when I call to mind your gracious favours
Done to me, undeserving as I am,
My duty pricks me on to utter that
Which else no worldly good should draw from me.
Know, worthy prince, Sir Valentine, my friend,
This night intends to steal away your daughter;
My

Myself

Myself am one made privy to the plot. I know you have determin'd to bestow her On Thurio, whom your gentle daughter hates; And should she thus be stolen away from you, It would be much vexation to your age. Thus, for my duty's sake, I rather chose To cross my friend in his intended drist, Than, by concealing it, heap on your head A pack of forrows, which would press you down, Being unprevented, to your timeless grave.

Duke. Protheus, I thank thee for thine honest car; Which to requite, command me while I live. This love of theirs myself have often seen, Haply, when they have judg'd me fast asseep; And oftentimes have purpos'd to forbid Sir Valentine her company, and my court: But, fearing lest my jealous aim might err, And so unworthily disgrace the man (A rashness that I ever yet have shunn'd), I gave him gentle looks; thereby to find That which thyself hast now disclos'd to me. And, that thou may'st perceive my fear of this,

And, that thou may'ft perceive my fear of this, Knowing that tender youth is foon suggested, I nightly lodge her in an upper tower, The key whereof myself have ever kept; And thence she cannot be convey'd away.

Pro. Know, noble lord, they have devis'd a mean How he her chamber-window will ascend, And with a corded ladder fetch her down; For which the youthful lover now is gone, And this way comes he with it presently; Where, if it please you, you may intercept him. But, good my lord, do it so cunningly, That my discovery be not aimed at; For love of you, not hate unto my friend,

Hath made me publisher of this pretence.

Duke. Upon mine honour he shall never know
That I had any light from thee of this.

Pro. Adieu, my lord; Sir Valentine is coming.

[Exit Pro.

### Enter VALENTINE.

Duke. Sir Valentine, whither away fo fast?

Val. Please it your grace, there is a messenger.

That stays to bear my letters to my friends,

And I am going to deliver them.

Duke. Be they of much import?

Val. The tenor of them doth but fignify My health, and happy being at your court.

Duke. Nay, then no matter; flay with me a while is I am to break with thee of some affairs, That touch me near, wherein thou must be secret. Tis not unknown to thee that I have sought To match my friend Sir Thurio to my daughter.

Val. I know it well, my lord; and, fure, the match Were rich and honourable; befides, the gentleman Is full of virtue, bounty, worth, and qualities, Beferming fuch a wife as your fair daughter:

Cannot your grace win her to fancy him?

Duke. No, trust me; she is peevish, sullen, froward, Proud, disobedient, slubborn, lacking duty; Neither regarding that she is my child, Nor fearing me as if I were her father: And, may I say to thee, this pride of her's, Upon advice, hath drawn my love from her; And, where I thought the remnant of mine age Should have been cherish'd by her child-like duty, I now am full resolv'd to take a wife, And turn her out to who will take her in: Then let her beauty be her wedding-dower; For me, and my possessions, she esteems not.

Val. What would your grace have me to do in this?

Duke. There is a lady, fir, in Milan, here,

Whom I affect; but she is nice, and coy,

And nought efteems my aged eloquence: Now, therefore, would I have thee to my tutor. (For long agone I have forgot to court; Befides, the fashion of the time is chang'd), How, and which way, I may bestow myself, To be regarded in her sun-bright eye.

Val. Win her with gifts, if the respect not words;

Dumb

Dum'b jewels often, in their filent kind, More than quick words, do move a woman's mind.

Duke. But she did scorn a present that I sent her.

Val. A woman scorns sometimes what best contents her:

Send her another; never give her o'er;
For scorn at first makes after-love the more.
If she do frown, 'tis not in hate of you,
But rather to beget more love in you:
If she do chide, 'tis not to have you gone;
For why, the fools are mad if left alone.
Take no repulse, whatever she doth say:
For get you gone, she doth not mean away:
Flatter, and praise, commend, extol their graces;
Though ne'er so black say they have angels' faces.
That man that hath a tongue, I say, is no man,
If with his tongue he cannot win a woman.

Duke. But she, I mean, is promis'd by her friends

Unto a youthful gentleman of worth; And kept feverely from refort of men, That no man hath access by day to her.

Val. Why then I would refort to her by night.

Duke. Ay, but the doors be lock'd, and keys kept fafe,

That no man hath recourse to her by night.

Val. What lets but one may enter at her window? Duke. Her chamber is aloft, far from the ground;

And built, so shelving, that one cannot climb it

Without apparent hazard of his life.

Val. Why, then a ladder, quaintly made of cords, To cast up, with a pair of anchoring hooks, Would serve to scale another Hero's tower,

So bold Leander would adventure it.

Duke. Now, as thou art a gentleman of blood, Advise me where I may have such a ladder.

Val. When would you use it? pray, fir, tell me that.

Duke. This very night; for love is like a child

That longs for every thing that he can ever a him.

That longs for every thing that he can come by.

Val. By feven o'clock I'll get you fuch a ladder.

Duke. But hark thee; I will go to her alone;

How shall I best convey the ladder thither?

Val. It will be light, my lord, that you may bear it Under a cloak that is of any length,.

C 3

Duke. A cloak as long as thine will ferve the turn? Val. Ay, my good lord.

Duke. Then let me see thy cloak; I'll get me one of such another length.

Val. Why, any cloak will ferve the turn, my lord.

Duke. How shall I fashion me to wear a cloak?—

I pray thee let me feel thy cloak upon me.——

What letter is this fame? what's here?—

[To SILVIA?

And here an engine fit for my proceeding! I'll be so bold to break the seal for once.

[Duke reads.

My thoughts do harbour with my Silvia nightly,

And flaves they are to me that send them flying:

Oh could their master seems and so as lightly

Oh, could their master come and go as lightly,
Himself would lodge where senseles they are lying!
My herald thoughts in thy pure bosom rest them;
While I, their king, that thither them importune,
Do curse the grace that with such grace hath bless'd them,

Because myself do want my servant's fortune: I curse myself, for they are sent by me,

That they should harbour where their lord would be.

What's here? Silvia, this night will I enfranchise thee: 'Tis so; and here's the ladder for the purpose.—Why, Phaëton (for thou art Merops' son), Wilt thou aspire to guide the heavenly car, And with thy daring folly burn the world? Wilt thou reach stars, because they shine on thee? Go, base intruder! over-weening slave! Bestow thy sawning smiles on equal mates; And think my patience more than thy desert,

Is privilege for thy departure hence: Thank me for this, more than for all the favours Which, all too much, I have bestow'd on thee.

But, if thou linger in my territories Longer than swiftest expedition

Will give thee time to leave our royal court, By heaven, my wrath shall far exceed the love I ever bore my daughter, or thyself!

Be gone, I will not hear thy vain excuse;

But, as thou lov'st thy life, make speed from hence. [Exit. Val.

Val. And why not death rather than living torment? To die, is to be banish'd from myself; And Silvia is myfelf: banish'd from her, Is felf from felf; a deadly banishment! What light is light, if Silvia be not feen? What joy is joy, if Silvia be not by? Unless it be to think that she is by, And feed upon the shadow of perfection. Except I be by Silvia in the night There is no music in the nightingale; Unless I look on Silvia in the day There is no day for me to look upon; She is my essence; and I leave to be, If I be not by her fair influence Foster'd, illumin'd, cherish'd, kept alive. I fly not death, to fly his deadly doom: Tarry I here, I but attend on death; But, fly I hence, I fly away from life.

#### Enter PROTHEUS and LAUNCE.

Pro. Run, boy, run; run, and feek him out.

Laun. So-ho! fo-ho! Pro. What see'st thou?

Laun. Him we go to find: there's not a hair On's head but 'tis a Valentine.

Pro. Valentine?

Val. No.

Pro. Who then? his spirit?

Val. Neither.

Pro. What then?

Val. Nothing.

Laun. Can nothing speak? master, shall I strike?

Pro. Whom would'st thou strike?

Laun. Nothing. Pro. Villain, forbear.

Laun. Why, fir, I'll strike nothing: I pray you-Pro. Sirrah, I fay, forbear: Friend Valentine, a word.

Val. My ears are stopp'd, and cannot hear good news, So much of bad already hath poffefs'd them.

Pro. Then in dumb filence will I bury mine, For they are harsh, untuneable, and bad.

Val

Val. Is Silvia dead? Pro. No, Valentine.

Val. No Valentine, indeed, for facred Silvia!

Pro. No, Valentine.

Val. No, Valentine, if Silvia have forfworn me!—What is your news?

Laun. Sir, there's a proclamation that you are vanish'd.

Pro. That thou art banish'd, oh, that is the news!

From hence, from Silvia, and from me thy friend. Val. Oh, I have fed upon this wo already,

And now excess of it will make me furfeit. Doth Silvia know that I am banish'd?

Pro. Ay, ay; and she hath offer'd to the doom (Which, unrevers'd, stands in effectual force)
A sea of melting pearl, which some call tears:
Those at her father's churlish seet she tender'd;
With them, upon her knees, her humble self,
Wringing her hands, whose whiteness so became them,
As if but now they waxed pale for wo:
But neither bended knees, pure hands held up,
Sad sighs, deep groans, nor silver-shedding tears,
Could penetrate her uncompassionate sire;
But Valentine, if he be ta'en, must die.
Besides, her intercession chas'd him so,
When she for thy repeal was suppliant,
That to close prison he commanded her,
With many bitter threats of 'biding there.

Val. No more; unless the next word that thou speak it Have some malignant power upon my life:

If fo, I pray thee breathe it in mine ear, As ending anthem of my endless dolour.

Pro. Cease to lament for that thou can'st not help. And study help for that which thou lament'st. Time is the nurse and breeder of all good. Here if thou stay, thou can'st not see thy love; Besides, thy staying will abridge thy life. Hope is a lover's staff; walk hence with that, And manage it against despairing thoughts. Thy letters may be here, though thou art hence;

Which

Which, being writ to me, shall be deliver'd Even in the milk-white bosom of thy love.

The time now serves not to expostulate:

Come, I'll convey thee through the city-gate;

And, ere I part with thee, confer at large
Of all that may concern thy love affairs:
As thou lovest Silvia, though not for thyself,
Regard thy danger, and along with me.

Val. I pray thee, Launce, an if thou see'st my boy, Bid him make haste, and meet me at the north gate.

Pro. Go, sirrah, find him out. Come, Valentine.

Val. O, my dear Silvia! hapless Valentine!

[ Exeunt VALENTINE and PROTHEUS. Laun. I am but a fool, look you; and yet I have the wit to think my mafter is a kind of a knave: but that's all one if he be but one knave. He lives not now that knows me to be in love: yet I am in love; but a team of horse shall not pluck that from me; nor who 'tis I love, and yet tis a woman: but what woman, I will not tell myfelf, and yet 'tis a milk-maid: yet 'tis not a maid, for fhe hath had goffips: yet 'tis a maid, for she is her master's maid, and ferves for wages. She hath more qualities than a waterspaniel-which is much in a bare Christian. Here is the cat-log [Pulling out a paper] of her conditions. Imprimis, She can fetch and carry: Why, a horse can do no more: nay, a horse cannot fetch, but only carry; therefore is she better than a jade. Item, She can milk, look you: A fweet virtue in a maid with clean hands.

### Enter Speed.

Speed. How now, fignior Launce, what news with your mastership?

Laun. With my master's ship? why, it is at sea.

Speed. Well, your old vice still; mistake the word: What news then in your paper?

Laun. The blackest news that ever thou heardst.

Speed. Why, man, how black? Laun. Why, as black as ink.

Speed. Let me read them.

Laun. Fie on thee, jolt-head; thou canst not read.

Speed.

Speed. Thou lieft, I can.

Laun. I will try thee: Tell me this; Who begot thee?

Speed. Marry, the fon of my grandfather.

Laun. O, illiterate loiterer! it was the fon of thy grand-mother; this proves that thou canst not read.

Speed. Come, fool, come: try me in thy paper. Laun. There; and St. Nicholas be thy speed!

Speed. Imprimis, She can milk. Laun. Ay, that she can.

Speed. Item, She brews good ale.

Laun. And therefore comes the proverb—Bleffing of your heart, you brew good ale.

Speed. Item, She can few.

Laun. That's as much as to fay, Can she so?

Speed. Item, She can knit.

Laun. What need a man care for a stock with a wench when she can knit him a stock.

Speed. Item, She can wash and scour.

Laun. A special virtue; for then she need not to be wash'd and scour'd.

Speed. Item, She can spin.

Laun. Then may I fet the world on wheels, when she can spin for her living.

Speed. Item, She hath many nameless virtues.

Laun. That's as much as to fay, Bastard virtues; that, indeed, know not their fathers, and therefore have no names.

Speed. Here follow her vices.

Laun. Close at the heels of her virtues.

Speed. Item, She is not to be kifs'd fasting, in respect of her breath.

Laun. Well that fault may be mended with a breakfast:

Read on.

Speed. Item, She hath a sweet mouth.

Laun. That makes amends for her four breath.

Speed. Item, She doth talk in her fleep.

Laun. It's no matter for that, so she sleep not in her alk.

Speed. Item, She is flow in words.

Laux. O villain! that fet down among her vices! To

be flow in words is a woman's only virtue: I pray thee, out with't; and place it for her chief virtue.

Speed. Item, She is proud.

Laun. Out with that too! it was Eve's legacy, and cannot be ta'en from her.

Speed. Item, She hath no teeth.

Laun. I care not for that neither, because I love crusts.

Speed. Item, She is curst.

Laun. Well; the best is, she hath no teeth to bite.

Speed. Item, She will often praise her liquor.

Laun. If her liquor be good the shall: if she will not I will; for good things should be praised.

Speed. Item, She is too liberal.

Laun. Of her tongue she cannot; for that's writ down she is flow of: of her purse she shall not; for that I'll keep shut: now of another thing she may; and that I cannot help. Well, proceed.

Speed. Item, She hath more hair than wit, and more faults

than hairs, and more wealth than faults.

Laun. Stop there; I'll have her: fhe was mine, and not mine, twice or thrice in that last article. Rehearse that once more.

Speed. Item, She hath more hair than wit-

Laun. More hair than wit—it may be; I'll prove it: The cover of the falt hides the falt, and therefore it is more than the falt: the hair that covers the wit is more than the wit; for the greater hides the less. What's next?

Speed .- And more faults than hairs-

Laun. That's monstrous: oh, that that were out!

Speed.—And more wealth than faults.

Laun. Why, that word makes the fault gracious: Well, I'll have her: And if it be a match, as nothing is impossible—

Speed. What then?

Laun. Why, then will I tell thee—that thy master stays for thee at the north gate.

Speed. For me!

Laun. For thee! ay; who art thou? he hath staid for a better man than thee.

Speed. And must I go to him?

7

Laur.

Laun. Thou must run to him, for thou hast staid so long, that going will scarce serve the turn.

Speed. Why didst not tell me sooner? pox on your love-

letters!

Laun. Now will he be fwing'd for reading my letter: An unmannerly flave, that will thrust himself into secrets!

—I'll after, to rejoice in the boy's correction. [Exeunt.

#### SCENE II.

Enter Duke and THURIO, and PROTHEUS behind.

Duke. Sir Thurio, fear not but that fhe will love you Now Valentine is banish'd from her fight.

Thu. Since his exile she hath despis'd me most,

Forfworn my company, and rail'd at me, That I am desperate of obtaining her.

Duke. This weak impress of love is as a figure Trench'd in ice; which with an hour's heat Dissolves to water, and doth lose his form. A little time will melt her frozen thoughts, And worthless Valentine shall be forgot.—How now, Sir Protheus? Is your countryman, According to our proclamation, gone?

Pro. Gone, my good lord.

Duke. My daughter takes his going heavily.

Pro. A little time, my lord, will kill that grief.

Duke. So I believe; but Thurio thinks not fo.—

Protheus, the good conceit I hold of thee

(For thou hast shewn some sign of good desert), Makes me the better to confer with thee.

Pro. Longer than I prove loyal to your grace,

Let me not live to look upon your grace.

Duke. Thou know'ft how willingly I would effect
The match between Sir Thurio and my daughter.

Pro. I do, my lord.

Duke. And also, I do think, thou art not ignorant How she opposes her against my will.

Pro. She did, my lord, when Valentine was here. Dake. Ay, and perverfely the perseveres so.

What

What might we do to make the girl forget. The love of Valentine, and love Sir Thurio.

Pro. The best way is to stander Valentine With falsehood, cowardice, and poor descent; Three things that women highly hold in hate.

Duke. Ay, but she'll think that it is spoke in hatc.

Pro. Ay, if his enemy deliver it:

Therefore it must, with circumstance, be spoken By one whom she esteemeth as his friend.

Duke. Then you must undertake to slander him. Pro. And that, my lord, I shall be loth to do:

'Tis an ill office for a gentleman; Especially against his very friend.

Duke. Where your good word cannot advantage him,

Therefore the office is indifferent, Being entreated to it by your friend.

Pro. You have prevail'd, my lord: if I can do it, By aught that I can speak in his dispraise, She shall not long continue love to him. But say, thus weed her love from Valentine, It follows not that she will love Sir Thurio.

Thu. Therefore, as you unwind her love from him, Lest it should ravel, and be good to none, You must provide to bottom it on me:
Which must be done, by praising me as much

As you in worth dispraise Sir Valentine.

Duke. And, Protheus, we dare trust you in this kind; Because we know, on Valentine's report, You are already love's firm votary, And cannot soon revolt and change your mind. Upon this warrant shall you have access, Where you with Silvia may confer at large; For she is lumpsh, heavy, melancholy, And, for your friend's sake, will be glad of you; Where you may temper her, by your persuasion, To hate young Valentine, and love my friend.

Pro. As much as I can do, I will effect:— But you, Sir Thurio, are not sharp enough; You must lay lime to tangle her desires, By wailful fonnets, whose composed rhimes Should be full fraught with serviceable vows.

Duke. Ay, much is the force of heaven-bred poefy.

Pro. Say, that upon the altar of her beauty
You facrifice your tears, your fighs, your heart:
Write till your ink be dry; and with your tears
Moist it again; and frame some feeling line
That may discover such integrity:
For Orpheus' lute was strung with poets' sinews;
Whose golden touch could soften steel and stones,
Make tigers tame, and huge leviathans
Forsake unsounded deeps to dance on fands.
After your dire-lamenting elegies,
Visit by night your lady's chamber-window
With some sweet concert; to their instruments
Tune a deploring dump; the night's dead silence
Will well become such sweet complaining grievance.
This, or else nothing, will inherit her.

Duke. This discipline shews thou hast been in love. Thu. And thy advice this night I'll put in practice:

Therefore, sweet Protheus, my direction-giver,

Let us into the city presently

To sort some gentlemen well skill'd in music:

I have a fonnet that will ferve the turn To give the onset to thy good advice.

Duke. About it gentlemen.

Pro. We'll wait upon your grace till after supper;

And afterwards determine our proceedings.

Duke. Even now about it; I will pardon you. [ Exeunt.

### ACT IV.

SCENE I. A Forest leading towards Mantua.

Enter certain Outlaws.

I Outlaw.

PELLOWS, fland fast; I see a passenger.
2 Out. If there be ten shrink not, but down with 'em.

Enter VALENTINE and SPEED.

3 Out. Stand, fir, and throw us what you have about

If not, we'll make you fit, and rifle you.

Speed.

**Speed.** Sir, we are undone! these are the villains That all the travellers do fear so much.

Val. My friends -

I Out. That's not fo, fir; we are your enemies.

2 Out. Peace; we'll hear him.

3 Out. Ay, by my beard, will we;

For he's a proper man.

Val. Then know that I have little wealth to lose:

A man I am, cross'd with adversity; My riches are these poor habiliments, Of which, if you should here disfurnish me, You take the sum and substance that I have.

2 Out. Whither travel you?

Val. To Verona.

I Out. Whence came you?

Val. From Milan.

3 Out. Have you long sojourn'd there?

Val. Some fixteen months; and longer might have flaid, If crooked fortune had not thwarted me.

I Out. What, were you banish'd thence?

· Val. I was.

2 Out. For what offence?

Val. For that which now torments me to rehearfe:

I kill'd a man, whose death I much repent;

But yet I slew him manfully in fight, Without false 'vantage, or base treachery.

1 Out. Why ne'er repent it, if it were done so:

But were you banish'd for so small a fault?

Val. I was, and held me glad of fuch a doom.

I Out. Have you the tongues?

Val. My youthful travel therein made me happy,

Or else I often had been miserable.

3 Out. By the bare scalp of Robin Hood's fat friar, This fellow were a king for our wild faction!

1 Out. We'il have him: firs, a word.

Speed. Master, be one of them;

It is a kind of honourable thievery.

Val. Peace, villain!

2 Out. Tell us this; have you any thing to take to? Val. Nothing but my fortune.

3 Out.

3 Out. Know then, that some of us are gentlement Such as the sury of ungovern'd youth Thrust from the company of awful men:
Myself was from Verona banish'd For practising to steal away a lady,
An heir, and niece ally'd unto the duke.

2 Out. And I from Mantua, for a gentleman; Whom, in my mood, I stabb'd unto the heart.

I Out. And I for fuch like petty crimes as these. But to the purpose—(for we cite our faults That they may hold excus'd our lawless lives) And partly seeing you are beautify'd With goodly shape, and by your own report A linguist, and a man of such perfection As we do in our quality much want—

2 Out. Indeed, because you are a banish'd man, Therefore, above the rest, we parley to you:
A're you content to be our general?

To make a virtue of necessity,

And live, as we do, in the wilderness?

3 Out. What fay'st thou? wilt thou be of our confort? Say ay, and be the captain of us all:
We'll do thee homage, and be rul'd by thee;
Love thee as our commander and our king.

1 Out. But if thou scorn our courtesy thou dy'st.

2 Out. Thou shalt not live to brag what we have offer'd. Val. I take your offer, and will live with you.; Provided that you do no outrages

On filly women or poor passengers...

3 Out. No; we deter such vile, base practices. Come, go with us, we'll bring thee to our crews, And shew thee all the treasure we have got; Which, with ourselves, all rest at thy dispose. [Execut.

# SCENE II. Under SILVIA'S Apartment in Milan.

### Enter PROTHEUS.

Pro. Already have I been false to Valentine, And now I must be as unjust to Thurio.

Under

Under the colour of commending him, I have access my own love to prefer; But Silvia is too fair, too true, too holy, To be corrupted with my worthless gifts. When I protest true loyalty to her, She twits me with my falsehood to my friend; When to her beauty I commend my vows, She bids me think how I have been forsworn In breaking faith with Julia whom I lov'd: And, notwithstanding all her sudden quips, The least whereof would quell a lover's hope, Yet, spaniel-like, the more she spurns my love The more it grows, and fawneth on her still. But here comes Thurio: now must we to her window, And give some evening music to her ear.

### Enter THURIO and Musicians.

Thu. How now, Sir Protheus, are you crept before us?

Pro. Ay, gentle Thurio; for you know that love
Will creep in service where it cannot go.

Thu. Ay, but I hope, fir, that you love not here. Pro. Sir, but I do; or else I would be hence.

Thu. Whom, Silvia?

Pro. Ay, Silvia-for your fake.

Thu. I thank you for your own. Now, gentlemen, Let's tune, and to it lustily for a while.

Enter Host, at a Distance; and Julia in Boy's Clothes.

Host. Now, my young guest! methinks you're ally-cholly; I pray you why is it?

Jul. Marry, mine host, because I cannot be merry.

Hoft. Come, we'll have you merry; I'll bring you where you shall hear music, and see the gentleman that you ask'd for.

Jul. But shall I hear him speak?

Host. Ay, that you shall. Jul. That will be music.

Hoft. Hark! hark!

Jul. Is he among these?

Host. Ay; but peace, let's hear 'em.

### SONG.

Who is Silvia? what is she,
That all our swains commend her?
Holy, fair, and wise, is she;
The heavens such grace did lend her,
That she might admired be.

Is she kind as she is fair?

For beauty lives with kindness:
Love doth to her eyes repair,

To help him of his blindness;
And, being help'd, inhabits there.

Then to Silvia let us fing,
That Silvia is excelling;
She excels each mortal thing
Upon the dull earth dwelling:
To her let us garlands bring.

Host. How now? are you fadder than you were before? How do you, man? the music likes you not.

Jul: You mistake; the musician likes me not.

Host. Why, my pretty youth? Jul. He plays false, father?

Hoft. How? out of tune on the strings?

Jul. Not so; but yet so false that he grieves my very heart-strings.

Host. You have a quick car.

Jul. Ay, I would I were deaf! it makes me have a flow heart.

Host. I perceive you delight not in music.

Jul. Not a whit when it jars so.

Hoft. Hark! what fine change is in the music.

Jul. Ay, that change is the spite.

Host. You would have them always play but one thing. Jul. I would always have one play but one thing.

But, host, doth this Sir Protheus, that we talk on, Often resort unto this gentlewoman?

Hoft. I tell you what Launce his man told me, he lov'd her out of all nick.

Ful. Where is Launce?

Host. Gone to feek his dog; which to-morrow, by his master's command, he must carry for a present to his lady.

Jul. Peace! stand aside, the company parts. Pro. Sir Thurio, sear not you! I will so plead,

That you shall say my cunning drift excels.

Thu. Where meet we? Pro. At Saint Gregory's well.

Thu. Farewell. [Exeunt THURIO and Music

# SILVIA appears above at her Window.

Pro. Madam, good even to your ladyship.

Sil. I thank you for your music, gentlemen:

Who is that spake?

Pro. One, lady, if you knew his pure heart's truth You'd quickly learn to know him by his voice.

Sil. Sir Protheus, as I take it.

Pro. Sir Protheus, gentle lady, and your servant.

Sil. What is your will?

Pro. That I may compass yours.

Sil. You have your wish; my will is even this-That presently you hie you home to bed.

Thou subtle, perjur'd, false, disloyal man! Think'ft thou I'm so shallow, so conceitless,

To be feduc'd by thy flattery,

That hast deceived so many with thy vows? Return, return, and make thy love amends.

For me, by this pale queen of night I fwear I am so far from granting thy request,

That I despise thee for thy wrongful suit; And by and bye intend to chide myself, Even for this time I spend in talking to thee.

Pro. I grant, fweet love, that I did love a lady;

But she is dead.

Jul. [Aside.] 'Twere false, if I should speak it;

For I am fure she is not buried.

Sil. Say that she be, yet Valentine thy friend Survives; to whom thyself art witness I am betroth'd; and art thou not asham'd To wrong him with thy importunacy?

Pro. I likewise hear that Valentine is dead.

Sil. And so suppose am I; for in his grave Assure thyself my love is buried.

Pro. Sweet lady, let me rake it from the earth. Sil. Go to thy lady's grave and call her's thence;

Or, at the least, in her's sepulchre thine.

Jul. [Aside.] He heard not that.

Pro. Madam, if that your heart be so obdurate,
Vouchsafe me yet your picture for my love,
The picture that is hanging in your chamber;
To that I'll speak, to that I'll sigh and weep;
For, since the substance of your perfect self
Is else devoted, I am but a shadow;
And to your shadow will I make true love.

Jul. [Aside.] If 'twere a substance, you would sure

deceive it,

And make it but a shadow; as I am.

Sil. I am very loath to be your idol, fir; But, fince your falfehood fhall become you well To worship shadows, and adore false shapes, Send to me in the morning, and I'll send it; And so good rest.

*Pro*. As wretches have o'er night That wait for execution in the morn.

[Exeunt PROTHEUS and SILVIA.

Jul. Hoft, will you go?

Host. By my hallidom I was fast asleep. Jul. Pray you, where lies Sir Protheus?

Hoft. Marry, at my house: trust me I think tis almost day.

Jul. Not so; but it hath been the longest night That e'er I watch'd, and the most heaviest. [Exeunt.

# SCENE III.

### Enter EGLAMOUR.

Egl. This is the hour that madam Silvia Entreated me to call, and know her mind; There's fome great matter she'd employ me in.—Madam, madam!

SILVIA

### SILVIA above at her Window.

Sil. Who calls?

Egl. Your servant and your friend; One that attends your ladyship's command.

Sil. Sir Eglamour, a thousand times good morrow.

Egl. As many, worthy lady, to yourself. According to your ladyship's impose, I am thus early come to know what service

It is your pleasure to command me in.

Sil. O, Eglamour! thou art a gentleman (Think not I flatter, for I swear I do not) Valiant, wife, remorfeful, well accomplish'd, Thou art not ignorant what dear good will I bear unto the banish'd Valentine; Nor how my father would enforce me marry Vain Thurio, whom my very foul abhors. Thyself hast lov'd; and I have heard thee fay No grief did ever come fo near thy heart, As when thy lady and thy true love dy'd, Upon whose grave thou vow'dst pure chastity. Sir Eglamour, I would to Valentine, To Mantua, where I hear he makes abode; And, for the ways are dangerous to pass, I do defire thy worthy company, Upon whose faith and honour I repose. Urge not my father's anger, Eglamour, But think upon my grief, a lady's grief; And on the justice of my flying hence, To keep me from a most unholy match, Which heaven and fortune still reward with plagues, I do desire thee, even from a heart As full of forrows as the fea of fands, To bear me company, and go with me: If not, to hide what I have faid to thee, That I may venture to depart alone.

Egl. Madam, I pity much your grievances; Which, fince I know they virtuously are plac'd, I give consent to go along with you; Recking as little what betideth me, As much I wish all good befortune you.

When will you go?

Sil. This evening coming.

Egl. Where shall I meet you?

Sil. At friar Patrick's cell,

Where I intend holy confession.

Egl. I will not fail your ladyship:

Good-morrow, gentle lady.

Sil. Good-morrow, kind Sir Eglemour.

[Exeunt.

### Enter LAUNCE, with his Dog.

Laun. When a man's fervant shall play the cur with him, look you, it goes hard: one that I brought up of a puppy; one that I fav'd from drowning, when three or four of his blind brothers and fifters went to it! I have taught himeven as one would fay precifely, Thus I would teach a dog. I was sent to deliver him as a present to Mistress Silvia, from my master; and I came no sooner into the diningchamber but he steps me to her trencher, and steals her capon's leg. O, 'tis a foul thing, when a cur cannot keep himself in all companies! I would have, as one should say, one that takes upon him to be a dog indeed, to be, as it were, a dog at all things. If I had not had more wit than he, to take a fault upon me that he did, I think verily he had been hang'd for't; fure as I live he had fuffer'd for't: you shall judge. He thrusts me himself into the company of three or four gentlemen-like dogs under the duke's table: he had not been there (blefs the mark) a piffing while, but all the chamber smelt him. Out with the dog, says one; What cur is that? says another; Whip him out, says the third; Hang him up, fays the duke: I, having been acquainted with the smell before, knew it was Crab; and goes me to the fellow that whips the dogs: Friend, quoth I, you mean to whip the dog? Ay, marry, do I, quoth he. You do him the more wrong, quoth I; 'twas I did the thing you wot of. He makes no more ado, but whips me out of the chamber. How many masters would do this for their servant? nay, I'll be fworn I have fat in the stocks for puddings he hath stolen, otherwise he had been executed: I have stood on the pillory for geefe he hath kill'd, otherwife he had fuffer'd for't: thou think'ft not of this now !- Nay, I remember the trick you ferv'd me, when I took my leave of madam Silvia; did not I bid thee still mark me, and do as I do?

do? when didst thou see me heave up my leg, and make water against a gentlewoman's farthingale? didst thou ever see me do such a trick?

### Enter PROTHEUS and JULIA.

Pro. Sebastian is thy name? I like thee well, And will employ thee in some service presently.

Ful. In what you please;—I'll do, Sir, what I can.

Pro. I hope thou wilt.—How now, you whoreson peafant.

[To Launce.

Where have you been these two days loitering?

Laun. Marry, fir, I carry'd mistress Silvia the dog you bade me.

Pro. And what fays she to my little jewel?

Laun. Marry, she says your dog was a cur; and tells you currish thanks is good enough for such a present.

Pro. But she receiv'd my dog?

Laun. No, indeed, she did not: here I have brought him back again.

Pro. What, didst thou offer her this from me?

Laun. Ay, fir; the other squirrel was stol'n from me by the hangman's boy in the market-place: and then I offer'd her mine own; who is a dog as big as ten of yours, and, therefore the gift the greater.

Pro. Go, get thee hence, and find my dog again,

Or ne'er return again into my fight.

Away, I say: Stay'st thou to vex me here? A slave, that still an end turns me to shame.

[Exit LAUNCE

Sebastian, I have entertained thee,
Partly, that I have need of such a youth,
That can with some discretion do my business.
For 'tis no trusting to yon foolish lowt;
But chiefly for thy face, and thy behaviour;
Which (if my augury deceive me not)
Witness good bringing up, fortune, and truth:
Therefore know thou; for this I entertain thee.
Go presently, and take this ring with thee
Deliver it to madam Silvia:
She lov'd me well, deliver'd it to me.

D 4

Jul. It feems you lov'd not her, to leave her token; She's dead, belike.

Pro. Not fo; I think fhe lives.

'Jul. Alas!

Pro. Why do'ft thou cry alas? Jul. I cannot choose but pity her.

Pro. Wherefore should'st thou pity her?

Jul. Because, methinks, that she lov'd you as well

As you do love your lady Silvia:

She dreams on him that has forgot her love; You doat on her that cares not for your love. 'Tis pity love should be so contrary,

And, thinking on it, makes me cry alas!

Pro. Well, give her that ring, and therewithal This letter;—that's her chamber.—Tell my lady, I claim the promise for her heavenly picture. Your message done, hie home unto my chamber, Where thou shalt find me sad and solitary.

Exit PROTHEUS.

Ful. How many women would do fuch a meffage? Alas, poor Protheus! thou hast entertain'd A fox to be the shepherd of thy lambs: Alas, poor fool! why do I pity him That with his very heart despiseth me? Because he loves her he despiseth me; Because I love him I must pity him. This ring I gave him when he parted from me, To bind him to remember my good will: And now I am (unhappy messenger) To plead for that which I would not obtain; To carry that which I would have refus'd; To praise his faith which I would have disprais'd, I am my master's true confirmed love; But cannot be true servant to my master, Unless I prove falle traitor to myself. Yet will I woo for him; but yet fo coldly, As, heaven it knows, I would not have him speed.

#### Enter SILVIA.

Gentlewoman, good-day! I pray you be my mean To bring me where to speak with madam Silvia.

Sil. What would you with her, if that I be she? Jul. If you be she, I do entreat your patience To hear me speak the message I am sent on.

Sil. From whom?

Jul. From my master, Sir Protheus, madam.

Sil. Oh! he fends you for a picture?

Jul. Ay, madam.

Sil. Ursula, bring my picture there.

[ Picture brought.

Go, give your master this: tell him from me, One Julia, that his changing thoughts forget, Would better fit his chamber than this shadow.

Jul. Madam, please you peruse this letter.
—Pardon me, madam; I have unadvis'd
Deliver'd you a paper that I should not;
This is the letter to your ladyship.

Sil. I pray thee let me look on that again. Ful. It may not be; good madam, pardon me.

Sil. There, hold.

I will not look upon your master's lines:
I know they are stuff'd with protestations,
And full of new-found oaths; which he will break
As easily as I do tear this paper.

Jul. Madam, he fends your ladyship this ring. Sil. The more shame for him that he fends it me:

For, I have heard him fay a thousand times, His Julia gave it him at his departure: Though his false finger hath profan'd the ring, Mine shall not do his Julia so much wrong.

Ful. She thanks you. Sil. What fay'ff thou?

Jul. I thank you, madam, that you tender her: Poor gentlewoman! my mafter wrongs her much.

Sil. Dost thou know her?

Jul. Almost as well as I do know myself:

To think upon her woes, I do protest

That I have wept an hundred feveral times.

Sil. Belike she thinks that Protheus hath for sook her.

Yul. I think she doth; and that's her cause of forrow.

Sil. Is she not passing fair?

Ful.

Jul. She hath been fairer, madam, than she is : When she did think my master lov'd her well, She, in my judgment, was as fair as you; But since she did neglect her looking-glass, And threw her sun-expelling mask away, The air hath starv'd the roses in her cheeks, And pinch'd the lily-tincture of her face, That now she is become as black as I.

Sil. How tall was she?

Jul. About my stature: for, at Pentecost, When all our pageants of delight were play'd, Our youth got me to play the woman's part, And I was trimm'd in madam Julia's gown; Which served me as fit, by all men's judgment, As if the garment had been made for me: Therefore I know she is about my height. And, at that time, I made her weep a-good, For I did play a lamentable part: Madam, 'twas Ariadne, passioning For Theseus' perjury, and unjust slight; Which I so lively acted with my tears That my poor mistress, moved therewithal, Wept bitterly; and, would I might be dead, If I in thought felt not her very forrow!

Sil. She is beholden to thee, gentle youth:—
Alas, poor lady! defolate and left!—
I weep myfelf, to think upon thy words;
Here, youth, there is my purfe; I give thee this
For thy fweet miftres' fake, because thou lov'st her.
Farewell.

[Exit SILVIA.

Jul. And she shall thank you for't, if e'er you know her.—
A virtuous gentlewoman, mild and beautiful.
I hope my master's suit will be but cold,
Since she respects my mistress' love so much.
Alas, how love can trisse with itself!
Here is her picture: Let me see; I think,
If I had such a tire, this face of mine
Were full as lovely as is this of her's:
And yet the painter flatter'd her a little,
Unless I flatter with myself too much.
Her hair is auburn, mine is perfect yellow:

If that be all the difference in his love I'll get me fuch a colour'd periwig. Her eyes are grey as glass; and so are mine: Ay, but her forehead's low; and mine's as high. What should it be that he respects in her, But I can make respective in myself, If this fond love were not a blinded god? Come, shadow, come, and take this shadow up, For 'tis thy rival. O, thou fenfeless form! Thou shalt be worshipp'd, kiss'd, lov'd, and ador'd; And, were there fense in his idolatry, My substance should be statue in thy stead. I'll use thee kindly for thy mistress' sake, That us'd me so; or else, by Jove I vow, I should have scratch'd out your unseeing eyes, To make my master out of love with thee.

[Exit.

#### ACT V.

SCENE I. Near the Friar's Cell, in Milan.

Enter EGLAMOUR.

THE fun begins to gild the western sky;
And now it is about the very hour
That Silvia at friar Patrick's cell should meet me.
She will not fail; for lovers break not hours,
Unless it be to come before their time;
So much they spur their expedition.
See where she comes: Lady, a happy evening.

### Enter SILVIA.

Sil. Amen, amen! go on, good Eglamour, Out at the postern by the abbey-wall; I fear I am attended by some spies.

Egl. Fear not: the forest is not three leagues off; If we recover that, we are sure enough. [Exeunt.

# SCENE II. An Apartment in the Duke's Falace,

Enter Thurio, Protheus, and Julia.

Thu. Sir Protheus, what fays Silvia to my fuit?

Pro. Oh, fir, I find her milder than she was; And yet she takes exceptions at your person.

Thu. What, that my leg is too long?

Pro. No; that it is too little.

Thu. I'll wear a boot to make it somewhat rounder.

Pro. But love will not be spurr'd to what it loaths.

Thu. What fays the to my face? Pro. She fays it is a fair one.

Thu. Nay, then the wanton lies; my face is black.

Pro. But pearls are fair; and the old faying is,

"Black men are pearls in beauteous ladies' eyes."
"Ful. 'Tis true, fuch pearls as put out ladies' eyes;

For I had rather wink than look on them. [Afide.

Thu. How likes she my discourse? Pro. Ill, when you talk of war.

Thu. But well when I discourse of love and peace?

Jul. But better, indeed, when you hold your peace.

Thu. What fays fhe to my valour?

Pro. Oh, fir, the makes no doubt of that.

Jul. She needs not, when she knows it cowardice.

[Aside,

Thu. What fays she to my birth? Pro. That you are well deriv'd.

Jul. True; from a gentleman to a fool. [Afide,

Thu. Confiders the my possessions?

Pro. O, ay; and pities them.

Thu. Wherefore?

Jul. That fuch an ass should owe them.

Pro. That they are out by leafe.

Jul. Here comes the duke.

#### Enter Duke.

Duke. How now, Sir Protheus? How now, Thurio? Which of you faw Sir Eglamour of late?

Thu. Not I. Pro. Nor I.

Duke.

[ Afide.

Duke. Saw you my daughter? Pro. Neither.

Duke. Why then she's fled unto that peasant Valentine;

And Eglamour is in her company.

'Tis true; for friar Laurence met them both As he in penance wander'd through the forest; Him he knew well, and guess'd that it was she; But, being mask'd, he was not sure of it: Besides, she did intend confession At Patrick's cell this even; and there she was not: These likelihoods confirm her flight from hence. Therefore, I pray you, stand not to discourse, But mount you prefently; and meet with me Upon the rifing of the mountain-foot That leads toward Mantua, whither they are fled: Dispatch, sweet gentlemen, and follow me. [Exit Dukes

Thu. Why this it is to be a peevish girl, That flies her fortune when it follows her:

I'll after: more to be reveng'd on Eglamour Than for the love of reckless Silvia.

Pro. And I will follow, more for Silvia's love Than hate of Eglamour that goes with her.

Jul. And I will follow more to cross that love Than hate for Silvia that is gone for love.

# SCENE III. The Forest.

### Enter SILVIA and Outlaws.

1 Out. Come, come;

Be patient, we must bring you to our captain.

Sil. A thousand more mischances than this one Have learned me how to brook this patiently.

2 Out. Come, bring her away.
1 Out. Where is the gentleman that was with her?

3 Out Being nimble-footed, he hath outrun us: But Moyses and Valerius follow him.

Go thou with her to the west end of the wood,

There is our captain; we'll follow him that's fled; The thicket is befet, he cannot escape.

I Out. Come, I must bring you to our captain's cave; Fear not; he bears an honourable mind, And will not use a woman lawlessly.

Sil. O Valentine, this I endure for thee!

[Excunt.

# SCENE IV. The Outlaws' Cave in the Forest.

#### Enter VALENTINE.

Val. How use doth breed a habit in a man! This shadowy defart, unfrequented woods, I better brook than flourishing peopled towns: Here can I fit alone, unseen of any, And to the nightingale's complaining notes Tune my distresses, and record my woes. O thou! that dost inhabit in my breast, Leave not the mansion so long tenantless: Left, growing ruinous, the building fall, And leave no memory of what it was! Repair me with thy presence, Silvia; Thou gentle nymph, cherish thy forlorn swain!-What hallowing and what stir is this to-day? These are my mates, that make their wills their law. Have some unhappy passenger in chace: They love me well; yet I have much to do To keep them from uncivil outrages. Withdraw thee, Valentine; Who's this come's here? [VAL. Steps aside.

# Enter PROTHEUS, SILVIA, and JULIA.

Pro. Madam, this service have I done for you (Though you respect not aught your servant doth), To hazard life, and rescue you from him That would have forc'd your honour and your love. Vouchsafe me for my meed but one fair look;

A smaller

A smaller boon than this I cannot beg, And less than this I am sure you cannot give.

Val. How like a dream is this I fee and hear!

Love, lend me patience to forbear a while.

[Mide.

Sil. O miserable, unhappy that I am!

Pro. Unhappy were you, madam, ere I came; But, by my coming, I have made you happy.

Sil. By thy approach thou mak'ft me most unhappy. Jul. And me, when he approacheth to your presence.

Sil. Had I been seized by an hungry lion I would have been a breakfast to the beast, Rather than have salse Protheus rescue me. Oh! heaven be judge how I love Valentine, Whose life's as tender to me as my soul; And sull as much (for more there cannot be) I do detest salse, perjur'd Protheus; Therefore be gone, solicit me no more.

Pro. What dangerous action, stood it next to death, Would I not undergo for one calm look?

Oh! 'tis the curse in love, and still approv'd,

When women cannot love where they're belov'd.

Sil. When Protheus cannot love where he's belov'de Read over Julia's heart, thy first best love, For whose dear sake thou didst then rend thy faith Into a thousand oaths; and all those oaths Descended into perjury to love me. Thou hast no faith lest now, unless thou hast two, And that's far worse than none; better have none. Than plural faith, which is too much by one;

Thou counterfeit to thy true friend!

Pro. In love Who respects friend?

Sil. All men but Protheus.

Pro. Nay, if the gentle spirit of moving words. Can no way change you to a milder form I'll woo you, like a soldier, at arms end; And love you 'gainst the nature of love, force you. Sil. Oh, heaven!

Pro. I'll force thee yield to my defire.

Val. Ruffian, let go that rude uncivil touch; Thou friend of an ill fashion!

Pro. Valentine!

Val. Thou common friend, that's without faith or love (For fuch is a friend now); treacherous man!
Thou hast beguiled my hopes; nought but mine eye Could have persuaded me: now I dare not say I have one friend alive; thou would'st disprove me. Who should be trusted when one's own right hand Is perjur'd to the bosom? Protheus, I am forry I must never trust thee more; But count the world a stranger for thy sake.
The private wound is deepest: Oh time, most curst.'
'Mongst all foes that a friend should be the worst!

Pro. My shame and guilt confounds me.— Forgive me, Valentine: if hearty forrow Be a sufficient ransom for offence, I tender it here; I do as truly suffer

As e'er I did commit.

Val. Then I am paid;

And once again I do receive thee honest:—
Who by repentance is not satisfy'd,
Is nor of heaven, nor earth; for these are pleas'd;
By penitence the Eternal's wrath's appear'd:—
And, that my love may appear plain and free,
All that was mine in Silvia I give thee.

Jul. Oh me, unhappy!

[ Faints.

Pro. Look to the boy.

Val. Why, boy! why, wag! how now? what is the

Look up; fpeak.

Jul. O good fir, my master charg'd me To deliver a ring to madam Silvia; Which, out of my neglect, was never done.

Pro. . Where is that ring, boy?

Jul. Here 'tis; this is it.
Pro. How! let me fee!

[Gives a Ring.

Why this is the ring I gave to Julia.

Jul.

Jul. Oh! cry your mercy, fir, I have mistook; This is the ring you fent to Silvia. [Shews another Ring. Pro. But how cam'ft thou by this ring? at my depart

I gave this unto Julia.

Jul. And Julia herself did give it me; And Julia herself hath brought it hither.

Pro. How! Julia?

Jul. Behold her that gave aim to all thy oaths, And entertain'd them deeply in her heart: How oft haft thou with perjury cleft the root? Oh, Protheus! let this habit make thee blush. Be thou asham'd that I have took upon me Such an immodest raiment; if shame live In a disguise of love:

It is the leffer blot, modesty finds,

Women to change their shapes, than men their minds.

Pro. Than men their minds! 'tis true, oh heaven!

were man

But constant he were perfect; that one error Fills him with faults; makes him run through all fins: Inconstancy falls off ere it begins: What is in Silvia's face but I may spy More fresh in Julia's with a constant eye?

Val. Come, come, a hand from either: Let me be blest to make this happy close;

\*Twete pity two such friends should long be foes. Pro. Bear witness, heaven,

I have my wish for everage. And I mine.

### Enter Outlaws, with Duke and THURIO:

Out. À prize, a prize, a prize!

Val. Forbear, forbear, I fay; it is my lord the duke. Your grace is welcome to a man difgrac'd, Banished Valentine.

Duke. Sir Valentine!

Thu. Yonder is Silvia; and Silvia's mine.

Val. Thurio, give back, or elfe embrace thy death; Come not within the measure of my wrath:

F

Do not name Silvia thine; if once again, Milan shall not behold thee. Here she stands, Take but possession of her with a touch;—
I dare thee but to breathe upon my love.

Thu. Sir Valentine, I care not for her, I; I hold him but a fool that will endanger His body for a girl that loves him not: I claim her not, and therefore she is thine.

Duke. The more degenerate and base art thou To make such means for her as thou hast done, And leave her on such slight conditions.—
Now, by the honour of my ancestry, I do applaud thy spirit, Valentine, And think thee worthy of an empress' love. Know then, I here forget all former griefs, Cancel all grudge, repeal thee home again. Plead a new state in thy unrivall'd merit, To which I thus subscribe—Sir Valentine, Thou art a gentleman, and well deriv'd; Take thou thy Silvia, for thou hast deserv'd her.

Val. I thank your grace; the gift hath made me happy.

I now beseech you, for your daughter's sake, To grant one boon that I shall ask of you.

Duke. I grant it for thine own, whate'er it be. Val. These banish'd men, that I have kept withal,

Are men endu'd with worthy qualities;
Forgive them what they have committed here,
And let them be recall'd from their exile:
They are reformed, civil, full of good,

And fit for great employment, worthy lord.

Duke. Thou hast prevail'd; I pardon them and thee;

Dispose of them as thou know'st their deserts.

Come, let us go; we will include all jars
With triumphs, mirth, and rare folemnity.

Val. And, as we walk along, I dare be bold With our discourse to make your grace to smile. What think you of this page, my lord?

Duke. I think the boy hath grace in him; he blushes.

Val. I warrant you, my lord, more grace than boy. Duke. What mean you by that faying?
Val. Please you, I'll tell you as we pass along,
That you will wonder what hath fortuned.—
Come, Protheus, 'tis your penance but to hear
The story of your loves discovered;
That done, our day of marriage shall be yours;
One feast, one house, one mutual happiness.

[Exeunt omness.

THE END.

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